

INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

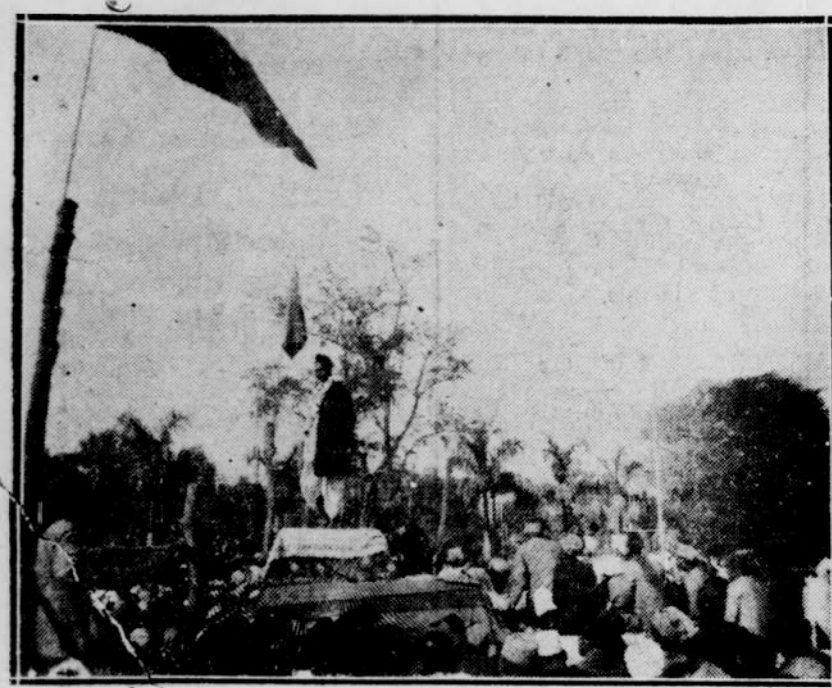
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VOL. XXIII NO. 22

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1935

TWENTY PAGES

INDEPENDENCE DAY PROGRAMME



Delhi honours the Congress President: Rajen Babu replying to the public address presented by the citizens of Delhi.

KRIPALANI ANSWERS HOME MEMBER Quotes European History To Show What "Revolution" Signifies

(From Our Special Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Jan. 24.

In a rejoinder to the Home Member who quoted him in the Assembly debate Acharya Kripalani says it seems the word "revolution" is a red rag not only to authorities, but also to their Anglo-Indian friends. Only in uninformed half-educated minds is the word "revolution" identified with violent change. The real meaning of the term is any great change in the standards and values in the life of a portion of humanity.

The change in Europe from mediaevalism to modernism is called revolution. It does not mean that it was brought about with fire and sword.

WHAT GANDHIJI MEANT
Gandhiji when interviewed about the notorious circular is reported to have said that if the Government helped him he could work miracles. Gandhiji, writes Acharya Kripalani, speaks an antique tongue. He uses moral and spiritual expressions. In plain political language what he wanted to say was that if the All-India Village Industries Association had full and sympathetic support and co-operation of the Government he could work a revolution.

India to-day renders grudging and slavish co-operation born of blind, narrow selfishness and fear. This is not co-operation but slavery. If true and genuine co-operation can be brought about with the help of Government it would be a miracle. In modern language, a revolution.

The question is whether the Government is justified in interpreting every popular activity as political and interfering with it directly or indirectly on that account? The preachings of Sri Ramakrishna, Swami Vivekananda, and Swami Dayananda had, as every student of history knows, political repercussions, but would the Government of the day have been justified in lengthy circulars asking their officers to render no help to philanthropic efforts of great reformers and looking upon their spiritual activities with suspicion?

The way to kill Civil Disobedience, according to Acharya Kripalani, is to put life into the old and effete constitutional methods by the Government giving full effect to resolutions carried by the representatives of the people in the new Assembly. That is the way of reasoned argument and co-operation. It could not be killed by repression although that was the fond faith of every tottering Empire.

ARMS AND THE MAN

Simon Libel Case Settled
By Defendants' Unqualified Apology

(Special Cable.)
LONDON, Jan. 25.
Sir John Simon's slander action, wherein the defendant is Reverend J. Whitaker Band, Methodist Minister, East Dereham Norfolk, has been settled.

When the case came up in the King's Bench before Lord Hewart, Mr. Norman Birkett for Sir J. Simon referred to the report of the speech by the defendant who was a Superintendent of Dereham Circuit, at a local Free Church Council wherein he said that the cause of warfare was the legislatures and the Cabinet Ministers, because their money was invested in armament firms. He added that Sir John Simon had been running down the "Peace Ballot" promoted by the League of Nations' Union, because his money was invested in armament firms. When the Delegate challenged this statement the defendant said that he could prove it.

Mr. Birkett said that the defendant expressed an unqualified apology and withdrawal. Sir John Simon did not want damages or costs. His object was to vindicate the standards of the British public life.

The repetition of such a slander by anybody would be pursued with utmost rigour, probably in a criminal and not in civil court.

Sir J. Simon in evidence stated that there was not a word of truth in the statements.

Counsel for the defendant expressed the latter's apology and regret for having made such untrue charges.

Lord Hewart thought that Sir John Simon treated the defendant handsomely, and added that it was a shocking thing that English statesman should be assailed in such a way.

(Writ was issued on behalf of Sir John Simon, in respect of the statements that he is interested in some armament firms, and that his conduct of the foreign affairs is thereby affected.)

Nation's Resolve To Achieve

B. P. C. C. Programme

Procession Will Start From Congress House At 5-30 p.m.

The General Secretaries of the B.P.C.C. announce the following programme for to-day (Saturday).

Sale of 'National Flag' buttons by 'Sevikas' throughout the day. Proceeds to be divided equally between the Gujarat and Karnataka Peasants' Relief Funds.

To-day's Demonstration

5-30 p.m. (S.T.)—A procession will start from the Congress House which after passing through Girgaum Back Road, C. P. Tank, Bhuleshwar Bumbakhana, Kalbadevi Road, Princess Street, Girgaum Road, Sandhurst Bridge via Opera House will terminate at Chowpaty at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

At Chowpaty

6-30 p.m. (S.T.)—Flag Salutation on Chowpaty Sands.
6-40 p.m. (S.T.)—Reading of the 'Resolution' in various languages
6-45 p.m. (S.T.)—Passing of the 'Resolution', all standing.

Order Of The Procession

1. National Flag.
2. 'Sevikas' in 'Kesaria'.
3. Other ladies.
4. Volunteers in Uniform.
5. Public.

Call To Volunteers

Volunteer organisations in the city are requested to co-operate with the B.P.C.C. in the celebrations and particularly in the procession and the meeting. They should be present at the Congress House at 5-15 p.m. to facilitate the formation of procession.

Tricolour On House Tops

Citizens are further requested to hoist the National Flag on their houses and in front of their residences. Those who want to join the procession should please be present at the Congress House before 5-30 p.m. (S.T.)

The Business Associations are requested to close their business in time to enable their employees to take part in the procession and meeting.

FRONTIER GANDHI'S HEALTH

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 25.
It is understood that Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan will be removed from the Sabarmati Jail in view of the unsatisfactory nature of his health.—A. P.

STOP PRESS.

I. C. S. APPOINTMENTS

NEW DELHI, January 25.
Gentlemen who have been appointed to the Indian Civil Service are allotted to provinces as follows:—

MADRAS.
C. A. Ramakrishnan, C. O. Coorey, K. Setu Rao, J. F. Saunders and P. T. R. Nayyar.

BOMBAY.
M. G. Monani, D. Y. Fell, D. R. C. Halford, A. L. Dias, N. Nanjappa and S. H. Raza.

BENGAL.
K. Sen W. H. Saumarez Smith, S. Druchuer, S. Banerjee, E. R.

Purna Swaraj Independence Resolution

The 'Resolution' to be passed at the public meeting is as follows:—
"We remind ourselves on this, the solemn national day, that Complete Independence is our birth right and we shall not rest till we have achieved it.

"To that end we shall strive to the utmost of our ability to observe Truth and non-violence in thought, word and deed, and shall consider no sacrifice or suffering too great to be undergone.

"As a token of the expression of the two essential qualities of Truth and Non-violence, we shall seek to:

1. Adopt and promote heart unity among different communities and to establish complete equality of status among all, irrespective of caste or creed or race.
2. To adopt and promote complete abstinence from intoxicating drinks and drugs.
3. To promote hand-spinning and other village industries and to adopt for personal use khaddar and other products of such industries to the exclusion of such other products.
4. To abolish untouchability.
5. To serve the starving millions in every way we can.
6. And to engage in all other national and constructive effort."

According to the Working Committee, this national day is to be devoted, to some special constructive effort which would signify greater dedication to the cause of Purna Swaraj.

ZANZIBAR MEETING POSTPONED

In view of the statement of H. E. the Viceroy in the Legislative Assembly on Thursday, the 24th January, regarding the Indian situation in Zanzibar to the effect that the Government of India would continue to do their utmost to secure that the interests of the Indian community are fully safeguarded and his assurance that Mr. Menon's report would be published shortly, the Public Meeting under the auspices of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association called for Monday, the 28th January at which H. H. The Aga Khan was to preside has been postponed until further notice.

Kitchin, B. G. Rao and M. Ahmad.

UNITED PROVINCES.
S. M. Srivastava, G. V. Knight, A. S. Munro, T. B. Crossley, K. Sundaresan, L. C. Jain, W. H. Pridmore, M. S. Ramdhawa, and T. Ramabhadran.

PUNJAB.
E. Abbott, B. K. Nehru, M. S. A. Baig, J. F. G. Sykes, P. M. Hubbard, A. S. Lall and A. M. Malik.

BURMA.
D. L. McCallum, L. C. Glass, Maung Shwe Mra, Maung Kyan, Maung and Maung Chan Tha.

BIHAR AND ORISSA.
J. I. Blackburn, B. Sivaraman, P. H. Wickramasinghe, N. N. Wanchoo and P. N. Tandon.

CENTRAL PROVINCES.
R. Rajan.

ASSAM.
D. C. Das.—A. P.

Socialist Demonstration

Public Meeting To Re-affirm National Determination

A public meeting, under the auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party, will be held on Independence Day (Saturday) at the Chowpaty Sands, at 7 p.m. (immediately after the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee meeting).

Among the speakers will be Syts. Purushottam Tricunddas, Ail Bahadur Khan, M. R. Masani, C. K. Narayanswami, Abdul Majid Hakim and Asoka Mehta. Syt. Jayaprakash Narayan General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, will preside.

Independence Must Mean Power To Masses

The Executive Committee of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party has issued the following resolution:—

"On Independence Day the nation, under the leadership of the Congress, will re-assess its determination to achieve the goal of Complete Independence.

DUTY OF CONGRESS.

It is the duty of the Congress to prepare the country through the organisation of the masses for the intensification of the struggle for freedom. But it is regrettable that the resolution prepared by the Working Committee for the Day falls far short of the needs of the occasion and focuses attention on unessential details.

MEANING OF INDEPENDENCE.

The Bombay Congress Socialist Party desires to draw attention to attempts made to water down the meaning of the term "Complete Independence" and to declare that it must involve the refusal to compromise at any stage with British Imperialism.

POWER TO MASSES.

The Party further declares that political freedom must be accompanied by freedom from economic exploitation and must, therefore, involve the transfer of power to the producing masses.

DISARMAMENT INDEED!

SINGAPORE, Jan. 25.
The Government acquired more land for military purposes a few miles from the west coast of Singapore island.

This indicates the possibility of construction of defence works in the western part of the island, in addition to those on Mount Faber which dominates the western approaches of the harbour.—Reuter.

COLD WAVE HAVOC IN GUJARAT

Sardar Patel To Organise Relief Work

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 25.
Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, who was informed by the local Congress Committee of the extent of the damage done by the cold wave in Gujarat, has agreed to stay in Ahmedabad from 7th to 15th February with a view to organising relief work.—A. P.

SHARE BAZAR

The Bombay Share Market will remain open only for one hour to-day, i.e., between 12 noon and 1 p.m.



A large gathering of women participated in honouring Rajen Babu with a public address at Delhi.

Will Govt. Withdraw That Secret Circular?

SHORT NOTICE QUESTION IN ASSEMBLY

Deshmukh Gives Notice Of Bill Giving Inheritance Rights To Women

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25.

Mr. Satyamurti has given notice of a short notice question in the Assembly regarding the proposed Indo-Burma Trade Agreement. He asks:

"At what stage do the negotiations for an agreement stand and what are the proposed terms thereof?"

He further enquires whether the Assembly will be given an opportunity to discuss the terms of the agreement; if not, why not? He will also like to know whether the Government have ascertained in any other manner the opinion of the people of India and Burma.

THAT CIRCULAR AGAIN.

Another short notice question given notice of by Mr. Satyamurti draws attention to Mahatma Gandhi's categorical statement that he will never use the village industries association for organising civil disobedience and in view of this, Mr. Satyamurti wants to know whether the Government would withdraw their circular in respect of the attitude of Government officials towards the Industries Association or modify the same.

WHAT ABOUT SARAT BOSE?

The same member wants to know by another question whether in view of the fact that the adjournment motion over Mr. Sarat Bose's detention was carried, the Government proposed to release him; if not, why not?

WOMEN AND PROPERTY.

Dr. Deshmukh has given notice of a Bill to amend the Hindu Law, to give better rights to women in respect of the property of a Hindu, either separate or member of a joint family dying intestate in respect of separate property and joint property.—A. P.

All-Parties Mobilising For Big Battle In Assembly

NEW DELHI, January 25.

Excepting the debate on the Joint Select Committee's Report, most of the controversial discussion, known so far, to which the Assembly will devote itself, will be coming up on Tuesday, January 29.

Sir Joseph Bhoré will move then for consideration the Indo-British Trade Agreement, signed on January 9, last.

The opposition will be initiated by Mr. K. L. Gauba, who has given notice of an amendment asking the Government to termi-

AJRA FIRING INCIDENT

Kolhapur Durbar Appoints Commission Of Inquiry

KOLHAPUR, Jan. 25.
The Kolhapur Durbar has announced the appointment of a Commission to enquire into the recent disturbance at Ajra which resulted in the police opening fire on a Muslim crowd.

A communique issued by the Kolhapur Durbar states:—

"In continuation of the Press Communique issued by the Kolhapur Durbar on the 10th instant in connection with the disturbance that took place in Ajra, a small town in the Jahagir of Ichalkaranji in the Kolhapur State, the Kolhapur Durbar hereby announce, with the approval of the Government of India, that they have now decided to appoint a Commission of Inquiry to investigate the matter.

TERMS OF INQUIRY.

The Commission, the composition of which will be announced as soon as practicable, will be called upon to report to the Kolhapur Durbar upon the following three issues:—

(1) To enquire into the circumstances leading to the disturbance that took place on the 8th January, 1935, at Ajra, a small town in the Jahagir of Ichalkaranji;

(2) To enquire whether those assembled at Ajra on the 8th January, 1935 and who are alleged to have resisted the process of law, constituted an unlawful assembly under section 141 of the Indian Penal Code, and

(3) To enquire whether the measures to preserve law and order adopted by the officers of the Ichalkaranji Jahagir at Ajra on the 8th January, 1935 were necessary and proper.—A. P.

nate the Agreement forthwith and in no case, later than December 31, as the said Agreement is unfair to India.

It is anticipated that Mr. Gauba will be solidly supported by the Congress bloc, and possibly by Mr. Jinnah, and his group. This will mean that the Assembly will refuse even to consider the Agreement, which has been concluded without the Legislature's previous consent.—United Press.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.—The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a whole time lady tutor for coaching two children for Junior Cambridge on Rs. 25-5-00 Board and lodging free. Apply with testimonials stating age and experience. Mewa Singh, Auditor, Haras. (3572).

Wanted immediately cultured and experienced general manager for newly started local firm concern Good prospects. Apply Box No. 3580, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately Third Class Mechanical Engineer for Rice Mill. Apply Asiatic Service Bureau, Fourth floor, Ismail Bldg., 381, Hornby Road. (3577).

Wanted—Drawing Teacher and experienced typist on decent salary. Apply personally Parker and Co. (Staff Suppliers), 22 Apollo St., Fort. (3576).

Wanted—Lino Operators, only experienced men need apply to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle" with copies of testimonials.

Wanted A Young Lady To Attend to Ladies health and requirements. Apply personally Prof. S. M. Hassan, Baria Mansion, 1st Floor, Crawford Market, Bombay. (3565)

Wanted one Gujarati knowing experienced Architectural Draftsman who can also work as an Overseer. Knowledge of Surveying and Levelling essential. Apply sharp with copies of testimonials, stating age, previous experience and minimum salary expected to the Dewan, Wankar State. (9556).

Wanted—Branch Secretaries, Lady Supdts. and Supdts. upto Rs. 250 monthly. Apply Lakshmi Bonds Corporation Ltd., Lahore. (3548).

Wanted: (i) One B.A., B.T. strong in English and general knowledge having teaching experience able to take up Matriculation classes. (ii) One B.A., having teaching experience able to teach English Mathematics and Sanskrit to higher classes. Please apply stating age, caste, qualifications, previous experience, games activities, etc., to: Radheyal Aggarwal, M.A., LL.B., Advocate, Bunder Road, Karachi. (9501).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED

Experienced Gujarati audit clerk seeks employment in auditor's firm. Prepared to bring moftusil audits. Low salary accepted. Please write to Box No. 3566, "Bombay Chronicle."

Madrassee Carder, Spinner, seeks service, qualified twenty years under English Spinners. Chetty, Chotalal Chawl, Delhi Gate, Ahmedabad. (3574).

12. TO BE LET

To Let—A Spacious Bungalow No. 182-186, Khetwadi Lane, No. 11, suitable for Theatrical Parties. Also Rooms at Shri Hari Nivas, Gowalla Tank and at Shri Hari-sadan, near Prarthana Samai, Charni Road, apply to Purshotam Govindji, 62-66, Vithalwadi Telephone No. 23518. (3569).

12. TO BE LET.

To Let at Khar Road, a fine bungalow with electric light, out-house, garden, garage and Septic tank. Rent moderate. Apply F. J. Givwala, Solicitor, 107, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (3557).

Airy, lighted double rooms with all modern conveniences, rent 20/- for respectable families only in Cassuta Mitha's new building, near Lower Parel, B. B. Rly. Station, Ferguson Road Apply on premises or Phone 20656 after 2 p.m. (3562).

To Let—Hornby Rd., House No. 189-91, 3rd floor. See personally to the owner, 35-37, Bazaar Gate Street, Ratan House. (3579)

32. MOTORCARS WANTED.

Wanted Baby Austin tourer X or W-Model preferred on easy payment terms. Apply sharp with full particulars to Post Box 645, Bombay. (3578).

44. MEDICAL.

Fairy Sure Cure:—Diabetes, Sprue (Sungrahnee), Hysteria, Asthma, Scrofula—Rs. 16 each. Failing money back (less expenses). Advance Re. 1.—Fairy Tarom, Kotah, Raiputana. (3571).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Assured way to earn decent living in 6 months, is a training in scientific Tailoring with London Diploma. Seat for 3 students only. Sumpige Shamarao, 143, Princess Street, Bombay. (3568).

Technological Institute Civil Engineering, Rajkot, imparts practical and theoretical sound training, with moderate fees. Periodic course. Session commences March. Prospectus free Apply. (3573).

Better appear Cambridge July Examination. In case of failure can appear for December with the same course. Distinguished experienced professors on the staff. Shakespeare classes started. Therefore apply at once. Senior Cambridge Institute, near Congress House. (9173).

Desai's Coaching Classes for all University Examinations, including Senior Cambridge. Highly efficient staff. Apply S. P. Desai, M.Sc. (London), Kavarana Building, Dhobi Talao. (3560).

53. DENTISTS.

Dr. M.B.S. writes:—"It is over six years now I was cured of Pyorrhea by Dr. Jehangir Nariman's (Dentist) special treatment. Strongly recommend all." Save your precious teeth. Pyorrhea clinic, Charni Road, Tram junction, Grant Road. (7703).

61. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Wanted Second-hand Harmonium in good working order. Apply stating lowest price. Box No. 3567, "Bombay Chronicle."

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

House Desirable. Handbook To acquire Homes that Charm Rs. 7-8 Youngman's Guide, containing thousands of Recipes Rs. 15/- King Company, Near Central Bank, Bombay. 3564

68. PARTNERSHIPS

Capitalist wishes to be the partner of the Sole Agents of well-known articles manufactured by some old-established company. Apply Box 3555, "Bombay Chronicle."

Gentleman desires partnership with Managing Director of Bank Mill or reputed limited concern. Please write to Box 3556, "Bombay Chronicle."

73. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Divisional Chief Agents in Bombay Presidency. Attractive terms for capable workers. The Company declared Bonus last year. Apply with particulars to: The Bengal Insurance & Real Property Co., Ltd., 2, Church Lane, Calcutta. (9559).

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar Broach Baroda
Borivil Bhusaval Dahod
Deolali Dhond Daman
Dhanu Road Gohy Karjat
Kasara Lonavla Mahmad
Matheran Nera Navsari
Nasik Sholapur Virar
Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

Wanted—Agents for the Sale of "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday edition for Poona Camp and City. Apply for terms to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle" Co., Ltd., P.O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle," Daily and Sunday Editions particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Oegole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Hardsa, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dendra Dun, Honawar, Dehli, Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow, Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle," Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Tea—Expert in tea business with 47 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation, specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea. Apply Janshetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikka-wadi, Bombay.

100. MACHINERY WANTED.

Wanted spare parts of the following Tanning Machines:—(1) Baker Seasoning and Graining Machines, (2) Slocum Staker, (3) Turners' Fleshing, Splitting, Shaving, setting out and putting on Machines. Detailed list can be had from Box No. 3558, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion Rs. 3-8-0
3rd Insertion Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

TENDERS FOR SAND AND CLAY CONTRACT.

1. Tenders are invited by the Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd. Jamshedpur, for the haulage, delivery and loading into broad gauge wagons of all Sand, Clay and Bricks required in the Works for a period of two years commencing 1st March, 1935.

2. Conditions and details of the work required are contained in a draft form of contract, copy of which together with copy of tender form can be obtained from the undersigned on application on payment of a sum of Rupee one to the Controller of Accounts, Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd. Jamshedpur.

3. Sealed Tenders must be submitted on or before the 10th February, 1935, addressed to the undersigned and marked on the envelope "Tender for Sand and Clay contract." They will be opened on the 11th February, 1935 at 10 a.m. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 200 as earnest money (which will be returned in case the tender is not accepted). The earnest money should be sent to the Controller of Accounts, Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., Jamshedpur, at the time of submission of the tender and an intimation that this has been done attached to the tender.

4. The Contractor whose tender is accepted will be required to place a substantial security deposit with the Company.

5. The successful tenderer must be in a position to commence work on the 1st March 1935.

6. The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest of any tender.

(Sd.) J. L. KEENAN,
General Manager,
The Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd.

9557

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

Tenders for the works of: (1) Transporting rubble from Municipal Quarries at Wadala, Bhoiwada, Sewri etc. and Sion Road Scheme No. 56, and (2) Supply of labour for running the Municipal Crushers at Sewri, will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on MONDAY, the 4th February, 1935.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc. will be issued on payment of Rupee one each, to any one desirous to receive them by the Dy. City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
Ag. City Engineer,
Municipal Offices, Bombay.

9560.

S.S. "SHINNOH MARU."

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 24th January, 1935, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

T. HIROSE,
Manager.

Osaka Shosen Kaisha,

Public Notices

THE TATA MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of the Scheme of Arrangement sanctioned by extraordinary resolution passed at the meeting of the Debenture-holders of the Tata Mills Ltd., held on the 28th day of December, 1934, the debentures ceased to carry fixed interest as from 1st January, 1935 and the Debenture-holders from that date will be entitled if and when the Company makes profits (as defined in the said Scheme) to cumulative interest at 3 per cent per annum payable thereout.

Debenture-holders are accordingly notified that the interest at 3 per cent per annum i.e. Rs. 4-12-10 per each debenture for the last quarter ended 31-12-1934 i.e. before the period of operation of the Scheme, will be paid to the holders of Debentures on their presenting to the Company Coupons Nos. 25 to 29 attached to the debenture certificates for cancellation.

The Debenture-holders are also requested in accordance with the said Scheme of Arrangement to produce to the Company the Debentures held by them for necessary endorsement and alteration.

For and on behalf of the
Tata Mills, Limited.
Tata Sons, Limited, Agents.
S. D. SAKLATVALA,
Director.

Dated this 24th day of January, 1935

9555.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ALIMAHOMED CURRIM-BHOY PIRMAHOMED, of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitants, has contracted to sell the under-mentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim against the said property by way of mortgage, sale, charge, use, trust, inheritance, gift, lien, lease, easement, possession, bequest, partnership or otherwise howsoever are hereby requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, at 1 Ash Lane, (95, Esplanade Road), Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the Sale will be completed without reference to such claims and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of land containing an area of one thousand and thirty-nine square yards or thereabouts situate on and being Plot No. 146 of the Agrapada West Estate of the Board in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay bounded on the North-east by Plot No. 92 of the said Estate agreed to be leased to A. A. Ron Reuban Solomon Moses and Solomon Ibrahim, on the South-east by Agrapada Chawli Street on the South-West by a Plot No. 147 of the said Estate leased to Salehahomed Pirmahomed and Gulamhussein Salehahomed and on the North-West by a land of the Board laid out as a service passage which piece of land forms portion of lands bearing New Survey No. part of 3529, Cadastral Survey No. 6/1865 By-culla Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 4091 (4 a Street No. 16 and 16-E Agrapada Chawli Street).

Dated this 25th day of January, 1935.

MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH
HIRALAL AND CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

9562

Auction Sales

J. S. MODY & CO.

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO PRINCES, MERCHANTS AND TO THOSE DESIROUS OF DECORATING THEIR PALACES AND BUNGALOWS.

AUCTION SALE of the entire modern styled Stock-in-Trade of the Royal Carpet and Tapestry Emporium will be held as previously announced TO-MORROW SUNDAY, the 27th January, 1935, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Show Rooms in Dina Building, at 53, Queen's Road, opposite Marine Lines Railway Station.

Goods are now on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Auction Sales

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

IMPORTANT TO PRIVATE BUYERS OF JEWELLERY AND TO JEWELLERS.

Sale of valuable jewellery on WEDNESDAY, the 30th January, 1935, at 3 p.m. at the Sale Rooms of the undersigned.

By order of Mr. Fazil Mooraj and on account and at the risk of Pedagor Mr. Hoosaini Vallimahomed.

Jewellery comprising Diamond and emerald bracelets, ear-rings, nose-rings, pendant with gold chain, white metal necklace set with diamonds in sparrows, diamond rings, etc.

By order of the party concerned:—
1 Second-hand Chandler Motor Car.

Ornaments will be on view two days before the sale.

25 per cent deposit will be required at the time of sale and the balance shall be paid and articles removed immediately after the close of the sale.

AUCTION SALE of the SURPLUS STOCK-IN-TRADE of the old and well-known firm of Cursetji Cowasji & Co. Watch and Clock Makers, 25-27, Military Square Lane, (Off Medows Street and Esplanade Road) on TUESDAY, the 15th February 1935, at 5 p.m. under instructions from the Owners:—Comprising English clocks on chain principles, 12" 14" and 20" diam. English Tell-Tale watches, Marine time pieces including one antique marble table clock, Carriage time-pieces metal watches, one movement of tower clock complete, glass domes, show cases, cupboards, one safe by Nagar and other materials, tools and articles pertaining to watch maker trade.

Goods will be on view two days before the sale.

Full cash will be required at the time of sale and articles removed immediately after the close of the sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Messrs. VORA & Co.,

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (SATURDAY) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Hornby Road, Fort, opp. Tara-porewala, Booksellers, of Dining, drawing and bed room furniture, Godrej Double Mirror Door Steel Cabinet, H. M. V. portable and Cabinet Gramophones, Singer Machine, English roll top typewriter table, Remington Typewriter, Corona portable typewriter, Tilting suit, etc.

AUCTION SALE of furniture of H. J. John, Esquire, and others, TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), 27th instant, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, near Italian Restaurant of complete bungalow furniture, Figurewood Almirah, Zunda Cabinet, Tilting Sets, Master Voice Gramophone, Singer Machine, Corona Portable Typewriter, Remington Typewriter, Roll Top Table, Glassware, etc.

Dated this 25th day of January, 1935.

MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH
HIRALAL AND CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

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Sensational Sequel To Khetwadi Fire

Cause Of Fire Is Stated To Be Naked Lamp Coming In Contact With Petrol That Was Being Pilfered

The alleged cause of the sensational fire that broke out in the 13th Khetwadi Lane at about 8 p.m. on Tuesday resulting in a damage of property valued at Rs. 27,070 as at present estimated, is revealed yesterday.

Five persons, Subba Somappa (30), Budappa Manji (25), Koragappa Venka (30), Baboo Baji (26) and Chundu Shiwa (30) are suspected in this connection.

It is stated that one Somappa Katoor, who had been engaged to drive motor car No. DX 9316 for the Municipal elections, brought the car that evening and garaged it in the Congress Ambulance garage in the 13th Khetwadi Lane.

With a view to steal petrol from the petrol tank of that car, with the assistance of the abovementioned suspects he is alleged to have unscrewed the bottom bolt of the petrol tank and placed a tin for the petrol to fill in. The petrol overflowed and spread on the floor.

The first suspect is stated to have helped him to unscrew the bolt, while the second suspect was standing near by to fetch empty

petrol tins. The third suspect was holding a naked kerosine lamp, which, it is said, came into contact with the petrol and it blazed out.

Suspects 1 and 2 were burnt on their faces, but all of them are alleged to have absconded. Suspect 4 was in charge of the garage with whose connivance, it is suspected, the car was garaged inside the ambulance garage.

The main suspect, Somappa Katoor, is still at large and the others who were arrested on Thursday at Khetwadi and Charni Road under Secs. 337, 380, and 114 I.P.C. were put up before the 4th Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, and were remanded to custody till 8th February.

"DANCED LIKE MADMAN"

Conductor's Story Of Victim Of Tram Fatality In Hornby Rd.

A verdict of death due to fracture of the skull and ribs accidentally sustained when crushed under a tram-car, was returned by the Coroner's jury on Friday on the body of an unknown Mahomedan youth who looked like a mendicant Thursday evening near the junction of Ravelin Street and Hornby Road.

"I saw him dancing about on the tram-track like a mad-man," said the conductor of the tram

in giving evidence, on Friday, before the Coroner.

The driver of the car said the man suddenly rushed on to the track and before the brakes could be applied, he was knocked down and fatally crushed.

Jacks were employed to raise the tram-car and extricate the body.

A verdict, as stated above, was recorded by the Coroner.

At a meeting of the Madras Trade Union Sjt. Mrinal Kanti Bose has been elected President of the first session of the Madras Provincial Trade Union Conference to be held at Trichinopoly in the first week of February.

CONVICTION QUASHED

High Court Holds Case Not Satisfactorily Proved

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia at the High Court quashed the sentence of two months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 1000 fine passed by Mr. P. L. Thakker, Presidency Magistrate, on Monjee Ghela on the charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 6,000.

The complainant Khimji Pachan a grain dealer, it was alleged, entrusted the accused with Rs. 6,000 towards the payment of certain "hundis" which had become due for payment.

The accused, it was alleged, misappropriated the money and absconded to the Cutch State.

Arrested In Cutch
Subsequently extradition proceedings were taken against him, and on hearing of it, he surrendered to the police of that state. His trial in Bombay ended in his conviction. Against this he appealed to the High Court.

The accused's defence was that he was not a servant of the complainant, but a partner. Their lordships observed that from the materials in the case the probabilities were that the accused was a partner of the complainant.

Not Satisfactorily Proved
As regards the alleged misappropriation, the offence was not satisfactorily proved and the case against the accused was a doubtful one.

Their lordships, therefore, set aside the sentence and allowed the appeal.

Mr. Sanmukham A. Mehta appeared for the appellant. Diwan Bahadur Shingne, Government Pleader, represented the Crown.

Abdur Rahiman Gani, was arrested by the Mahim Police on Thursday night at the Mahim Fair.

It is alleged that the accused is a "damaged character," and that he was moving about, pushing people with one arm and feeling their pockets with the other.

The Dadar Magistrate remanded him to Police custody till February 1.

THANA BOARD PRESIDENT

Khansaheb Divkar Elected By Majority Of 3 Votes

(From Our Correspondent).
THANA, Jan. 24.

Khansaheb Akbar A. Divkar was elected president of the new Thana District Local Board at its meeting held this afternoon under the chairmanship of Mr. T. R. Pradhan in the Vithalbhai Patel Hall of the School Board, Thana.

Two names were proposed for the presidential election: (1) Mr. Chhotalal R. Shroff and (2) Khansaheb Akbar A. Divkar. Votes were taken by ballot. The former got 16 votes and the latter 19. Except one elected member Mr. R. B. Kharkar, who died on Tuesday night the house was full.

Thanks Board
Khansaheb Divkar, in thanking the Board for electing him to a responsible post of president, said: "Though I am a Mussalman in a true sense, I assure you I have not learnt to differentiate between man and man. By electing me you have achieved a great thing for yourselves. You have shown to other districts that the members of our Board are above communal feelings and that we have faith in each other. If sister bodies realise and learn this I am confident we shall have done a real and substantial service to our country."

"HOMICIDAL STAB-WOUNDS"

Coroner's Jury Return Verdict Of Murder Against Alleged Assailants

Returning a verdict of death due to homicidal stab-wounds, on the body of Memshi Ahmed Raza, alleged to have been stabbed on Victoria Garden Road on January 14, the jury added a rider that Laddoo, the first suspect in the case, and Rajabali Jeeva, the second suspect, should be prosecuted for murder.

It was stated in evidence that Raza was walking along the road beside a kerosene oil cart driven by Saved Taberalli, when the suspects came from behind and stabbed him.

A fellow-hawker and a relative

WORLI SEAFACE CAR SMASH

Car Overturns Trapping Driver, Who Is Charged, And Two Passengers

Govind Raghav was arrested by the De Lisle Road Police on a charge of rash driving.

It is stated the accused was driving his car No. W 8924, on Tuesday night along the Worli Seaface at a high speed. When he reached the south end of the Seaface, he took a sharp turn to the left, and as a result, the car overturned, entrapping three persons, including the accused.

All of them received injuries and were removed to the K. E. M. Hospital.

The Police allege that Govind was not only driving rashly but on the wrong side of the road. Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, enlarged him on a bail of Rs. 50 till February 5.

YOUTH'S SUICIDE BY OPIUM

Death due to a suicidal dose of opium was recorded by the City Coroner on Friday on the body of Jadhav Deoji (22) residing at 2, Cross Lane, Sankli Street.

It was stated in the evidence that Deoji had gone to the residence of his friend on January 12. When food was offered him, he refused it.

On January 14, he had to be removed to the hospital.

Medical examination showed that death was due to an abnormal dose of opium being administered to him.

of the deceased, stated that Laddoo was a rival hawker in kerosene.

"I am seized by 'mowalls' cried Raza on the fatal day and when witness heard this, he went up to the suspects and tried to prevent them from stabbing further. When Laddoo struck him on the left hand

Both the men then ran away. The jury returned a verdict, as stated above.

LABOUR OFFICER'S REPORT

Remarkable Improvement In Mill Area

BOMBAY, Jan. 24

The Government of Bombay have received the first Report of the Four months' work (from September to December 34) done by Mr. W. Gilligan, I.C.S., Labour Officer.

It will be recalled the Government of Bombay created this office after the recent Textile General Strike with a view to allay labour discontent and bring about conciliation between labour and mill owners thereby minimising the chances of periodical strikes in Mills. According to the Report of the Labour Officer the progress of the first four months has been very satisfactory.

The work done included negotiations arising out of seven strikes during that period in various Mills. There were no strikes in November and they were avoided by establishment of Labour offices at De Lisle Road, Naigaum and Jacob Circle by seeking redress of workers' complaints and grievances. The cases dealt with were wrongful discharges, reinstatement, reengagements, wages, wrongful pay cuts, welfare work, bribery cases, etc. These cases concerned 48 different Mills.

In connection with four strikes the Labour Officer observes:—"Since four of the actual strikes that occurred were due to summary dismissals, the figure of wrongful discharges requires several comment. It is hardly due to the managements failing to follow 'standing orders', for operatives by which a Mill hand is entitled to 14 days' notice or 13 days' wages and partly to head jobbers and line jobbers over anxious to secure new labour for the benefit of their own pockets. Discharge passes are not usually supplied but when given they are in English generally to the effect that the man has left employment at his own request."

The Labour Officer observes that separate books printed in Marathi for discharge and leave passes would be an improvement especially if the former was kept by the Manager only.

Further the Labour Officer remarks that it is strange that time and again when the offen-

APOLLO BUNDER RESCUE

Muslim Sailor's Gallantry Saves Life Of Would-be Suicide

An unsuccessful attempt to put an end to the pangs of hunger and privations, by leaping into the sea at Apollo Bunder led to the arrest of an unemployed Hindu, who was rescued by a Muslim sailor on Thursday night.

Shanker Babu (30) was placed before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala, Presidency Magistrate, third court, on a charge of attempting to commit suicide.

It was stated that Shanker has been unemployed for a long time and was seen loitering at the Bunder at about 9-30 p.m.

Soon after there was a splash in the sea, and a Muslim sailor spotted a man in the water apparently in difficulties. He leapt into the sea and rescued the man.

The Police were informed and the man was taken into custody. The magistrate ordered the accused to be released on bail of Rs. 10.

ders in cases of bribery and corruption are put on their defence they get every assistance from the Management. Out of 15 recorded cases there were only very few dismissals. To stop bribery and corruption Labour Officer says:—"There seems to be no end to the system until a Labour Exchange comes into existence."

The Labour Officer concludes:—"Extra work of the kind of Welfare work, better drinking water, latrine facilities, debts compensation for injuries, medical arrangements, could be undertaken if the Labour Officer's suggestions in the petty and ordinary cases were more readily accepted as the tendency is rather to dispute each case of complaint for no apparent benefit to any one."

United Press.

IN THE STUDIOS ---- ON THE SCREEN



"Baby Take A Bow" shown this week at the Capitol.

"MASK OF FU MANCHU"

At The Edward

"The Mask of Fu Manchu", filmization of Sax Rohmer's famous mystery story with Boris Karloff in the role of the sinister Asiatic wonder-worker, is returning to The Palace for the current week. Thrills of every sort, from the uncanny laboratory where artificial lightning and a mysterious "death ray" are created, to grim Oriental torture chambers are among the bizarre thrills of the plot which starts in the eerie Limehouse section of London and shifts to Egypt and the Orient.

The story deals with the attempt of Fu Manchu to use the legend of Ghengis Khan, claim to be his reincarnation, and achieve, through Asiatic uprisings, world dominion. In this wits are pitted against those of a Scotland Yard detective who eventually wins out.

Fu Manchu captures and tortures scientists who find the tomb of the Asiatic leader of centuries ago. There is a spectacular feast where he gathers his henchmen for the war on all mankind.

THE EAST INDIA FILM COMPANY

For the last six months East India Film Co. have been making strenuous efforts to place their affairs on a better footing. Their efforts have been crowned with success. The year 1935 finds East India Film a well organized producing concern with unmistakable signs of prospect before them. The lethargy of the first half of 1934 may be compared with the quiescence of dormant volcano. This was followed by a renewed phase of activity—and during the latter half of the year, the company released four super pictures, namely, Sultana, Mumtaz Begum, Sita Vanwas, Lava-Kush and a two reel comedy, Love Factory. Sultana achieved a degree of success probably beyond expectation of its producer. Any producer would feel proud of having produced a picture like Sultana that captured the heart of the class and the mass. Sita Vanwas is a Tamil talkie and Lava-Kush a Telugu talkie, Ramayan in Tamil and Savitri in Telugu, produced by this company broke all records for continuous run in Southern India. Sita Vanwas and Lava-Kush recently released, have created a sensation amongst cinema fans of S. India. No wonder, the company will break its own records with these two pictures. Besides the four super talkies mentioned above another super-picture Night Bird was produced during this period. It is reported that the exhibition right for Northern India of this picture was, with the dawn of 1935, sold to Lala Jagat Narain, Proprietor of Jagat Talkies of Delhi. The picture Salima was started during the latter half of 1934 when enthusiasm for producing quality picture reached its zenith. The company is said to have strained its every nerve to make it a milestone of progress in the cinematic art. The picture is in the editing room and is receiving its finishing touches. Let us hope that the mountain will produce a mammoth and not a mouse after its prolonged labour. Step Mother, under the direction of Kerawala is approaching conclusion. Shooting of a two reel comedy under the direction of J. N. Dass is nearly finished. Winter is the best season for picture-making in Bengal. To catch time by its forelock, another two pictures have been taken up by D. G. They are Blood and Beauty, an Urdu talkie and Bidrohi in two versions—Urdu and Bengali.

BABY TAKE A BOW

At The Capitol Theatre

Five year old Miss Temple is delightful in "Baby, take a Bow" Shirley Temple certainly is entitled to take a bow for her performance in "Baby, Take a Bow", which opens to-day at the Capitol Theatre. The work of this five-year-old girl is really astonishing. She possesses the grace and intelligence of a grown up person and personality that will carry her far. In "Stand Up and Cheer!" she was delightful in a little sketch with James Dunn. In "Baby, Take a Bow" she has an important part running the full length of the picture and she turns in a truly remarkable performance. She hasn't a trace of self-consciousness. Every gesture, every line is delivered with unstudied grace. She will steal your heart as soon as she comes on the screen. And giving all this space to little Shirley is not to belittle the performances turned in by the grownup actors in the cast. James Dunn and Claire Trevor are excellent as little Shirley's parents. Alan Dinehart has his amusing moments as the blundering detective who is dogging Dunn's heels. The picture is a comedy-drama centering around Shirley Temple and her young parents. Its theme is James Dunn's struggle for happiness in spite of the handicap of a prison record. Claire Trevor is the young wife who believes in him. Little Shirley is their adorable baby daughter who lends merriment to the action and turns a trick in the nick of time that makes her the heroine of the drama. Director Harry Lachman has introduced a number of refreshingly new ideas into his directorial treatment of this picture. The screen play is by Philip Klein and E. E. Paramore, Jr. John Stone produced it on the Fox Lot. By all means see Shirley Temple in "Baby, Take a Bow." It's a treat you owe yourself.

"BABY TAKE A BOW" (CAPITOL)— "MERRY WIDOW" (REGAL)—"CRIME WITHOUT PASSION" (PATHE)—"ONE NIGHT OF LOVE" (WELLINGTON)



"Crime Without Passion" now shown at the Pathe.

"CAROLINA"

At The Carlton

Featuring a cast that has not been equalled since its release of "State Fair," Fox Film's latest production, "Carolina," opens at the Carlton Theatre to-day.

Janet Gaynor, in her seventeenth stellar portrayal since her rise in "7th Heaven"; Lionel Barrymore, in a role that is said to surpass any of his former characterizations; Robert Young and Richard Cromwell, two of the screen's foremost leading men. Henrietta Crosman, who will be remembered for her performance in "Pilgrimage"; Mena Marrie, Australian star, and Stepin Fetchit, in a come back to his former star's estate—all these head the cast. Others seen in the production are Russell Simpson, Renée Cosbey, Jackey Cosbey, Almeda Fowler and Alden Chase.

The story concerns a southern family who live in the glory of the past, but in the poverty of the present. Into this household comes a charming and unobtrusive visitor from the North who sets an example in sincerity and diligence that the southerners cannot ignore. In her simple way she fires them with a new desire to live, and get out of life the good things that it still has to offer.

"CRIME WITHOUT PASSION"

At Pathe

"Crime Without Passion" produced by that famous team Ben Hecht and Charles MacArthur, who gave to the films such pictures as "Rasputin," "Scarface," and "Viva Villa" is a vivid, enthralling, fascinating, film drama which opens at the Pathe to-day. With Claude Rains remembered for his work in "The Invisible Man" in the leading role, appearing in nearly every scene, and Margo the Spanish Dancer and Whitney Bourne featured "Crime Without Passion" tells the story of the perfect crime—that almost succeeded.

Opening on a vivid court-room scene, the film quickly establishes Rains, who plays the role of Lee Gentry, as a swaggering, ruthless, unscrupulous lawyer, a man who believes that "the only crime punishable by law is stupidity."

Yet for all his shrewdness we soon see him as a courtier who mixes his ladies. And when he wants to leave the little Spanish dancer for the stately blonde he finds that she will not give him up.

He feigns jealousy, pretends to discover a hidden lover and in an argument with the dancer strikes her a murderous blow. Then his shrewdness asserts itself and he prepares to create what he believes is a fool-proof alibi.

An accidental meeting leads him to believe that he will be detected and it is only when he has committed another murder to cover the first crime that he makes the astounding discovery that shows him that his own shrewdness has been his own pitfall. We won't divulge the secret here for fear of spoiling your pleasure when you see the picture.

There is the story in its essential detail. Yet no written account can make you understand the miracle of photography, direction and detail that has been wrought in this unusual picture and nothing except seeing the picture can make you understand the power of the Avenging Furies who swoop through the New York streets at the Conscience-stricken Gentry in one of the marvellous special effects designed by Slavko Vorkapich.

The settings by Albert Johnson are marvels of economy and emotional force and the photography by Lee Garmes who did "Shanghai Express" and "Zoo in Budapest" surpasses even his own previous efforts.

Taken all in all "Crime Without Passion" is about as brilliantly conceived and executed an example of motion picture drama as we ever hope to see. You must see it yourself to realise the artistic heights to which the motion picture camera can rise on rare occasions.

SHRI SHAKTI MOVIE TONE

About three-fourths of their initial Talkie "This is Life" or "Sajiva Moorti" is finished and the picture will be ready for release by the first week of February.

"MERRY WIDOW"

At The Regal

Alas, it is only too seldom that the cinema going public the world over are presented with a production which soars high above the ordinary run of a picture. Such a production is the "Merry Widow" which is being held on at the Regal for a most deserved second week.

Although a few liberties have been taken with the original story, the wise concession to the gallery have been accomplished without harm to the spirit of the play. Ernst Lubitsch's saucy wit softens the darling of many of the situations, and the old, devastating satirical touch is ever present, but the picture is never allowed to become the slave of clever treatment. Subtlety is only employed as a means to an end, the end being musical comedy entertainment of irresistible universal appeal. The action is always alert and precise, the delightful musical score is a perfect aid to lyrical, rhythmic development, and sparkling wit is made the joyous complement to piquant romance. The picture appeals to all the senses, the eye, the ear, and the emotions, and it is the lightness of its touch and the brilliance of its blending that makes it so immensely captivating. It is a great show. The opening Ruritanian scenes are approached in the irresistible Lubitsch satirical vein, and the Parisian sequences are responsible for the re-creation of Maxims; where the Can Can is danced with wild abandon and the presentation of the magnificent ballroom sequence, while the ending effectively recaptures the soothing Ruritanian flavour. The rendering and recording of the song numbers is perfect, and lighting and photography are excellent.



"The Merry Widow" at the Regal, second week.

"KARWAN-E-HAYAT"

At The Minerva Talkies

The Western India Theatres Ltd., are showing this week at their Minerva Talkies "Karwan-E-Hayat" which is an unusual tale of gypsy-love and Gypsy-romance. It is a new Theatre—New India Picture. The New Theatres of Calcutta have now earned the reputation of being one of the few best Indian Film producing concerns. "Karwan-E-Hayat" is full of the adventures, the thrill, the daring and what not of gypsy life in a Gypsy Camp in the sweltering heart of the burning desert. "Karwan-E-Hayat" is a very very fine picture and is sure to add to the reputation of the New Theatres. The cast is a big one to suit the bigness of the pictures and the features your favourites Faigal, Pahadi Sanyal, Nawab, Miss Ratanai who scored such a unique success in "Yahudi Ladki"; Miss Malina and Miss Shyama Zutshi, B.A. The music of "Karwan-E-Hayat" is sure to keep the entire audiences spell-bound.

"WILD CARGO"

At The Palace

Buck and an equally intrepid party set out to capture, cage and deliver animals foreign to this civilisation in answer to a zoo's order. Exciting incidents of this quest are depicted in "Wild Cargo" which is returning to The Palace for the current week.

The cameras follow Buck and his clever trappings as he gets his fantastic animal prey alive from the depths of the treacherous Asiatic Jungles. One of the most unusual prizes is the white-spectacled langur. The picture also features a battle between a regal python and a vicious black panther an encounter considered far superior in excitement and thrills to any animal fight in Frank Buck's former picture "Bring 'Em Back Alive."

Buck encountered personal dangers which are thrilling episodes in the picture. The film is based on the book of the same name written by Buck in collaboration with Edward S. Anthony.

AMRIT MANTHAN 16TH WEEK:

At The Krishna Talkies.

Prabhat's "Amrit Manthan" is crowding Houses at the Krishna Talkies though the picture continuously ran for 15 weeks. This fact proves beyond doubt the intrinsic worth and supreme merit of "Amrit Manthan". Men, Women and Children—all enjoy this Picture equally. It can, in addition be safely said that no other Picture had so far drawn such Cosmopolitan spectators as the "Amrit Manthan" has been doing. A visit to the Krishna shows that Hindus, Parsis, Mahomedans, Jews, Christians and even Europeans make a literal rush to see "Amrit Manthan" which is now running for the 16th week. Those who have missed this Glorious Picture will do well to correct their mistake this week.

"SITAMGAR"

Fourth Week At West End Talkies

The Tyrant—a Jayant Desai production running for the fourth week at West End Talkies is a great success.

The story is ingeniously written and worked out. Miss Madhuri and Mr. E. Billimoria play the chief roles. Ram Apte, the little star of Ranjit plays a touching part in the picture.

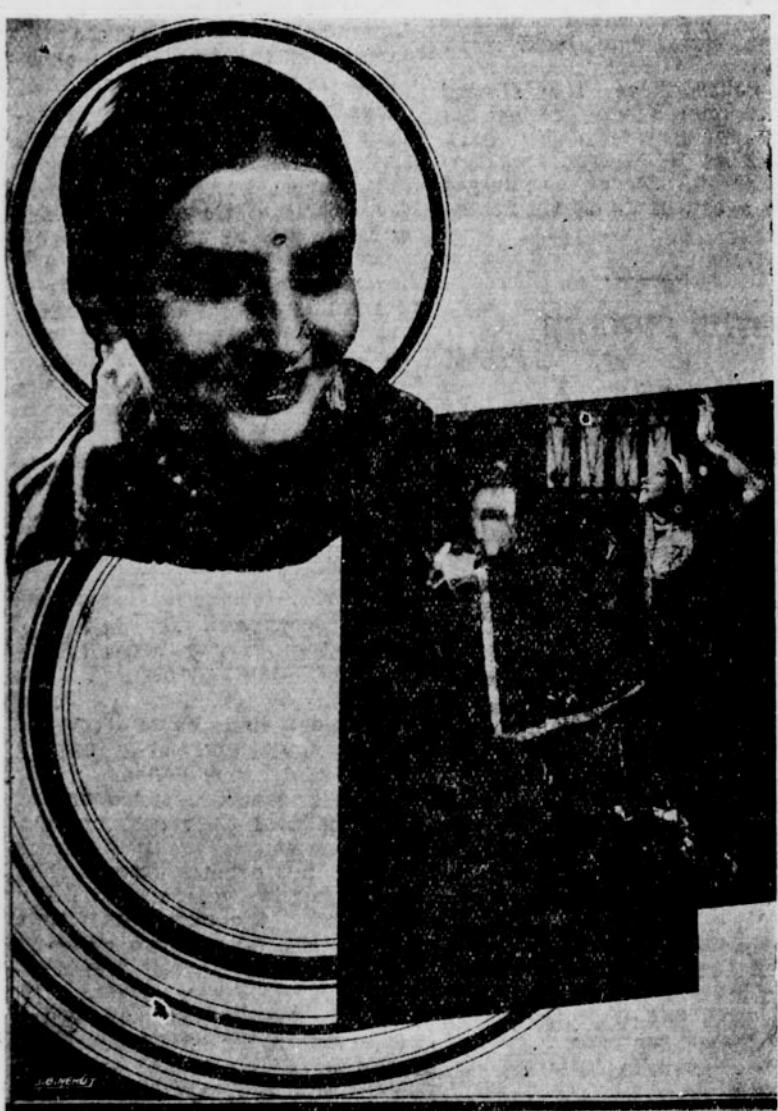
SAGAR STUDIO ACTIVITIES

"Judgment of Allah" will be released earlier than expected. Before it sees the Bombay screen it will appear in other cities. Mr. Kumar and Miss Indira are in the main roles. Yakub and Sitara add attraction to the picture. "Silver King" is approaching completion—Sabita Devi plays a breezy role with Motilal. "Vengeance is Mine" awaits the release. This big production will probably be released at the Imperial Cinema.

PRABHAT CINETONE

A party of twenty artistes of The Renaissance Theatre, Madras has come down to Poona for the production of "Chandrasena" as a Tamil talkie at the Prabhat Studio. Prabhat's first Tamil talkie "Sita-Kalyanam" has already been well received as a high class and clean picture. It is expected that this "Chandrasena" will reach the highest watermark of perfection and set the standard for first rate Tamil talkies. "Chandrasena" has already been made into a very successful movie by the Prabhat Film Company and their attempt now at producing a talkie on the same subject in three versions Hindi, Marathi and Tamil is a great event in the film industry. In the Tamil unit that has come down to Poona, Srimati Rajivi an educated artiste from Madras takes the leading role of Chandrasena, will form a great asset to this picture. She is supported by a brilliant cast of talented artistes of "The Renaissance Theatre" Madras including among others Messrs. K. S. Gopalakrishnan, V. V. Sundarajan, B. A. P. S. Srinivas, B. A. P. Venka Rao, V. Rangaswami Iyer, K. Natarajan and Srinathis Kanakam and Pankajam.

The Songs have been specially composed by that great composer Papanasam Sivan whose name is a household word throughout South India and the dialogue and the direction on the Tamil side of the picture are in the hands of G. K. Seshagiri, B.A. Registrar "The Renaissance Theatre" Madras with Mr. A. N. Kalyanasundaram, M.A. as the Music Director.



Miss Kusum and Azarie in "This is Life" (Shakti Movietone).



"Verni Vasulal" (Sagar Movietone) with Sabita Devi.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Vad 6, 1991.
Muslim: Shavval 29, 1353.
Parsi: Amardad 22, 1304.
Sunrise: 7h. 15m.
Sunset: 6h. 29m.
High Tide: 2.30; 11.42.
Low Tide: 8.30; 2.16.
Art Exhibition: Bombay Art Society show, Town Hall, open to public daily 9 a.m.—7.30 p.m. till February 3.
S. S. "Ranchi" with English mails sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Races: First Day of Big Meeting.
Hindu Ladies meeting at Prarthana Mandir Girgaum at 5 p.m.

BAND AT ESPLANADE BANDSTAND
The Band of 2nd Bn. The Durham Light Infantry will play the programme of music at the Esplanade Bandstand to-day (Saturday) at 5.45 p.m. (S.T.)

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION
A Harikirtan will be performed by Haribhakti Parayan Gulvadi Shivanand Bhatji of Mangalore in the Kanara Saraswat Association Hall to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) The subject of discourse will be "Guru Seva".

"A" WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE
The monthly flag salutation ceremony will be performed to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at 28 Manordas Street, Holi Chakla, Fort.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"The Merry Widow" Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Sultana" Daily at 5.15, 8 and 10.30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 2.45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Baby, Take a Bow" Daily at 6.30, 8 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 4 p.m.
CARLTON—"Carolina" Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
Sunday morning at 10 a.m.
PATHE—"Crime Without Passion" Daily at 5.30, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
Sunday morning show 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"One Night of Love" Daily at 6.30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3.30 p.m.
WEST END—"The Tyrant" Time as usual.
GLOBE—"Shah Bahram" Daily at 6.15, 8 and 10.45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 2.45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Karwan-E-Hayat" Daily at 5.30, 8 and 10.30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3 p.m.
KEISHNA—"Amrit Manthan" Daily at 6.45 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3 p.m.
PALACE—"Wild Cargo" Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
Sunday morning show at 10.30 a.m.
EDWARD—"Mask of Fu Manchu" Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
ROHINOOR—"King-Kong" Daily at 5, 7.30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 2.30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Indiana, M. A." Time as usual.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon Selection of Indian music.
1 p.m. Market rates, European Lunch Time music. 1.30 p.m. Close down.
4.30 p.m. Children's Hour. 5 p.m. Stories in Marathi. 5.30 p.m. Relay of music from Regal Cinema 6.30 p.m. Interval. 7 p.m. L. A. Lickford, M.A. F.R.C.O. At the Organ of St Thomas Cathedral. 7.30 p.m. Request Hour (Records). 8 p.m. Empire relay. 8.45 p.m. Weather and Other News. 9 p.m. General and Commercial News. 9.30 p.m. S.B. from 10 p.m. Light music. Mrs. Lalita Venkatram with her Veena. 11.0 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7.45 p.m. Big Ben. The Belfast Wireless Orchestra. Leader, Philip White-way, Conductor, E. Godfrey Brown, Kathleen Daint (Mezzo-soprano). 8.30 p.m. Donald Thorne, at the Organ of the Granada, Tooting 8.50 p.m. Talk: "India." Mr. Isaac Foot, M.P. 9.10 p.m. The Vario Trio. 9.30 p.m. The News. 9.45 p.m. Saturday Matinee. 10.45 p.m. Dance music. 11.15 p.m. Close down. "Electrical Recording."

LECTURE ON "VILLAGE LIFE"
Under the auspices of the local Congress Committee a public meeting will be held to-day, (Saturday) at 9.15 p.m. (S.T.) in the Liberty Lodge (John Road) when Messrs. Dikshush B. Diwanji and Manjibhai D. Ved will narrate their first impressions of village life.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION (REGD.)

A Harikirtan sponsored by Mr. H. Shankar Rao will be performed by Haribhakti Parayan Gulvadi Shivanand Bhatji of Mangalore in the Kanara Saraswat Association Hall to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. (S.T.) The subject of discourse will be "Guru Seva".

URDU MOSHAIRA AT THE ISMAIL COLLEGE, JOGESHWARI

The annual "Moshaira" of the Urdu Bazm-e-Adab of the Ismail College, will be held at the College Hall on Sunday, the 27th instant, when Mr. M. M. Killedar will preside. The "Moshaira" is open to the public and they are cordially invited to attend. The "Moshaira" will be started punctually at 3 p.m. Poets who want to recite their poems, are requested to come a bit earlier.



"Kalia Mardan" shown at the Roxy (Kolhapur Cinetone).

ALL INDIA CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY

Executive To Meet In Nagpur

The Executive Committee of the All-India Congress Socialist Party which was to meet on the 2nd and 3rd of February, shall now definitely meet on the 16th and 17th of February at Nagpur.

Patil Thanks His Voters

Sgt. S. K. Patil General Secretary of the B.P.C.C. writes:—
I feel that I shall be failing in my duty if I do not express my sincere gratitude to the numerous voters who contributed towards my success in the last Municipal election.

MR. LOYALKA'S THANKS
Mr. Loyalka thanks his "many friends who helped me in his election," on the eve of his departure for Calcutta.

"D" WARD ELECTION
Mr. Dayabhai Vallabhbhai Patel writes:—
Please permit me to convey through your columns my thanks to the voters of 'D' Ward who voted for me and to all friends who worked for me. Though defeated in my first attempt, like a tottering child I am not disheartened.

MR. G. KAPADIA THANKS
Mr. Guntavall Kapadia thanks his voters for returning him to the Corporation.

"C" WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE
As there is a "Independence Day" on the 26th inst. "C" Ward Congress Committee will sale "National Flag" Buttons in the ward.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS
The O.S.K. Steamer "Mano Maru" left Colombo on January 21 and is due in Bombay on January 28.

POSTAL NOTICE
Superscribed Mails for Singapore, and Japan per S.S. "Uma Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6.30 p.m. on Saturday 26th inst.

HINDU LAW REFORM
Sir Govind Madgaokar will speak on this subject in the Hall of the Young Men's Hindu Association, 14, Girgaum Back Road, to-day (Saturday) at 5.30 p.m.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS
We have received the following:—
A Wall Calendar from Equity Insurance Co., Lucknow.
A perpetual Calendar from the Union Bank of India, Bombay.

INDEPENDENCE DAY AT SANTA CRUZ

Under the auspices of the Santa Cruz Congress Committee the Independence Day will be celebrated to-day (Saturday), at 8.30 a.m. (S.T.) in Jannalal Bajaj Wadi, Station Road, Santa Cruz.

The function will begin at 8.30 a.m. (S.T.) with flag salutation ceremony and after that the Working Committee resolution will be read out by Sgt. Jannalal Bajaj.

At Dadar

Under the auspices of "G" Ward Dist. Congress Committee "Independence Day" will be celebrated at Dadar, Tilak Maidan, near Dhuru Hall at 7 p.m. to-day (Saturday) when Sgt. Ishwarbhai Patel, President of the Ward Committee will hoist the flag and read the resolution of Independence adopted by the Working Committee.

HANSRAJ PRAGJI GIRLS' SCHOOL
Annual Prize Distribution ceremony is to be celebrated to-day (Saturday), at Royal Opera House (at 4.30 p.m.) The girls will perform dramatic pieces and "Garba Dances".

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION
Professor R. P. Patwardhan will meet his students in Fawcett, to-day (Saturday), at 5.30 p.m. in the South Wing, University Building.

SIR J. J. Z. MADRESSA PRIZE DISTRIBUTION
The biennial Prize Distribution of the Sir J. J. Zarthoshti Madressa, to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.), at the Sir J. J. P. B. Institution Building, 209, Hornby Road, Fort.

MUSICAL ART SOCIETY
The third annual General Meeting of the Musical Art Society will be held at Laxmibaug, near Bhatwadi, near N. Powell and Co., to-day (Saturday) at 8.30 p.m. There will be a variety programme of Hawaiian music and dance.

"VERACITY OF ISLAM"
Under the auspices of Anjuman "Nauzai Fauji" a public lecture will be delivered at Chawpatty, by Maulana Zulfiqar Hyder, a new convert to Zulfiqar Hyder, to-day (Saturday) and to-morrow (Sunday) at 5 p.m.

SAHIYA SANSAD SARASWATA SATRA CELEBRATIONS
The following Sahitya-Satra Celebrations of Shri Sahitya Sansad will be held at the Mahavir Jain Vidyalaya Hall, near Gowalia Tank:—
Nritya-Sangit-Sammelan: to-day (Saturday) at 8.30 p.m. (S.T.) and annual Gathering, on Sunday, (27th inst) at 4 p.m. (S.T.)

ARYAN EDUCATION SOCIETY'S HIGH SCHOOL SPORT
Aryan Education Society's High School's Annual Athletic Sports will be held to-day (Saturday), at 3 p.m. on the Wilson College Gymkhana Ground when Mr. V. S. Velinker, Bar-at-Law, will preside and Mrs. Lilavati Velinker will distribute the prizes.

Y. M. C. A. DEBATE
There will be a debate at the Y. M. C. A., Reynolds Road, Byculla, to-day (Saturday) at 6.30 p.m. on "Membership in the League of Nations is Vital to India's Interest." Mr. Adolph Meyers will move and Mr. K. T. Chandy will oppose, the proposition. Mr. Stanley Jepson, Editor of "The Illustrated Weekly" will preside.

VAISHYA YUVAK SANGHA
An extra ordinary General Meeting of the above Sangha shall be held at Kandewadi, Konkarnastha Vaishya Dast-i-fund's Mahajanwadi No. 1, Bombay No. 4, to-day (Saturday) at 8 p.m. (S.T.) to express the views regarding the Intermediate class facilities in Education the Government that has to offer to the Sangmeshwari Vaishyas and to consider about the publication of a report on the Vaishya Parishada etc.

BOMBAY LIBRARY ASSOCIATION
An informal meeting of Librarians will be held at Royal Asiatic Society's room, Town Hall, Bombay, to-day (Saturday), at 4 p.m. to elicit opinion with a view to form an Association.

BYE-ELECTION TO B. P. C. C.

The General Secretaries of the B.P.C.C. write:—
Sardar Thaman Singh has been elected to the B.P.C.C. in the bye-election in "A" Ward occasioned by the resignation of Mrs. Kamaladevi Chaitopadhyaya There were two candidates for one seat, Mr. Kapurchand and Sardar Thaman Singh, and the latter was duly elected.

MRS. CAPTAIN RE-ELECTED
Mrs. Perinben Captain has been re-elected to the B.P.C.C. in the bye-election in "D" Ward occasioned by her vacating the seat under Council Resolution. As there was no other nomination, Mrs. Perinben Captain is duly elected.

CONGRESS SOCIALISTS THANK CITY VOTERS

The Executive Committee of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party thanks all those who, by their labours and votes, helped the Party's candidates in the Municipal elections and desires to place on record its sense of appreciation of the selfless devotion to the cause of all those helpers who gave so much time and energy to the work.

Lucknow Swadeshi Exhibition

BOMBAY, Jan. 25.
Mr. Harishchandra Bajpai writes:—
An All-India Swadeshi Exhibition under the auspices of the Lucknow Swadeshi League will be held in Lucknow from 24th of February. Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Congress leader of the Opposition in the Assembly, will fly from Delhi along with Sardar Jogen-dra Singh M.L.A., Secretary of the Exhibition Committee, to perform the opening ceremony of the Exhibition. The Committee have made special efforts to get the chief industries from all over the country represented in the Exhibition for which their representatives are visiting the important industrial centres of the country with a desire to make it a well represented All India Swadeshi Exhibition in the real sense of the term. In this Presidency they visited Ahmedabad, Baroda, Surat and Bombay and have received sufficient response to their invitation. Nearly all textile mills of finer count such as Calico, Jubilee, Arvind Ambica, Marsden, Singarat, New Commercial and New Swadeshi of Ahmedabad and Indian Woollen Mills, Bombay Silk Mills, Koh-i-Noor and many other textile and other Industrial concerns of Bombay and Surat have shown their willingness to participate in the Exhibition.

The representatives think that there is sufficient awakening in the country for Swadeshi but in the absence of popular agitation much more is needed to be done in order to keep 'Swadeshi' prominent before the eyes of the public so that the ground gained may not be lost.

The representatives extend their invitation to many more Swadeshi industries of the Presidency, whom, for want of time they have not been able to approach personally and hope that they realising the importance of such an All India Exhibition in the Chief Central City of Northern India and Capital town of United Provinces will not fail to participate.

For particulars they are requested to apply to the Secretary, Swadeshi Market Committee Office, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

PATHARE PRAHU SOCIAL SAMAJ
Under the Special Lecture Series Prof. Madhav Damodar Alkarak, will deliver a lecture in Marathi on Nava-matwad" to-day (Saturday) the 26th January 1935 at 5.30 p.m. (S.T.) in the N. D. Prabhu Seminary Hall, Bhaji Jiwanji Lane, Thakurdwar, Bombay.

Mr. Sakharam Vithal Rao, will preside.

SRI VENKATESA DEVASTHANAM
The Vanbojan Utsavam of Sri Venkatesa Bagawan, Bombay falls to-morrow (Sunday) at Goregaon (B. B. and C. I. Ry.) The procession starts from temple at 3.30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) and returns back at 5.30 a.m. on Monday. Programme of the festival has been published by special Notices. There will be two night festivals at Khar (B. B. and C. I. Ry.) and Matunga (G.I.P.)

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Municipal Nationalist Party

Nineteen Congressmen, who fall under the category of those who have served and suffered for the country and the Congress have been elected to the Bombay Municipal Corporation. This number is not a large one when it is seen that there are 112 members in the Corporation and, excepting for vehement expression of their views on subjects that are brought before the House, they cannot be expected to do much without the help of other members. Their presence in the Corporation will certainly make the proceedings of the civic body very lively and interesting. What one feels is that instead of 19 being elected out of 31, Congress would have got a working majority if the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee had officially contested the elections. It may also be stated that if the Congress had done so, the communal voting that was rampant on Tuesday, would have been avoided to a considerable extent. Since there is no use lamenting over what has already happened. It is suggested that leading members of the Congress inside the Corporation, should exert themselves to form a strong Nationalist Party, admitting into it those non-Congressmen, who are ready to accept a common programme, which is in the inter-

ests of the citizens of Bombay. It can be confidently stated that, if such a Party is formed, they will have a working majority. Since there are more than two months at their disposal before the New Corporation meets, it is hoped the Congress leaders will not lose time and exert themselves towards the formation of a Nationalist Party.

Malpractices In Municipal Elections

The recent Corporation elections were remarkable for more than one reason. Apart from the entry of several Congressmen into the Corporation there has been a spate of cases of impersonations. The newspaper columns are full with complaints of this type. A serious view ought to be taken of this bane of the ballot-box, and a determined attack made on this evil. It is notorious that some of the seats are held like veritable pocket boroughs and success assured without any fuss or visible propaganda. Bombay boasts of having the most intelligent electorate in the country. Such corruption is therefore a serious stigma on the fair name of the city and calls for a thorough investigation into the various complaints made. It is hoped that decisive steps will be taken to free future elections from all abuses.

BHIWANDI DEADLOCK ECHO

Thana Judge Dismisses Injunction Appeal

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA Jan. 25.
"This is an indirect way of challenging the action of the Collector under the guise of putting forward a grievance against the defendants (members), when the plaintiffs cannot make out any grievance or cause of action against the present defendants."

"The grievance of the present plaintiffs appears to me to be far-fetched and more imaginary than real and hence I have not the least hesitation in holding that they have not made out any good case which would justify this court in acceding to their request for issue of a temporary injunction against the present defendants and interfere with the rights of the defendants which they are entitled by law to exercise in the course of a meeting to be held under the statutory authority of the Collector, which latter authority has not been specifically challenged in the suit by disclosing any cause of action against the Collector and by making the Collector a party to this suit."

DISMISSED WITH COSTS

With these observations Mr. M. A. Bhawe, the District Judge of Thana, to-day dismissed with costs the appeal preferred by Dr. Vishnu Vaman Kanitkar and three others against the order of the Bhiwandi Sub-Judge, refusing to grant a temporary injunction restraining Trimbak Raoji Pradhan, retiring president of the Bhiwandi-Nizampur Municipality, and other members, including the "nearly elected president" Mr. Abdul Latif Imamsaheb Fakir from attending or taking part in the meeting called by the Thana Collector this afternoon (January 25) at 4 or in any other meeting called for the purpose of electing another new president until the decision of the suit.

Mr. M. V. Hegde, Advocate, appeared for the appellants and Mr. B. R. Damle for the defendants.

Bhiwandi Municipal Deadlock Over

THANA Jan. 25.

(From Our Correspondent)
After a Municipal deadlock of over two months and a half, the General Board of the Bhiwandi-Nizampur Municipality elected to-day Mr. Abdul Famat. Haji Lal Mahomed, a millowner as president of the newly constituted Board. To-day's meeting was called on the requisition of the Collector of Thana, under the statutory powers vested in him as the retiring President refused to hand over charge.

South Indian Badminton Singles Tournament

Revised fixtures at Malabar Star Sports Club Grounds, Shivaji Park, (B.B.) Matunga, 7-0 a.m. (S.T.)

TO-DAY (SATURDAY).

K. V. M. Aiyer vs. P. R. G. Menon.

ON SUNDAY.

V. Krishnan vs. G. S. V. Nair.

M. S. S. Ram vs. A. N. Narayan.

M. T. Krishnaswamy vs. M. T. Sundararam.

N. Vishwanath Aiyer vs. M. Sreenivas.

To play on the first available court V. E. Naidu vs. Ramakrishnan.

PATHE

3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Sunday Morning 10 A.M.

As 'THE INVISIBLE MAN'
He Foreswore Love
... Now See Him
Stripped of His Wrappings... A Mental
Monster Who Fed On
The Souls Of Women!



Bluebeard was a baby...
Frankenstein was a sissy...
compared to this suave brute
Claude Rains creates! For him
...a kiss...a caress...was not
enough! He must mangle the
hearts of women...tear their
very souls apart...with his
monstrous mental torture!

CRIME WITHOUT PASSION

A Ben Hecht-Charles MacArthur Picture with CLAUDE RAINS, (star of 'The Invisible Man'), WHITNEY BOURNE and MARGO WHELAN. Directed & Produced by Ben Hecht & Charles MacArthur. Lee Garmes. Photographer. A Paramount Release.

ALSO SCREENING
A MUSICAL SHORT
and
PARAMOUNT
NEWS

Book early... Phone 41561.

THE CAPITOL

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

BABY and ALL!

The three of them steal right into your heart!



BABY, TAKE A BOW

A FOX Picture with

SHIRLEY TEMPLE

(The Darling of 'Stand Up and Cheer')

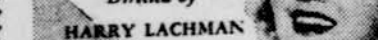
JAMES DUNN

CLAIRE TREVOR

ALAN DINEHART

Produced by JOHN STONE

Directed by HARRY LACHMAN



1935 GETS ITS BIGGEST THRILL!

Maurice CHEVALIER, Jeanette MacDonald

The Merry Widow

an ERNST LUBITSCH production

EDWARD EVERETT HORTON • UNA MERKEL GEORGE BARBER • MINNA GOMBELL

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

Right now on Broadway, New York, crowds pack the Astor Theatre at 2 to cheer it. It comes to you at our REGULAR PRICES!

THE WORLD'S SUPREME SPECTACLE OF MUSIC, LOVE AND LAUGHTER!

2nd GLORIOUS WEEK at

THE REGAL

Daily 3 Shows: At 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

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The Bombay Chronicle
Head Office, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.
BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1935

REAL SANCTIONS

The Viceroy's address to the Central Legislature has fallen flat on the country. Nowhere is there anything like a response to his appeal to the people to accept the J. P. C. scheme of reforms. The scheme remaining, as it is a mere appeal from the Viceroy will not make any difference in the hostile attitude of the people towards it. Mr. Bhalabhai Desai, leader of the Opposition, put it mildly when he said of the address that it was difficult to respond to the appeal for the acceptance of the new constitution. It is indeed impossible to respond to the appeal. The reports that are coming of the nature of the Bill based on the J. P. C. Report only confirm people's attitude towards the scheme.

Flimsy Justification
It now appears certain that the Reforms Bill will contain no preamble embodying the repeated pledges of Britain to grant Dominion Status to India. As a justification for this omission, a Reuter message states: "It is authoritatively understood that the reason for this is that the measure closely follows the recommendations of the Select Committee which in the introductory section not only repeats the preamble of the 1919 Act but makes it clear that there is no question of repudiating any pledge formally and officially given". A flimsier justification it is impossible for one to imagine. In the first place it is not enough if the preamble of the 1919 Act, which, we are told, will not be formally repealed, remains in force. For later pledges go further than that and are more explicit and the real question now is whether these are

Mr. Hales' Blunders

"The Indian is essentially a bargainer" suggests Mr. H. K. Hales with, we believe, unconscious naïveté. Mr. Hales means well, but, in spite of his prolonged stay in India and comparatively close contact with the people, he has not understood them, and, what is infinitely worse, he has not escaped the mental influence of subtle suggestions about so-called vices of the Oriental, indulged in by some Europeans for selfish reasons. Mr. Hales, we think, is an innocent victim of his own traditions and circumstances. To greet such a man with the obvious rebuff relating to the "shopkeepers' mentality" would, perhaps, be unfair. But we would invite Mr. Hales to study the history of India's so-called constitutional progress, say, since the Minto-Morley reforms, to study the conditions and details of that progress, to study also, even superficially the J.P.C. Scheme, and say honestly who is the bargainer and whose is, shall we say, the "shopkeeper's mentality". Mr. Hales, at least, ought to be more careful in repeating, parrot-like statements that are a gratuitous libel.

The Ajra Tragedy

At long last the Kolhapur Durbar has announced the appointment of a Commission to enquire into the recent tragedy at Ajra. We congratulate the Durbar on its decision belated though it is. However, as we pointed out on previous occasions, in view of the conflicting versions of the unhappy incidents connected with the tragedy, which have been published, and the fact that women and children were involved in the firing, any enquiry to be satisfactory to the public outside Kolhapur State as well as inside it must be an independent one and, therefore, the Commission appointed by the Kolhapur Durbar to inspire public confidence must include some well-known British Indians as members. Again, it is absolutely essential for ascertaining the truth that the officers concerned in the firing should be transferred to some other district so that the inhabitants of Ajra may be able to tender evidence without any hesitation or fear.

PLIGHT OF BIJAPUR DISTRICT
Depression And Despair Prevail In Many Talukas

During the last eight years the condition of the agriculturists in the Bijapur District has been growing from bad to worse. The unsympathetic attitude of the landlord, the moneylender, the Government, and the Co-operative Societies has reduced the poor peasant to poverty. The lands of the agriculturists have been either heavily mortgaged or already transferred to the ownership of the moneylender. In many cases the Government and the Co-operative societies have been obliged to forfeit or purchase the lands for the recovery of their dues. Thus the rayat has ceased to have any interest in the land. Agriculture is proving a losing concern both to the landlord and the tenant. In places where one would expect to see abundant crops, nothing now is to be seen but fallow lands overgrown with weeds.

All Are Anxious.
The writer had occasion during the last week to visit the Talukas of Muddebihal, Bagawad, Bagalkot, Badami and Bijapur in this district. Everywhere he had talks with the peasants, the landlords and the moneylenders. Everybody seemed pessimistic about the future. The landlord does not know how to recover his rents and the sawkar is similarly anxious about the recovery of his dues. As for the peasant, he is looking forward with resignation to poverty and starvation.

Heart-Rending.
Birgi petha, which is wedged between the rivers, Krishna and Ghataprabha, and had therefore the reputation of being the dairy of the district is very hard hit owing to the frequent bad years and the continuous demands of the Government, the creditors and the landlords. Men that are ready to work for 1 anna 6 pies per day are going without work and food. Who is to engage them, and who is there to pay them the pittance they need? The condition of the cattle is simply heart-rending. The sleek bullock and kine with their elephantine gait, which were once the pride and happiness of the rayats are things of the past now. The herds of Krishna valley cattle that are now being driven along the roads by the butchers are nothing but skeletons. One can imagine the wrench felt by their owners while selling the dear cattle to the butchers.

Ryots' Conference.
The wages and profits of the weaving industry are on the decrease. Other village industries, such as, spinning, carding, spinning, oil-pressing, cattle breeding, pottery, bangle-making, carpentry, smithy, etc., are fast disappearing owing to lack of encouragement and capital. Everybody is now depending on agriculture for his maintenance but every one of them is finding to his grief that agriculture is no longer able to supply him with even half a meal per day. With a view to ventilate the grievances of the rayats and try to ameliorate their condition a District Agriculturists' Association has been recently formed here. This association is organising Rayats' Conference in the district and bringing the poverty-stricken condition of the rayats to the notice of the Government and the public. One such Conference was held on January 29, 1935, at Galagali in the Birgi petha under the presidency of Mr. Sejjan, Pleader of Bijapur. Various resolutions requesting the Government and local bodies for taking action to improve the villagers' lot, were passed at the Conference. If the Government and the local bodies decide to act up to their professions, they can do much. The immediate need in the famine-stricken areas is the suspension of assessment and starting of relief works.

ON THE DEFENCE
Safeguards For Britain And Dangers To INDIA

By K. F. NARIMAN II.
The Viceroy said in his Calcutta speech that during his long period as Governor-General in Canada, he had not used special powers, constitutionally assigned to him, even for one single occasion. The Governor of Bombay said that in Bombay the Governor had never used special powers, hoping thereby to allay the apprehensions and fears of Indian politicians with regard to safeguards and Governors' and Viceroy's special powers. But this unhappy reference is likely to produce a contrary effect. An Indian politician would naturally inquire why the same Lord Willingdon made such frequent and disastrous use of similar special powers in India, during his Viceroyalty here, such arbitrary and harsh measures, as no civilised country in the world, including Canada would tolerate for a day. Again how many instances of certification, even on minor and unimportant financial proposals will the Indian Assembly record disclose?

Theory And Practice
Theoretically the parallel seems to be true: it is a fact that vetoes and safeguards, written or unwritten exist in all constitutions. But on a closer examination, it will be found that neither the Crown nor the Cabinet in England nor the Government wholly responsible to Legislature in any British Colony, dare exercise these powers, because an irresponsible and arbitrary use of them in these countries would lead to revolution or at least overthrow of the existing Government, whereas in India, they only lead to some important and futile protests, either in the Press or from the public platform; and even an adjournment motion on such outrage is either disallowed or defeated, or even if passed, produces no practical results. That is the difference in the potentiality and force of public opinion in India and other countries of the West.

A Dead Letter
In all Colonial constitutions the King nominally possesses powers of vetoing any measure passed by a Colonial Legislature, but it has never been exercised, though there have been occasions when justice and equity demanded such external interference, because such an action on the part of a mother-country would create a commotion both in Colonies and if passed produces no practical effect in Great Britain. Recently India demanded and agitation for the exercise of King's veto against discriminating and repressive legislation against Indians in South Africa and other Colonies. The King had a constitutional right; the case was just and proper for such interference, but expediency and wise discretion dictated otherwise and so the King's veto has already remained a dead letter in all constitutions.

Abuse Of Power
On the other hand Baron Lloyd, as High Commissioner of Egypt, recently made outrageous use of similar special powers to overawe the Egyptian Parliament and compel it, by bringing in British warships, not to accept a majority decision. And poor Egyptians made futile protests even to the League of Nations. Thus these Western analogies, far from comforting or soothing political India are on the contrary bound to evoke greater apprehension and distrust.

The most recent and the most flagrant instance of a constitutional outrage and abuse of special powers is the ban enforced



MOON BY WIRE
Lest the moonstruck make a wrong surmise we hasten to add that the caption relates merely to a controversy among S African Muslims.

* * * * *

"His Excellency spoke with feeling, especially when he referred to the constitutional question."—A. F. I.

It certainly is a subject pregnant with pathos—for its supporters.

* * * * *

The Viceroy is "satisfied" that the (J.P.C.) scheme gives to India the opportunity to which she so earnestly aspires etc., etc."

So far so good. But what happens next? When the Viceroy and Governor-General is "satisfied" the satisfaction is usually a preamble to interesting things.

* * * * *

"It has been my ambition," confided the Viceroy to M.L.A.'s, "to see India take her position on terms of equality with other members of the British Commonwealth."

And it will ALWAYS be? We believe so, we believe so.

* * * * *

His Excellency referred in moving terms to the assistance and guidance rendered by "We, the British in India"—why not "we the Europeans in India", we wonder—to this country in its progress.

How true it is, is proved by the strikingly convincing and rapid progress made by the inhabitants in their descriptive status.

Only a matter of 50 years ago they were the "Natives" of India. Now they have grown into "peoples", sorry "the Princes and peoples of India." When they will develop into the "people of India" is not known yet. But it won't take long for the Nation to win the status of "a people", we assure H. E.

* * * * *

"Mr. Jinnah, joining in the congratulations, said that Sir Abdur Rahim would hold the scales even."

He himself will, of course, try to do so on the floor of the House or rather in the Division Lobby. Which, our irrepressible Junior colleague insists on describing as a Jinnahesque edition of "Divide and Rule."

* * * * *

Talking of even scales? Bori Bunder (both parent and child) have elevated Mr. Abdul Matin Choudhary to a Knighthood. But, evidently to keep the number of "Independent" Knights at the official figure the former thought it best to deprive Sir Abdur Rahim of his Knighthood. Hence the following results of the voting:—

"Mr. Abdur Rahim 70 votes
Mr. Sherwani 62 votes."

* * * * *

MANCHURIA WILL GO BACK TO CHINA.
Country Is Now Regaining Its Lost Strength, Says Official.
—Press Headlines.

According to the Japs, Manchuria has already started and started well on the path. At the moment, thanks to Japanese help, the progress China-wards is at the rate of 30 square miles per attack per day.

* * * * *

Writing to thank his supporters in the Municipal election Mr. L. R. Tairsee says: "Now that I have succeeded in failing...."

He has of course. But what do we do? Congratulate or console with the old man? Or both?

* * * * *

The Sholapur Police have prohibited a Congress meeting at a public place on the ground of obstruction to traffic.

The Bombay Police should take a lesson from their more imaginative and more zealous mofussil brethren in law and order. On the ground of obstruction to traffic they should permanently prohibit.

(1) Every procession, political, social, even funeral.
(2) Every public meeting, H.O.H. Fete, Carnival etc. in Azad Maidan or elsewhere, in fact, even
(3) Every race meeting at Mahalaxmi.

* * * * *

Mr. Shankarrao Deo says that formerly meetings used to be held at that particular place in Sholapur.

Which only proves that the predecessors of the present defenders of law and order were not so obstruction-minded.

* * * * *

She (motoring): "I said you could kiss me, but I didn't say you could hug me."

He: "Oh, that's all right; I just threw in the clutch."

Frankly Speaking

RIDICULOUS BAN
With characteristic promptitude the Government of India have prohibited the entry into this country of Mr. Subash Chandra Bose's book, "The Indian struggle 1920-34" which was recently published in London. This ban was not altogether unanticipated but it seems to us to be rather ridiculous. The book, we believe, is intended to explain the struggle and the aspirations of Indians to others. The action of the Government will not stop that. On the contrary, Government have contributed their "little bit" towards advertising the book abroad for which Mr. Bose and his countrymen should be thankful. As for protecting India herself from the evils of reading what she already knows, do the Government seriously believe that people who have taken part in, lived in the midst of, and otherwise watched on the spot, the Indian struggle 1920-1934 will take its story and interpretation, from say, those delightfully anomalous volumes, "The Moral and Material Progress of India"? If Mr. Bose's book is misleading surely the last people to be misled are those with whom he deals.

INDIANS' RIGHTS IN BURMA
It is bad enough to recommend the separation of Burma from India against the wishes of the majority of the Burmans. But not content with this recommendation the J. P. Committee proposes a number of galling restrictions of the rights of Indians entering Burma, in some cases giving fewer rights to them than to British subjects domiciled in the United Kingdom. The deputation of Indians in Burma that met the Viceroy on Thursday naturally insisted that there should be no discrimination against Indians and that they should have full right of entry into Burma after separation. However for effective safeguards of their rights Indians should look far more to the people of Burma than the Government of India or Burma. Nor should anything be said or done that is likely to suggest that the British Governor of Burma would be a better protector of Indian interests than the Burmese Legislature.

THE "FRONTIER GANDHI"
The "Frontier Gandhi" than whom very few in the land are

the Durbar and detrimental to public interests is ridiculous in the extreme. The Independence Day has been celebrated before in numerous places in the country without giving rise to any undesirable consequences. If its celebration is against the policy of any Durbar, it is the Durbar that is at fault and not the celebration. It is unworthy of any Government to ban a celebration which is only calculated to keep alive the people's ideal of complete freedom.

PRESS VIEWS

Ominous Back-Sliding
The motion was carried but it is a matter for deep disappointment that Mr. Jinnah and his followers should have chosen to be neutral. This is all the more surprising after Mr. Jinnah's forceful speech. He said, "How did the Government justify the detention of Mr. Bose for one single day? Even if there was no question of privilege was not the Assembly entitled to censure the Government for detaining without trial any person—in this case a member of the House?" Sir Cawasji Jehangir spoke in the same strain. Still, these two with their followers remained neutral. This back-sliding of the Independents is rather ominous for the future of the Assembly.—"Indian Express"

Deserved Success

Dr. Khare has been elected unopposed in the Assembly bye-election. As was expected Mr. Rulkar withdrew at the last moment leaving the field clear for the doctor. His candidature had served its purpose, namely, the public was informed that extreme labour was also alive to the need of availing itself of the constitutional machinery to press its demands for solution. Dr. Khare by his election, while he has won the esteem of his constituents, has to suffer serious financial sacrifices. Nearly six months away from Nagpur will mean a loss of thousands of rupees to him. But that he has chosen to serve the country rather than himself shows that his fires of patriotism are burning with as great an intensity as they were before. His unopposed election was fully deserved, not only because of his undoubted claims on the suffrage of his constituency but also in view of his extensive commitments in the late Mr. Abhyankar's election campaign.—"Hitavada"

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Our Readers' Response To Bihar's Call

THREE PAPERS' EARTHQUAKE RELIEF FUND

Rs. 2,41,444 Sent To Rajen Babu

Total Amount collected Rs. 2,41,444-0-4
Total Amount sent to Rajen Babu upto 16th June, 1934 Rs. 2,30,904-12-0
Last instalment sent to-day Rs. 10,539-4-4

Our readers are well aware of the terrible havoc caused by the earthquake in Bihar on 15th January, 1934. The tragic details of that catastrophe, the like of which India had never witnessed, are too fresh in everybody's mind to need recapitulation. Suffice it to say that this unprecedented calamity wiped out scores of cities, towns and villages in Bihar and other parts of N. India destroying thousands of homes. Only a rough estimate showed that the number of lives lost was 20,000, and the number of houses and buildings lost had reached several lakhs, the Monghyr and Tirhut districts alone losing ten lakhs of buildings.

UNPRECEDENTED.

The terrible earthquake was one of the biggest and most extensive earthquakes known to history. So far as India is concerned, it overshadowed all previous records, judging from the enormous size of the disturbed area, the appalling loss of life and immense destruction of property.

Of the intensity of the shock, of the devastation wrought by it, of the misery, the panic, the terror that it created, it is difficult to convey an idea. Only those who experienced it realised its full horror, and it would be impossible to reproduce their feelings and fears. This is not difficult to understand when one realises that within a couple of minutes whole towns were practically wiped out and millions of people had actually come to believe that the end of the world had come.

20,000 LIVES LOST.

In Bihar it resulted in the loss of about 20,000 lives. No investigation has yet been made of the total loss of property, but it is generally admitted that it must be placed at several crores. The total loss suffered by the towns alone was estimated by an expert at 40 crores, the damage done to the country-side could not be estimated.

It was a calamity of such unprecedented magnitude that called forth—and that too without the loss of a single day—the best efforts on Indians' part to succour their suffering fellow-countrymen with men, money, clothes, grain and shelter.

For several days after the terrible calamity, very little was known to the outside world of the enormous magnitude of the destruction wrought by the earthquake. Communications with the worst affected parts were entirely cut off. The first news of any account of disturbed area was made known three days later as a result of air reconnaissance arranged by the Government.

CENTRAL RELIEF COMMITTEE.

In the meantime, Babu Rajendraprasad, the beloved leader of Bihar had been released from Prison on medical ground. On January 17, the very next day he issued an appeal to the country suggesting the establishment of non-official agencies for organising relief in affected areas and advising Congressmen to afford immediate relief to sufferers and to co-operate with other organisations engaged in the same task.

An influential non-official committee called the Bihar Central Relief Committee was formed with Babu Rajendraprasad as President.

The catastrophe in Bihar, however, created a situation which, it was felt, could only be tackled by getting the assistance and support of the country as a whole. The Government, too, took a similar view of it and the Government of India treated it as an All-India concern and helped the Local Government with funds and otherwise. Mahatma Gandhi suspended his Harijan movement in order to be in the midst of stricken Bihar. Jawaharlal rushed to the scene of havoc. All India, in fact, responded to the call of agonised Bihar.

THREE PAPERS' FUND.

The "Bombay Chronicle", in association with the "Bombay Samachar" and the "Bombay Sentinel" made the matter its special concern, as it realized that the only way in which the poorest as well as the richest could contribute their mite to the relief fund was through a newspaper. The Three Papers' Bihar Relief Fund was started on January 24, within ten days of the disaster. The "Chronicle" opened its columns for receiving contributions from its readers in collaboration with the "Bombay Samachar" and the "Bombay Sentinel"—the proprietors of the concerns themselves contributing a sum of Rs. 1,001. An appeal was made to readers to send even contributions of one rupee, which was the minimum fixed.

MAGNIFICENT RESPONSE

There was an immediate and magnificent response to this appeal from our readers and soon contributions, large and small poured into our offices. Contributions were received from readers of "The Chronicle" not only from various parts of India, but from abroad also. The sums thus collected were sent to the Rajen Babu Earthquake Relief Fund from time to time. In the first month we were able to remit a sum of Rs. 43,000. The next month a total of Rs. 1,25,000 was received and remitted. By mid June the total of Rs. 2,25,000 was reached. The flow of charity thereafter was restricted, though it continued to trickle till the present day.

From the 24th January 1934 to 24th January 1935, the total sum received in our offices was Rs. 2,35,282-12-4 which, together with (1) the our contribution to the fund (2) the part of the income derived from the "Chronicle" and "Samachar" earthquake numbers and (3) the interest of Rs. 3,161-4-0 accrued on the money lying with the Central Bank of India, Ltd., as current account, aggregated to Rs. 2,41,444-0-4. Upto 13th June 1934 the sum remitted to the Rajen Babu Fund amounted to Rs. 2,30,904-12-0 and we are remitting to-day (Saturday) through the Central Bank of India, the balance of Rs. 10,539-4-4, to make up the total of Rs. 2,41,444-0-4 shown above.

THANKS TO OUR READERS

We take this opportunity of thanking all our readers and contributors who helped us in remitting such a handsome sum, which, even critics have admitted, is a unique event in the history of journalism in India. In spite of adverse circumstances and the prevalent depression in trade, all India rose to a man—and to a woman also, to be exact—as the humanitarian appeal had touched a responsive chord, and the results achieved were even beyond our most sanguine expectations.

OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS

Besides the amount mentioned above the "Three Papers' Fund" received a cheque for £18-2-0 from the Auckland Indian Association addressed to Babu Rajendra Prasad, which was directly forwarded to him. The Bombay Stock Brokers' Association also contributed Rs. 2,000 for flood relief in Bihar. This amount was also forwarded to Babu Rajendra Prasad. These two amounts are

FIRST TRADING PROFITS

Lancashire Cotton Corporation Makes Up Its Past Losses

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Jan. 24.

The first trading profit in its history was announced at the sixth annual meeting of the Lancashire Cotton Corporation in Manchester.

Mr. W. J. Orr presiding declared that the profit in 1934 was £30,159 compared with losses of £69,766 and £32,795 in 1933 and 1932 respectively. The Corporation felt that their position as producers of cotton yarn was gradually being stabilised.

The Corporation had done considerable amount of work on various growths of Indian cotton consumption, which was greatly increased, and expected further increase in 1935.

It desired to promote Anglo-Indian trade, and if India grew more of the longer staple varieties, the Corporation would be able considerably to increase in its last year's consumption of Indian growths.

Nothing would help in the negotiations of commercial agreements with India so much as increased consumption of her cotton by Lancashire, and it was India who would provide increased consumption and better class of mass production of goods.

It was gratifying to know that India was reciprocating and that in the third quarter of 1934 she bought 54,000,000 square yards of cotton piece-goods per month compared with 30,000,000 in the corresponding period in 1934.

EXPERIMENTING WITH "HEAVY WATER"

(Special Cable.)

OSLO, Jan. 24.

In the presence of several of his colleagues at Oslo University Prof. Claus Hansen drank 10 grams of "heavy water". It poisons animals and fish. Its effects on humans are hitherto unknown. Prof. Hansen has so far felt no ill effects.

STEAMER COLLISION

(Special Cable.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.

The five-thousand ton American steamer "Mohawk" with 46 passengers and 107 crew, collided with the Norwegian steamer "Talsman" (4,765 tons) four miles from New Jersey.

Both the ships sent distress signals. Other ships in the vicinity came to the rescue. The "Mohawk" lowered boats subsequently and sank. The "Talsman", with bows stove in, is making for port. The "Mohawk's" passengers and crew were picked up. One boatload, containing the Captain, is missing.—Reuter.

not included in the "Three Papers' Fund" mentioned above.

The following is the statement of accounts of the Fund which is now closed:—

Statement of donations received every month:	Sums sent to Babu Rajendra Prasad's Behar Relief Fund:
January 1934 43147 5 2	27-1-1934 10000 0 0
February 1934 125093 11 7	30-1-1934 10000 0 0
March 1934 38906 4 2	31-1-1934 10000 0 0
April 1934 18448 10 0	1-2-1934 10000 0 0
May 1934 5382 6 4	3-2-1934 20000 0 0
June 1934 1065 10 0	6-2-1934 10000 0 0
July 1934 2065 12 8	7-2-1934 10000 0 0
August 1934 1212 2 6	8-2-1934 10000 0 0
September 1934 1817 3 6	9-2-1934 10000 0 0
October 1934 721 14 0	14-2-1934 10000 0 0
November 1934 101 9 0	16-2-1934 10000 0 0
December 1934 298 8 3	17-2-1934 10000 0 0
January 1935 51 7 3	19-2-1934 10000 0 0
	22-2-1934 10000 0 0
	24-2-1934 10000 0 0
	3-3-1934 10904 12 0
	10-3-1934 10000 0 0
	17-3-1934 10000 0 0
	23-3-1934 10000 0 0
	11-4-1934 10000 0 0
	27-4-1934 10000 0 0
	13-6-1934 10000 0 0
	230904 12 0
	The balance sent through the Central Bank of India on 25th Jan 1935 10535 4 4
	Total Rs. 241444 0 4

From the proprietors of the "Bombay Chronicle", the "Bombay Samachar" and the "Bombay Sentinel" including share of the sale proceeds of the Special Earthquake Numbers of the "Samachar" and the "Bombay Chronicle" and interest on the current account 3161 4 0

Total Rs. 241444 0 4



H. H. Shrimad Sukritendra Thirtha Swami of Kashi Math, religious head of Kanara Gowd Saraswat Brahmins, who has been staying in Bombay during the past four months will leave on Sunday night for Prayag.

FOOT'S J. P. C. APOLOGIA

British Liberals' Role In The Making Of Indian Constitution

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Jan. 25.

The question for the Liberals was what constituted the fullest extent to which Indian desires could be met, said Mr. Isaac Foot, broadcasting in the Indian series to-night.

The Liberals, he added, might be inclined to criticise the Select Committee proposals on the ground that they did not go far enough but Mr. Foot reminded them that the Report represented the greatest measure of common agreement. The Liberals on the Select Committee regarded it as their duty to help in finding the central area of agreed opinion on which to build the bridge between politically minded India and politically minded Britain.

"I wish the area could have been larger. Others may think it wide to the point of danger but any way it is the foundation and everything now depends on the builders."—Reuter.

INFANTA JEWELS MYSTERY

(Special Cable.)

PARIS, Jan. 25.

"It is too dreadful not for my sake but for my grandchildren," said Infanta Eulalia, the aunt of Ex-King Alfonso, to Reuter alluding to the mysterious disappearance of several hundred-thousand pounds worth of her jewellery. The jewels were in Spain at the time of the revolution and were regarded as private property by the Government who ordered them to be placed in the custody of the Bank of Spain. The Bank informed Infanta that there was no record of their receipt.

HAUPTMANN ON HIS CAREER

What He Did On Day Ransom Was Paid

A SENSATION IN COURT

(Special Cable.)

FLEMINGTON, Jan. 24.

The case for the prosecution in the Hauptmann Trial ended whereupon the defence made immediate demands for a direct verdict of acquittal on the grounds of no evidence and that the court had no jurisdiction in the case.

The Judge however denied the motion and the defence opened the case. Counsel stating that the defence would account for Hauptmann's actions on the days on which the ransom was paid and the crime committed. He concluded with the startling assertion that the defence would produce a man who was last in contact with the kidnapper.

Hauptmann gave evidence that he entered the army at the age of 17-1/2 was gassed during the war and imprisoned in Germany in 1923. He was subsequently released on parole and related his unsuccessful attempts to smuggle himself into America. He said he left his employment on April 2 1932, the day the ransom was paid, quitting work for 17 hours and spent a musical evening with friends at home.

There was a sensation in court when Frederickson's Mistress, Hauptmann's employer, in giving evidence refused to swear that Hauptmann called at the bakery to fetch his wife on the night of the kidnapping.

NO DIPLOMATIC INCIDENT

Franco-Abyssinian Relations Reported To Be Very Friendly

(Special Cable.)

PARIS, Jan. 24.

Whilst it is stated that Government have decided to make strong representations to Abyssinia in regard to the recent tribal attack on the French column, no French demarche is yet made.

Government are awaiting the result of the enquiry promised by the Abyssinian Foreign Minister, before moving further.

It is emphasised that there is no question of diplomatic incident as the Franco-Abyssinian relations are very friendly.—Reuter's Special.

FINANCIAL ASPECTS OF INDIA BILL

No Pact Can Stop Danger Of Discriminatory Action, Says British Journal

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Jan. 25.

Discussing the financial aspects of the India Bill, the "Financial Times" says it was in the sphere of commercial policy that the difficulty in giving a Legislative effect to the Select Committee Report was probably the greatest. The position in this regard has been strengthened by the new Indo-British trade agreement.

Neither the Bill, nor the pact can eliminate altogether the danger of discriminatory action against British companies, goods, and services, but a statutory provision should do much to assuage the fears of British manufacturers.

The protection to the trade and the trader in the ultimate issue will be in their own hands.—Reuter.

DELHI AGREEMENT DENOUNCED

Socialist Propaganda At Ahmedabad

(Special Cable.)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 25.

The local Congress Socialist Party at a meeting held to-day denounced the Delhi Agreement concluded between representatives of the Millowners Association and the Labour Association as unworkable, and pointed out that the minimum wage fixed in the Agreement made an inroad into the working class living standard, and that the scheme of rationalization embodied in it intensified discontent among workers and led to strikes.

The meeting appointed a committee to persuade the workers to reject the Agreement. The Labour Association is holding meetings of workers of various departments to explain the Delhi Agreement and remove doubts felt by the men with regard to it.—A. P.

Blizzard And Floods Take Heavy Toll In U. S. A.

One Hundred Deaths Reported From Marooned Towns Where Motor Boats Rescue People

TEMPERATURE BELOW ZERO OVER LARGE AREAS: MANY TOWNS ISOLATED

(Special Cable.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.

There have been 106 deaths from the blizzard and floods in the United States, which are the worst for half a century. The Mississippi and smaller rivers are rising steadily, flooding an enormous area.

Motor boats have rescued thousands of people from the trees and roofs where they may be still marooned, crying piteously for help. At least ten people are reported to have been drowned in Clarksville, Mississippi.

Towns have been isolated.

trains are derailed, cars held up, trains marooned and telegraphic communication interrupted. Temperatures are below zero over large areas.—Reuter.

VANCOUVER ISOLATED

(Special Cable.)

OTTAWA, Jan. 24.

Vancouver has been virtually isolated by a blizzard for three days. Several trans-continental trains are marooned in the Rockies, owing to rock and snow slides. Gangs of men are toiling to clear the lines.—Reuter.

Scheme For Nationalisation Of Banks Under Attack

Mr. Reginald McKenna Points Out Dangers Of Monopolistic System

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Jan. 25.

The scheme for nationalisation of banks was the subject of vigorous attack by Mr. Reginald McKenna at the general meeting of the Midland Bank.

After pointing out the dangers of monopolistic system and benefits derived from the present banking organisation Mr. McKenna praised Government's policy of cheap money, which if continued, would lead to further internal recovery.

He admitted that a progressive home recovery inevitably entailed larger imports, which, however, would facilitate interest payments on overseas investments. Therefore, in the aggregate, balance payments were substantially unchanged, and the

only way to expect the overseas investments to recover is a freer purchase of primary products by the debtor countries. Sterling prices remained stable, he said, while gold prices had fallen, which was a striking benefit resulting from Britain's abandonment of gold.

Under the old system, this decline of sterling would have necessitated deflationary measures with depressing effects in trade. Now, however, the deflation was unnecessary.

In conclusion he said: "For myself, I do not believe the limits of internal business recovery have been reached, while a large supply of efficient labour was unused and large aggregate and elementary wants remain unsatisfied."

RISE IN STERLING

Paris Anticipates Adverse Decision Of Supreme Court On Gold Clause

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

PARIS, Jan. 24.

To-day's rise in premiums of forward dollars and sterling was the result of bull speculation in anticipation of adverse decision of the Supreme Court on the gold clause.

After Friday, no more steamers will arrive in New York before February 4. Consequently, gold shipments are already suspended. The development of the bull position is causing tightening up in the money market, which is accentuated by the reluctance of holders of Francs to lend owing to fears of devaluation.

Nervousness is increased by the anticipation of M. Paul Reynaud's devaluation speech in the Chamber to-morrow. The tighter money conditions are viewed with disfavour by Government, which hinted that it was not over-concerned with this situation. In reply, that measures would be taken to relieve the money market overcoming the opposition of the banks who are reported to have abstained from helping the authorities owing to the objection of its cheap money policy.

Paris quoted daily money at five per cent, one month 4 1/2, 3 months 4 1/2.

AMERICA'S RELIEF PROBLEMS

Roosevelt Hopes To Tide Over Immediate Crisis

(Special Cable.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.

A determined movement of both parties in the Congress for detailed explanation as to how four-billion dollars shall be expended on relief works brought the reply from President Roosevelt that it was a physical impossibility to segregate the items in the present emergency.

He hopes that after the immediate crisis begins to mend, the country can afford to devote about 500,000,000 dollars annually for an orderly development of public projects.

ENLARGEMENT OF FOREIGN LEGION

(Special Cable.)

PARIS, Jan. 25.

The enlargement of the Foreign Legion will have to be approved by the Parliament before it comes into effect.

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Lesson Of Municipal Elections

MALPRACTICE THAT MUST BE ENDED

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of The "Chronicle"

Sir,—I have read with interest the complaint made in your paper this morning regarding the impersonations effected at the Municipal elections on Tuesday last. I am one of the sufferers, as prior to my going to give my vote, some Good Samaritan had had the courage to impersonate me and give away my vote to some candidate of his own choice. My vote has been useful to some candidate, and that gives me a sense of satisfaction, but my own candidate has been left in the cold and, perhaps, unseated! I was allowed to sign a duplicate form, but I am told it is as valuable as a valueless slip of paper, because the original signature of the forger will and must prevail. If this is so, then I suggest that some mode of identifying the signatory must be adopted, viz. the mode of asking the candidate's volunteer, who takes the would-signatory to the municipal clerk, who takes his signature and hands him the voting sheet, to guarantee identification. I would even suggest that a test case may be endeavoured to be made by entrusting an instance of impersonation to the C.I.D., to whom confidential communication might be made by an aggrieved voter. This question needs to be seriously paid attention to by the Municipal authorities and the candidates themselves. In the case of the former it may be done in the name of purification of its administrative system, and in the case of the latter in the name of a true representation of facts about their fitness to be the people's representative in the Municipal Corporation meetings. Yours etc.

ESCHATED VOTER.

Impersonation In Elections

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—You were good enough to publish my letter on the above subject just previous to the polling day of the Bombay Municipal elections although you did not give it the prominence it deserved. And now again from actual experience, as will also be seen from the reports published in your own esteemed paper, it is evident that impersonation was practised on a very large scale. In 1932 a case was actually filed on behalf of an unsuccessful candidate on the ground that another successful one had secured a large amount of bogus votes. This, however, could not be proved to the satisfaction of the Court and the case was dismissed.

It was possible for the Municipal Commissioner to take more effective steps, than he is reported to have taken by visiting all Ward Booths. He could have appointed one in each candidate's booth, to watch the movements. But I think this was not done. Besides I have seen candidates standing just at the doors of the ballot-box rooms, obviously to influence the voters, although there is a rule that after a voter gets his ballot card, no candidate or his agent ought to talk to him.

Can it be called a "free vote system?" Under the existing procedure the only thing required for identification is that a person claiming to be a voter must answer the correct name as appearing in the municipal roll, and in addition, at the most the name of the street. And this, as will be seen from the reports, could be done correctly by many non-voters. Such impersonation is possible on a very extensive scale in illiterate wards such as "E", "F" and "G". This will be proved from the fact that in "E" Ward there are about 19 thousand and odd voters whereas in fact even half of the number does not or cannot turn up to the booth. But from the figure of registered voters it will be seen that about 80 per cent of the voters registered their votes. This means that more than 40 per cent of the votes registered were bogus votes, taking also into consideration the hundreds of voters who had to go back disappointed finding that their votes had been given by somebody else.

Is it not, therefore, the duty of the authorities, including the public-spirited corporators, substantially to improve the present method of voting by introducing as I have suggested in my previous letter the photo system? Will the Corporators (like, I was going to say, Mr. L. R. Taisee but before I could send this to you, I find to my great surprise that his name is not among the successful candidates) instead of merely complaining in papers against "trifling in votes," rise to the occasion as long as the re-

cent experiences are fresh in their minds and not wait until the next election and make a move in the matter?—Yours, etc.

ANTI-HUMBUG VOTER.
January 24.

Nomination To Corporation

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Allow me to draw the attention of the authorities concerned to the following facts in connection with the nominations of members to be made by them shortly to the Bombay City Corporation after the candidates from the different Wards of the city have been duly elected.

It has been the practice to nominate a certain number of persons of different communities to the Corporation to represent different interests of the city and some Muslim members are generally nominated to the Corporation to represent the Muslims of Bombay.

During the last few years, so far as I know no Mohammedan member has been nominated to the Corporation to represent the Sunni Mohammedans who form the bulk amongst the Muslims of Bombay. I am not a sectarian or a communalist and I do not in the least desire to minimise the services rendered by those Mohammedans who have represented them in the Corporation from time to time.

The main desire which has actuated me to draw the attention of the authorities concerned to this glaring omission is only due to the fact that the man who is in close touch with the Sunni Mohammedans will be better able to enlighten the Corporation on their civic needs and will interpret their feelings in certain matters in a better way than a Khoja or for the matter of that any Mohammedan belonging to a different sect can do.

A SUNNI MUSLIM.

Criminal Courts And Delays In Justice

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—A friend of mine filed a complaint in the beginning of September 1933 in the court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate and although seventeen months have elapsed yet even the first hearing has not taken place. Every time an adjournment is given, sometimes in the beginning of the day, sometimes before 2-30 p.m., and sometimes at the tag end of the day. The case of my friend has been placed on the board on so many occasions, but since the board is always full—sometimes eighty cases appear on the board, it is postponed to some future date. From this it can be ascertained how much waste of time and waste of money must have taken place. The pleaders alone, it may be added, have a thriving business. Several months back I had written a letter which was duly published in your correspondence column. In that letter I had complained against the inordinate delays in justice and had suggested that Municipal work should be transferred to the Honorary Benches. That suggestion has been adopted, yet there is no relief to the ordinary litigant.

I am told that in Turkey and Germany, criminal cases are disposed of within six months from the date they are filed. It is a wonder that India which possesses better machinery than Turkey, should take a year and a half or two years—and sometimes more—to dispose of a criminal case. Such delays in justice have made litigation not only expensive but a thing to be dreaded.

Only two kinds of cases are given priority, firstly cases put up by the police and secondly cases in which Government are the complainant. It is these cases which are disposed of very quickly. No delay in justice is brooked in such cases.

The authorities should consider the question how to avoid such delays to which I have referred above. If it can be done by the appointment of more Presidency Magistrates, then the public which is directly affected, should move in the matter. Or, some

agency should be set up to go into the merits of the cases before they are allowed to be filed. At present anybody can go and file a complaint, true or false. This should be checked. In the past, Magistrates themselves have complained against the filing of such false or frivolous cases, but so far nothing has been done to check their growth.

However, if delays in justice are minimised the public would welcome such a step.—Yours, etc.,
Bombay, Jan. 25.

"GRIEVANCE"

Objectionable Films

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—You must have observed that during the last few years several films dealing with the history of Muslim rule in India or with the religion of Islam have evoked hostile criticism not only from the leading Muslims but also from respectable journals as well. In the case of a few films the anger of the Muslims knew no bounds as a result of which they were banned in some cities in the North of India. To furnish a recent example, let me quote that of "Siamgar" which is still being shown at the West End Cinema. The Muslims of Delhi had protested against some expressions in the film and it is gratifying to note that the producers did not lose any time in making the necessary changes to satisfy the scruples of the Muslim public. The question now arises as to how to check such films as are objectionable from historical religious or social view-point. The Censor Board should take this question. For the present I do not want to go into details. But the question of objectionable films is one which calls for some thoughtful action. Yours, etc.

A MUSLIM.

Bombay, Jan. 25.

"F" Ward Election

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Now that the elections are over and the successful candidates have had their due congratulations and all of us are wishing better luck next time to the "also rans", I should like to be allowed to acquaint the readers of your paper how the voters of the "F" Ward came to utilise the position on the 22nd instant. My sole reason for doing so is that it was this ward, which had the unique benefit and privilege of hearing and coming in contact not only with leaders of all-India repute, but with soap-box and tub-thumping orators that are generally thrown out on such occasions. On the top of all this, it is much to be regretted that Mr. K. S. Ramachandra Iyer was unfortunately placed much against his own will, and through unfortunate circumstances, in the position of a state candidate, on whom much of the floodlight connected with the election campaign was thrown. To silence certain doubts in the minds of the voters themselves as well as to give no opportunity to the Bori Bunder scribes to down the South Indian voter, which it attempted to do on an earlier occasion, Mr. Iyer came out with an endorsement from Mr. S. K. Patil, Secretary of the B.P.C.C. as a desirable candidate to get into the Corporation.

Mr. Ramachandra Iyer's business career in Bombay has been a perpetual fight against heavy odds, with his own back all the time against the wall. In conclusion, I would venture to throw forth the suggestion that the election results themselves would have borne out that even the votes that the other Congress candidates had obtained, were almost due to those of the South Indians, since had all of them gone the whole hog for Iyer, our friend would certainly have topped the polls.—Yours etc.

P. S. NATHAN.

Bori Bunder Ecstasy!

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—A few months ago Bori Bunder, with its two satellites in what was doubtless considered a "scop," worked itself into ecstasies over the visit to Bombay of the Gonzalez Grand Opera Co., which visit its readers were assured, was to take place last November; but it all proved moonshine—and we are now at the end of the first month of a new year! One would at least expect, after so much preliminary "boom" that Bori Bunder would be able to give some information for the visit being cancelled, instead of observing a golden silence, and being so "chup". Probably Bombay (surely a non-musical city compared to the "London of the East") was not considered "good enough" to adequately support anything so artistic—and expensive—as a season of Grand Opera. "The pity of it!" Yours, etc.

MUSIC LOVER.

Bombay, Jan. 24.

LONDON MUSLIMS CELEBRATE EID-UL-FITR



Mahomedans in England celebrated the conclusion of the fast of the Ramadan at the Mosque at Woking, London, on Jan. 6. Photo shows the gathering listening to Sheikh Sir Abdul Qadir, during the celebration of Eid-ul-Fitr.

COLD BLOODED MURDER

Death Sentence Confirmed In Appeal

The death sentence passed on one Rama Tukaram, an agriculturist, for the murder of a Lingayat woman Parubai, was confirmed by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia at the High Court in appeal.

On August 26 last Rama met the woman a mile away from Vairag village and killed her. The motive was enmity arising from a case she had filed against him. Their Lordships in rejecting the appeal observed that this was a cold blooded and brutal murder. There was a great deal of evidence of a circumstantial nature to support the appellant's confession, though he retracted it before the trial court. There was no ground for passing any lesser sentence than the one awarded to him.

Mr. D. A. Tallapurkar appeared for the appellant. Dewan Bahadur Shingne, Government Pleader, represented the Crown.

ON THE DEFENCE

(Continued from page 6.)
Identified particularly when we have no voice in the appointment of Viceroy and Governors on whose character, sanity and good-sense, the fate of millions in this country will depend. A whimsical and autocratic man, like Lord Lloyd, if again inflicted upon a province as its Governor, may turn out to be a constitutional autocrat and with his antiquated Imperialistic steel-frame notions of Government, try the same pranks in India as he did in Egypt. The present anti-Indian Conservative minority may come into power and immediately give effect to the Churchillian ideas of dominating administration. Is India to depend upon the political fanaticism of these British bigots for good-will and friendship?

No Safeguards For India

When there is over-caution betrayed in providing safeguards and protection for all conceivable British interests, there is no thought or consideration showed for any constitutional remedy for safeguarding India's position and interests, in the event of anti-popular political adventures overtaking the country. Thus it becomes an Indian constitution only in name but wholly conceived, framed and constituted, with the entire object of providing for and protecting and even improving British interests. In view of our past bitter experience, it would be an extremely dangerous presumption to make that all future Viceroy and Governors, under the new constitution, will be the best samples of British sanity, good-sense or good-will. There are still numerous remnants of the old steel-frame type, and if a relic of that machinery, by chance drifts across the Indian ocean and gets installed on the Viceregal "Gadi" he may wreck in one day, this flimsy house of cards that has taken so many years to set up. Lord Brabourne, no doubt, is a good Samaritan and excellent Rotarian; but he can never forget that for the time being he is to fill the role of a British Governor of an Indian Province.

J. P. C. Scheme Brings Swaraj To Provinces

C. P. GOVERNOR ANSWERS CRITICS

To Fear Safeguards Is To Get Frightened By A Bogey, He Tells Legislators

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, January 25.

Addressing the Legislative Council, His Excellency Sir Hyde Gowan addressing the January Session of the Council which commenced at 1-30 p.m. to-day, referred to the various measures taken by the Government in giving relief to the agriculturists from the burden of debt and the valuable results achieved by the application of the Debt Conciliation and Usurious Loans Amendment Act. He also welcomed the demand for plan for the economic development on the lines of the two Russian Five-Year Plans and recalled the various agricultural or industrial plans which were being executed or investigated by Government Departments, which showed that Government had not been idle.

Proceeding His Excellency made an exhaustive survey of the reforms proposals outlined in the J. P. C. Report and felt that the objections taken to the system of indirect election to the Assembly were somewhat academic and theoretical.

PRACTICALLY SWARAJ.

Coming to the kernel of the subject, viz., actual governance of the Province under the Reforms Scheme, His Excellency said that the removal of the Executive Council and the placing of all departments in charge of responsible Ministers, upon whose advice the Governor would act in ordinary circumstances, would mean for all practical purposes the attainment of the goal. As regards the contention that the Governor would be armed with so many special powers that the powers of the Ministers would be illusory, His Excellency asserted:—

GOVERNOR'S POWERS.

"Everyone of these safeguards is devised to protect some vital interest of the State and if that vital interest is imperilled no sane man would deny there must be some means of saving it from being wrecked. But if our affairs are so conducted that no such peril arises, the safeguards will never be used. To fear them is to be frightened by a bogey. To those who say that they would prefer to remain under the present Act, I would make one further observation. I can assure them that even if these safeguards were employed regularly and to the full, they would provide the so-called irresponsible element in the Government, the element which has never exercised its influence except on the side of sanity and moderation, with not one tithe of power over the whole field of administration that it possesses at present either directly or indirectly.

NEITHER MONSTER NOR AUTOCRAT.

There are some people who picture the future Governor at the worst as a sort of Franken-

stein monster, a dreadful robot-man, who will bestride the stage brow-beating the Ministers, defying the Legislature, trampling under foot the new-found liberties of the people and at best an irresponsible autocrat who will hold those liberties in the hollow of his palm. I can assure you there is neither a jot nor a tittle of justification for either picture. He himself had no more grievous burden to bear than that which will lie upon the shoulders of any Governor who fails to live at peace with his Ministers and his Legislature and to win the support of public opinion; and to suggest that he will court a burden except for the gravest of reasons is to ignore the fact that he is just an ordinary human man to whom the idea of being a second 'Athenasius contra mundum' makes no appeal."

C. P. Council's Tribute To Late Mr. Abhyankar

NAGPUR, Jan. 25.

Lady Gowan and the President of the Assam Legislative Council were present in the Visitors' Gallery when the Governor addressed the members of the Council. Earlier in the day three official members Messrs. N. J. Roughton, Ag. Finance Member, C. R. He-

NATIONALIST GROUP

Apply For Separate Bloc In Assembly Under Aney's Leadership

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25.

The definite formation of the Nationalist Party was officially made known to the Assembly Department this afternoon with the request for allotment of a separate bloc in the Chamber for the party.

Mr. Aney is the leader of the Party and Sardar Sant Singh, secretary.

The nine other members are: Sardar Mangal Singh, Mr. Akil Chandra Dutt, Mr. S. K. Shome, Mr. L. K. Mohtra, Dr. P. N. Banerjee, Lala Faqir Chand Lalchand Navalrai, Mr. A. N. Chatterjee and Mr. B. N. Bajoria.

The name of Mr. D. K. Lahiri Chaudhri is also included in the list supplied to the Assembly Department, but he is already a member of the Independent Party.

ANTI-AWARD DAY

Sardars Sant Singh and Mangal Singh, M.L.A.'s, in a statement say "Pandit Malaviya has fixed February 10th as the day for demonstrations against the Communal decision. We take the opportunity to urge on the members of the Sikh Community the necessity of demonstrating in an unmistakable way Sikh feelings on the subject of the communal decision."

The J. P. C. Report has given out to the world that Sikhs have acquiesced in this decision. We know that this view is anything but correct.

Let us show to the world that Sikhs not only do not acquiesce in this inequitable communal decision, but strongly feel against it. We appeal to the Community to organise peaceful demonstrations according to local needs.—A. P.

meon, Judicial Secretary and M. Owen were sworn in.

After the Governor's speech the President, Hon. Mr. S. W. A. Rizvi, referred to the death of Mr. M. V. Abhyankar, who was "an outstanding figure in the province" and said:—"For him no sacrifice was too great for attaining his country's freedom."

The Home Member who is the Leader of the House associating himself with the sentiments and said any one who closely followed the political history of the province during the last two decades could not but be impressed with the late Mr. Abhyankar's personality. The House agreed to convey its condolence resolution to Mr. Abhyankar's relations after several other members had expressed similar sentiments.

The Legislative business transacted by the House was the passing into law of six bills.

GOVERNOR DISALLOWS.

Before the House adjourned till to-morrow the President intimated to the member that the Governor had disallowed three resolutions recommending the closure of the High Court one day as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Mr. M. V. Abhyankar, as they related to a matter which was not primarily the concern of the Local Government.—A. P.



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"THE PRINCES OF INDIA"

The Author Suggests Various Ways, How The Princes Can Be Exploited To Retain Britain's Hold Over India

By **G. R. ABHYANKAR II.**

The Congress seems to be on the brains of the writer. He believes that if the Congress becomes powerful and influences the country and if its representatives enter the Federal Legislature they would lead the country into chaos and anarchy. The writer exhibits a very narrow and mis-conceived view of the Congress politicians and of the aims which the Congress holds out before and the achievements of its adherents. If the Congress succeeds and realises its ideal it will, no doubt, prevent the exploitation of the country to the detriment of the children of the soil. But what is there to believe that the country would be plunged into anarchy and disorder?

Exploiting The Princes

Sir William Barton has not drawn a very attractive picture of the advantages which the Princes would derive by joining the Federation. He wants them to secure full representation on the Reserve Bank and the Statutory Railway Board. He wants for them that the department of criminal investigation should not be in the hands of the future Ministers but that it should be in the hands of the Viceroy. He also thinks that if the Provincial police is in charge of a Minister, it will not be easy for the local police in dealing with crimes, covering the States and provinces. He further on says with a view to secure a stable element some of the States Ministers have suggested a Second Chamber in every Province. It is now evident from this that the retrograde measure of Second Chamber recommended by the J. P. C. report is the outcome of the pressure of the Indian Prin-

ces. "Most important" of all, the electorate should be so elaborated as to ensure that the peasantry and the land owning classes are represented by their own people and not by the town-bred lawyer. We can safely infer that indirect elections recommended for the Central Legislature must also have been due to the anxiety of the Princes to secure stability.

In Place Of Official Bloc

The author remarks: The Princes do not wish to go through an era of perpetual unrest with a Congress Ministry concerned not to govern but to break the British connection. From this sentiment of the writer it is very easy to imagine how the Princes have been exploited to water down the Constitution. Sir William Barton thinks that a Government of the quality that is essential is possible only if power lies in the hands of the Conservative elements in the country. "Now in India conservatism in the ordinary sense of the term is strongest in the States and in the country-side. If the States send their best men to represent them at the Imperial Capital their representatives should with a due proportion of representatives of the large and small land-holders of British India and of the less extreme urban elements constitute a bloc strong enough to control policy." We see from this the genesis of the nominees of the Indian Princes who are to serve as an official bloc.

Military Supremacy

Sir William Barton's belief is that the supremacy of British military power must be continued for all time to come. Federation or no Federation, this military supremacy must be maintained intact. If this to be the condition precedent of any administrative reforms, is it ever possible for the country even to rise to the status of full Dominionhood? The power of self-protection is the essential ingredient of any self-governing country. If the country is to remain under the leading strings of a foreign military domination for all time to come, is it possible for this country to enjoy even full responsible Government—not to talk of a Dominion Status or Swaraj?

The writer does not show any breadth of vision, wise statesmanship or broad-minded sympathy. Steeped in the policy of the political department, his outlook is absolutely narrow and the book leaves a disappointing impression on the mind of the reader. Sir William Barton has utterly failed in tackling the problem set forth in the introduction of Lord Halifax as to the place to be taken in the New India by the Indian States. The reiterated emphasis on the conservative and stable character of the Princes confirms one in the view that the joining of the Princes in the Federal scheme under the present conditions would be a source of utmost weakness and would frustrate all hopes of any prosperity and glory to this country as a self-governing nation.

"ONE NIGHT OF LOVE"

At The Wellington

Superlatives seem suddenly inadequate and void of meaning faced with the task of describing the superb thrill to be experienced at the Wellington Theatre, where Grace Moore, ravishing, alluring, golden-voiced beauty, acts and sings in the starring role of romantic film "One Night of Love."

For three years a leading figure on the New York stage, renowned and beloved throughout the world for her exotic charm and glorious voice, Miss Moore now emerges triumphantly as one of screen-dom's most captivating figures. She brings to the screen a distinctly new type of personality—gay, joyous, exuberant, romantic with the fire of youth.

But the reintroduction of Miss Moore to movie audiences is but one of the many highlights in a production resplendent with beauty and entertainment. The musical and romantic interest is solidly sustained by a gripping and convincing story. It concerns an American girl who, winning honours in a radio audition, goes to Italy to prepare for an operatic career. Deftly worked into the narration as natural sequences are charming Milan scenes in which Miss Moore pours out several of the most delightful arias ever written. The glorious stirring power of Miss Moore's voice is an indescribable thrill—never before experienced by motion picture audiences.

Tullio Carminati, in the role of the gay, ardent music teacher, deserves the highest praise for a magnificent performance. As a matter of fact, the entire cast, from Lyle Talbot, who plays the second male lead in the role of the happy-go-lucky young American in Italy on a holiday, down to the smallest bit player, perform with unusual ability and finesse. Among these are seen Mona Barrie as the jilted opera star and rival of Miss Moore's Carminati's affections; Jessie Ralph as a buxom housekeeper; and Luis Alberni, Andres De Seguroia and Nydia Westman in important roles.

The climax of the film play is one of captivating beauty and musical charm. In the tragic sweetness of a beautiful lilting love song this thrilling, pulsating romantic production comes to its glorious close, destined to leave in the hearts of music and picture lovers the world over the superb thrill of their entertainment lifetimes.

"Karwan-e-Hayat" shown at the Minerva.

"Carolina" at the Carlton.

FACTS

Based on figures given in the Report of the Government Drug Enquiry (1930-31).

PROVE THAT MALARIA IS INDIA'S MOST DREADED SCOURGE

MALARIA CASES

DELHI	198,407
BENGAL PRESIDENCY	2,166,657
PUNJAB	1,518,961
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	835,781
ASSAM	267,919
BIHAR & ORISSA	965,078
THE UNITED PROVINCES	267,520
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY	899,875
THE NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE	276,302
BURMA	292,247

WE INVITE YOU TO READ WHAT PROMINENT INSTITUTIONS AND MEDICAL AUTHORITIES SAY ABOUT THIS GREAT

MALARIA REMEDY

BEHAR CENTRAL RELIEF COMMITTEE.
(Medical Department.)

MOTIHARI.

"You supplied to the Medical Branch of the Behar Central Relief Committee a liberal Stock of your Anti-Malaria tablets. These were freely distributed by my assistants and personally used by me in malarial cases. I am glad to inform you that the tablets, in most cases stopped the on-set of fever within three days in acute and sub-acute types. Chronic malarial cases also responded well to the treatment." "These tablets have given me entire satisfaction."

M.B.B.S. (Bomb.),
District Medical Officer.

Bombay.

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FOR EVER.'

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OR

"WAILINGS OF THE OPPRESSED"

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DAMODAR, Mr. DHUMI KHAN,
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BIBI, the Queen of Emotion, Miss
RAJESWARI the Silver Voiced
Siren, Miss INDU BALA, Bengal's
Matchless Songstress, Miss SARAB
and others.

Their other forthcoming
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"MAHABHAT-KA-PHUL," etc.
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SHAH BAHERAM

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NISAR and SARDAR AKHTAR
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ZEBUNNISA, DULARI (H.M.V.)
JANIBABI, etc.

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CREATE A PARADISE OF LOVE.
TIME: 5-15, 8, and 10-45.
Fri., Sat., Sun. and Holidays
AT 2-45.

GLOBE TALKIES

SANDHURST ROAD.

Selections For To-day's Races

Baden And Play On A Likely Double

(By "SENEX")
The following are the selections for the 1st Day of the Big
Meetings to be held to-day:—

1ST RACE:—
ABUNDANCE 1
R. T. C. 2
GRAND RAJA 3

2ND RACE:—
BEDSOCKS 1
ARTHUR 2
LE MONT CHEVALIER 3

3RD RACE:—
BADEN 1
IMPERIAL 2
NO LIMIT 3

4TH RACE:—
CORCY 1
DANDY BRUSH 2
EUCENTAUR 3

5TH RACE:—
HAMIAH 1
DARIANOR 2
ARAB QUEEN 3

6TH RACE:—
PLAY ON 1

CAMPING 2
SABRINO 3

7TH RACE:—
DIAMOND SHOWER 1
GOOLASH 2
TEL ASUR 3

8TH RACE:—
REDRESS 1
THE NUN 2
KNIGHT'S ADVENTURE 3

9TH RACE:—
YAWIR AWAR 1
VERSHAN 2
FARHAN PASHA 3

DAILY DOUBLE

BADEN AND PLAY ON

DAILY TREBLE

HAMIAH, DIAMOND SHOWER
and REDRESS.

INTERNATIONAL RUGBY

Three Changes Made In
Welsh Team To Meet
Scotland

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, Jan. 24.
The Welsh Rugby team against
Scotland for the international at
Cardiff on February 2 will be
identical with the team against
England, excepting that Idwal
Rees (Swansea), T. Rees (New-
port) and William (Cores) Keys
replace Cowey, Edgar Jones and
Truman respectively.

WALKER LEAVES KASHMIR STABLE

Jockey W. Dillon left for Cal-
cutta on Wednesday night. As
Jockey A. C. Walker is not riding
any more for the Kashmir stable,
he will steer the Kohapur horses
in the absence of Dillon. Bow-
ley will ride for the Kashmir
stable on Saturday.

Changes In Classifications

The following changes have
been made in the

CLASS.	From	To
Vijaya Kumar II	III	II
Magnitude	IV	III
Mananna	IV	III
Barkhat	III	II
German	III	II
Mujbil Hatim	III	II
Nassirwan	III	II

FROST HAVOC TO CROPS

(From Our Correspondent)

SURAT, Jan. 25.
Rao Bahadur Bhimrao Naik
has given notice intimating to
move a resolution to the effect
that "This Council recommends
to the Government that in view
of the incalculable damage
done to the varying crops, par-
ticularly to cotton on account of
the severe frost during the cold
wave in the middle of January,
Government be pleased to give
large and liberal remission in
land revenue of not less than
50 per cent to agriculturists in
all tracts where crops are da-
maged by the frost."

The Rao Bahadur has also for-
warded applications received from
various villages of the Surat Dis-
trict to the Secretary to the Gov-
ernment, Revenue Department, re-
commending to give relief to the
agriculturists of Surat District
where the crop has been damag-
ed by frost.

Defence Arguments In Petits Case Conclude

Mr. J. S. Lam, Counsel for the
third accused in the Petit case,
concluded his address on Friday
at the resumed hearing before Mr.
I. S. Haji Additional Presidency
Magistrate Esplanade Police Court.
Counsel commented on the evi-
dence of Mr. Dwarkadas Jugul-
kishore and submitted that the
jewels alleged to have been con-
cealed have not been identified.
He called as a witness merely to
supply the missing link in the
prosecution story about the exist-
ence of the jewels between Novem-
ber 1929 and March 1930.
At the conclusion of the defence
address Mr. F. J. Coitman, Coun-
sel for the Bank of India, replied
to the legal issues raised by the
defence counsel. He had not con-
cluded when the Court rose for
the day.

CITY ELECTIONS AND T. U. CONSTITUENCY.

BOMBAY, Jan. 25.
The "United Press" understands
that Mr. Jammada Mehta, Presi-
dent B. B. and C. I. Rly. Em-
ployees' Union, Prof. Soares, Mr.
Ebrahim Sarang, representatives
of National Seamen's Union and
Rao Bahadur Asavie President,
Textile Workers Union will be
contesting seats in the City Muni-
cipal Corporation from the Trade
Union Constituency.—United Press.

SWAMI VIVEKANAND.—The 73rd
birth day anniversary of Swami
Vivekanand will be celebrated by
Ramkrishna Astam, Khar from
February 10 to February 17. Reli-
gious lectures and prayers will
be held in the evenings.
In this connection an Indian
Arts and Crafts Exhibition will be
organised during these days. Those
who want to take stalls should
apply to Swami Gunanathathil-
anda, Secretary Ramkrishna As-
tam, Khar, Bombay.—United Press.

Stewards Refuse Idar's Entries

Allegations Made In "Galloper" Case

(From Our Racing Correspondent).

It is understood that the Stewards of the Western India Turf
Club have decided in future to refuse the entries of the Maharajah
of Idar.

The Stewards are empowered to do so under the W.I.T.C. rules
of racing, which state that no reason whatsoever need be assigned
for the refusal. In the case of the Maharajah the reason is of
course very clear.

The allegations made in the
Idar "Galloper" case, by the Ma-
haraja himself was that the
Maharaja parted with the sum
of Rs. 3,000 which was to be used
as a bribe for jockeys to furnish
racing intelligence.

The Stewards called up
the Maharaja of Idar and Mr.
Bhikaji Nusservanji, alias "Ga-
loper" for an explanation on
Sunday last. As a result of the
enquiry I understand the action
mentioned above has been taken.

No action has been taken, it
appears, in the case of Mr. Nus-
servanji, who was to be seen at
the Mahaluxmi race course on
Wednesday. It will be remem-
bered that Mr. Nusservanji totally
denied the allegation of the Ma-
haraja and declared that the
money was given to him as a
loan.

The Maharaja of Idar has been
a keen patron of the sport in
Western India. He has owned



MAHARAJAH OF IDAR

several good horses such as Corcy,
No Argument and Tout a Coup in
the past. He is also the donor of
the Idar Cup, a trophy valued at
Rs. 1,000 for Indian horses. This
race will be run on the Third Day
of the Big Meetings fixed for Feb-
ruary 9.

MAHASABHA DEPUTATION TO NEPAL MAHARAJA

Pt. Malaviya Reads Address Of Welcome Eulogis-
ing His Highness' Rule

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25.

A deputation of the Hindu Ma-
hasabha led by Pandit Mala-
viya, and including Raja Sir Va-
sudeva Raja of Kolengowrie, Bhai
Parmanand, Munshi Ishwar Sa-
ran, Mr. M. S. Aney, Mr. Faqir-
chand, Seth Mathradas Vissanji,
M.L.A.'s and also office bearers of
the Sabha and others waited up-
on the Maharaja of Nepal at the
Nizam's Palace.

Pandit Malaviya read an ad-
dress of welcome eulogising His
Highness' Rule which he said
was in keeping with the ancient
Hindu code. The address referred
to the establishment of an in-
dependent Legation for Nepal in
London and dwelt upon the con-
tentment of his objects and the
Maharaja's keen interest in in-
dustrial and social development of
his territory.

Thanking the Deputationists,
the Maharaja expressed gratifica-
tion at their love of motherland
and remarked that their duty was
to remain firm in their religion.
Pandit Malaviya requested His
Highness to give some time to
them to arrange a public function
in his honour. But His Highness
replied that he had no time at
his disposal as his programme
had been fully arranged.—A. P.

NEPAL MAHARAJA IN DELHI

Arrival And Procession
Filmed

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25.

Amidst the booming of guns
from the Fort, His Highness the
Maharaja of Nepal's special ar-
rived at New Delhi at 11-15 a.m.

As soon as the Maharaja alight-
ed, the K.S.L.I. Band played Nep-
al's National Anthem, whereafter
His Highness was introduced to
Col. Sir Clendon Daukes, His Ma-
jesty's Envoy Extraordinary and
Minister Plenipotentiary at the
Court of Nepal; General Sir Wal-
ter Leslie, Adjutant General in
India; Mr. Metcalfe, Foreign Se-
cretary; Colonel Muir, Military
Secretary to the Viceroy; Mr.
Maunsell, Under-Secretary, For-
eign and Political Departments;
Captain Still, A.D.C. to the Vice-
roy; Major Stable, Assistant Mil-
itary Secretary to the Commander-
in-Chief; Mr. Wace, Superinten-
dent of Police and Mr. Layard,
Deputy Commissioner.

His Highness inspected the
guard of honour presented by the
2nd Battalion of the K.S.L.I. The
Maharaja then drove in proces-
sion to the Nizam's Palace, in one
of Viceroy's carriage and four es-
corted by two N.C.O.'s and Sowars
of the 8th Cavalry. The 3/15th
Punjab Regiment provided a guard
of honour at the Palace and its
band greeted His Highness with
Nepal's anthem.
There was a large crowd of visi-
tors at the Railway station, while

the entire route was lined by peo-
ple. The arrival and procession
were filmed.—A. P.

Death Under Suspicious Circumstances

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25.

Atif Bey, a Turk, who arrived
here from Kabul on Wednesday
last died last night in his room
in a local hotel under suspicious
circumstances.

It is stated after taking his
dinner, he went to sleep and was
discovered dead this morning,
whence the police sent the body for
post mortem examination.—Unit-
ed Press.

NEXT SATURDAY

Love! Charming
And Tantalizing!!

—A Lady Of The Boulevards ..
—A Gallant Soldier

Who Knows to Play With
—Hearts of Beautiful Girls ..

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DRAMA OF GAY ROMANCE

Produced by—

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CINETONE

Gu'shan-e- Alam

Starring

ZUBEIDABANU

with
BHAI DESA (Amritsari),
SHAHZADI, YOUSUF,
DINKAR, Etc.

Directed by:—
S.J. NANUBHAI VAKIL
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From 2nd February

at

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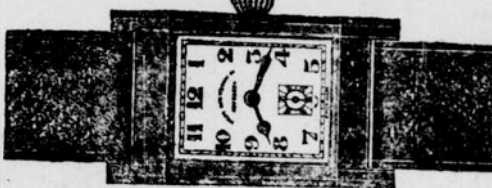
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Readers' Views

(Continued from page 11.)

ple of Santa Cruz, I do not under-
stand why such sentiments and
feelings of people should be treat-
ed with contempt and indifference.
The history of this question is
more than ten years old, and the
Santa Cruz public showed at two
referendums taken by Government
that there was not a single voice
in favour of this amalgamation.
Recently, we had a third Referen-
dum taken unofficially, and even
then there was not a single voice
in favour of the amalgamation. A
representative deputation waited
upon the Minister-in-Charge of
Local Self-Government at Poona
some time back, and put forward
the case of Santa Cruz. The Minis-
ter then promised that he would
come to Santa Cruz and person-
ally go into the details of the
question. We invited him after
that on more than one occasion
to come over to Santa Cruz and
discuss the question, with repre-
sentative men. Unfortunately, the
invitation was not accepted and
all that the Minister did was to
take a running view of Santa Cruz
in a motor car, accompanied only
by the Chairman of the Santa
Cruz Notified Area Committee.
Not even the members of the Noti-
fied Area Committee, nor repre-
sentatives of the Committee ap-
pointed by the public of Santa
Cruz were seen. You refer to
"ample opportunities since then to
ascertain suburban feelings." The
ample opportunity, evidently, re-
fers, perhaps, to the contempla-
tion by the Minister of the roads
and electric poles as he rushed by
motor car in Santa Cruz. One
cannot understand on what basis
this amalgamation has been noti-
fied and that, too, by the Trans-
ferred Department, which is sup-
posed to be the custodian of the
public interests, when no case was
put forward by any one in favour
of the amalgamation.
You also observe that the pro-
vision of amenities, such as com-
munications, sanitation, drainage,

lighting, has not kept pace with
the needs of the people. Except-
ing drainage, Santa Cruz has been
supplied with all the amenities of
life and that, too, perhaps, in a
better manner than Bandra. With
regard to drainage, Bandra itself
has not got it, though talks have
been going on for more than a
decade, and Santa Cruz may not
get it for another decade or two.
It was pointed out, however, very
pertinently in the representations
which were addressed to Govern-
ment on behalf of the Santa Cruz
people that if Santa Cruz by itself
was given a municipal adminis-
tration, drainage could be secured
in about five years, as Santa Cruz
possesses men with public spirit
to subscribe to such a loan if one
were floated. Santa Cruz is not
going to derive any benefit from
the amalgamation, but it will get
an enhanced taxation as soon as
the amalgamation is effected, as
the level of the Bandra taxation
is much higher than that of Santa
Cruz. I shall not enter into any
further details, as they have been
dealt with so many times; but I
must certainly challenge your ob-
servation that "the good of the
people is the primary considera-
tion; Government will have gen-
eral support in their decision to
settle an issue which has been
far too long delayed." The good
of the people has not been the
primary consideration. I have only
been the policy framed out in the
Secretariat by some official or
other. This is the bane of the
whole administration in this
country. People are not left to
select their own good; but the
bureaucratic Government wants
to foist what it considers good on
the people in the teeth of their
opposition. It is this policy which
has brought about the present
political conditions in the country
and created acute dissatisfaction
and unrest.—Yours faithfully,
J. K. MEHTA.
Santa Cruz, 19th Jan. 1935.

YOSHIWARA TO BE ABOLISHED

Tokyo's Gay Night Life District To Be Converted Into Hotel-Restaurant Area

The famous Yoshiwara quarter
of Tokyo, centre for centuries of
Tokyo gay night life, is to be
swept out of existence next year
as the result of an order issued
by the Chief of the Metropolitan
Police Board instructing brothel-
keepers that the name of the area
is to be changed and they must
convert their houses into hotels
or restaurants.

Over 200 houses, with nearly
3,000 inmates, are affected. The
women will become waitresses in
the restaurants and hotels and
closer supervision by the
police is expected to result in
the passing away of a state of
affairs which has been the subject
of severe strictures and strong cri-
ticism on the part of the public
opinion in Japan and elsewhere.

AID FOR DISTRESSED FAMILIES
Governmental agencies are being
mobilized to prevent the sale of
girls and young women as a result
of the distress prevailing in the
agricultural districts in north-
eastern Japan.

While police were ordered to re-
double their vigilance at railway
stations to stop in transit women
suspected of being transported
for immoral purposes, Home Office
authorities drew up plans to lend
money to their families to tide
them over these dire times.

Donations totalling 1,500,000
yen, made by the Mitsui and Mit-
subishi interests for famine relief
will be used for these loans it
is said.

Mr. T. Karasawa, director of the
Police Bureau of the Home Minis-
try, has further recommended
prefectural offices to maintain
close connections with one another
to prevent women from being driven
into undesirable occupations.

In every case where an applica-
tion is made for a licence for a
geisha, prostitute or the like Mr.
Karasawa's circular order stated,
thorough-going investigations
should be made into the reasons
why such an occupation is plan-
ned.

This action was apparently
prompted by the revelation by the
United Christian Famine Relief
Commission that approximately
10,000 girls and young women have
left the three prefectures of
Yamagata, Miyagi and Aomori
in recent months.

"Of this number," the Commis-

sion's report states, "the percent-
age of those who have gone into
geisha houses, brothels, restau-
rants, bars and other questionable
resorts is as follows: Yamagata, 40 per cent.; Miyagi, 50 per
cent.; Aomori, 20 per cent. The
bulk of the remainder have be-
come domestic servants and fac-
tory employees."

DESIRE TO HELP PARENTS.
These girls are consenting to be
sold into a life of vice because of a
desire to help their parents in
time of need and the fear that
they will become an added burden
to their homes and villages, the
report states.

The fight of young men from
the stricken villages is another
incentive for the girls, it stated.
In one village in Iwate prefecture,
between 600 and 700 young men
have left, the report asserted.

Private employment agencies
have been singled out by the police
for special supervision, following
reports that agents from such
places are persuading women to
enter immoral places by false
and exaggerated promises, a police
official declared.

All employment agents will be
required to supply their patrons
with the names of their intended
employers and the nature of work,
he stated. Those who force on
their employees work to which
they object will be severely
dealt with, he added.

The Salvation Army has also
renewed its efforts to rescue wo-
men from the clutches of un-
scrupulous employment agencies
by bringing them to Tokyo and
training them as housemaids in
the Women's Home at Toyozawa.
No money is advanced to the girls
in such a case because it would
immediately be claimed by credi-
tors of their parents a Salvation
Army official stated.—"Japan
Times."

Mr. R. S. Mani, ex-Manager of
the Laboratory Supplied Com-
pany, Bangalore, was convicted by
the Bangalore Sessions Judge, on
a charge of criminal misappropri-
ation in respect of a sum of
Rs. 100 belonging to the Company
and sentenced to imprisonment
till the rising of the court and to
a fine of Rs. 250.

BRAZIL Evolution Into Re- public And Political Eminence (Specially Contributed.)

The appointment of Mr. Fer-
nando Menezes Braganza as Con-
sul-General for Brazil in India
ought to be regarded as an event
of importance inasmuch as a
young Indian and graduate of
the Poona Agricultural College
has been chosen, probably for the
first time, for the distinction of
representing a South American
State like Brazil.

An Indian Tradition.
Mr. Menezes Braganza belongs
to a well-known political-literary
family in Portuguese India (his
sister and uncle occasionally con-
tribute to the columns of this
journal on subjects of aesthetico-
cultural importance) and is well-
equipped, under his father's train-
ing, for the work for which he
has been selected. The Brazilian
Government have been fortunate,
moreover, in the choice because,
the modern history of that coun-
try in its evolution first from a
Portuguese colony into a kingdom
and final emergence as an inde-
pendent Republic of the United
States of Brazil, holds out a pe-
culiar interest for the Indian con-
sciousness. The Indo-Brazilian
interests which possess various
possibilities could be promoted
with the safeguarding of vital in-
terests of Indian settlement in
that country which vanishes into
unexplored, virgin jungles of
the Amazon, if a man occupied
the consulate of the ability, out-
look and culture associated with
the Braganza-Cunha families.
Many Goan Indians have distin-
guished themselves not merely as
diplomats of unsurpassed ability
but men of character, principles
and liberalism that could be trac-
ed in the gentle pulsation of the
Indian blood.

Brazilian Constitution.
It would also be interesting to
briefly refer here to Brazil's re-
cent history in view of its polit-
ico-constitutional interest.—Al-
though discovered earlier by Co-
lumbus the earliest European set-
tlement in Brazil began with Pe-
dro Alvares Cabral a Portuguese
adventurer, occupying it about
1499. In 1815, Dom Pedro, the
son of the King of Portugal,
turned it into a kingdom and be-
came its Defender. The next
few years saw revolutionary polit-
ical changes and the Brazilian
independence was declared on the
7th September, 1822. The Con-
stitution was drafted by a consti-
tuent assembly and welds 20
states (or provinces) into a re-
publican federal state. The states
are practically autonomous with
an elaborate federal organization
that has been found quite work-
able. The President is elected
by popular vote with a four-year
term of office and the final touch
was put to the democratic consti-
tution by the introduction of adult
franchise on 24th February, 1932.
It is quite worthy of note that
Brazil has not figured as much as
some of the other sister-states in
South America in the periodic epi-
demic of revolutionary activity
and the position remains practi-
cally unchanged even to-day.

Germs Of Freedom.
From the historical viewpoint,
Brazil's independence and steady
rise could be traced first to the
inspiration of the European revo-
lutionary activity despite its top-
ographical isolation. However,
the Marquis of Pombal must be
considered the real architect of
Brazil's destiny because it was this
great Portuguese statesman who
broke the backbone of the Jesuit
power in Europe and the sphere of
European influence and paved the
way for progress. Brazil lived
through the first colonial period
of politico-ecclesiastical exploita-
tion like the other Asiatic and
American colonies and the ground
for later emancipation was pre-
pared by Pombal whose policies,
with all their faults, possessed
the germs of modern liberalism.
In 1821, the press censorship was
abolished in Brazil and, although
the curse of colonial domination
which somehow renders the crea-
tive genius of a country pathet-
ically sterile, Brazil has registered
some progress in intellectual
achievement. The modern Brazil-
ian literature, compared with the
Portuguese, is found to possess an
individuality which has even col-
oured its literary aspects. We
must remember that Brazil is a
country of 3,275,510 square miles
with a population of 40,272,650
souls and although Portuguese is
the official language in the major-
ity of states, Italian and German
are spoken in the South owing
to the 'emigre' population, includ-
ing a larger number of Japanese.

An Analysis.
Brazil is probably no exception to
the usual phenomenon of the South

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Americans states when with an
angry and impotent nationalist
and racial consciousness (may one
not find in this a trace of that
inferiority complex planted in
the tragic soil of Cortes's barbar-
ous conquest?) the majority of
states are found struggling in
the grip of either American or
English finance-capital, and its
'guiteness' in this respect may be
explained by its unassimilated
'emigre' population as much as
by the superiority of indigenous
capitalism. For Brazil is essen-
tially an agricultural country with
certain characteristics of socio-
political organic development.
Pombal carried the heritage of
the Latin Freedom from race-bias
and Brazil is the one country free
from this virulent infection of
fascistic origin and freed from
the influence of portuguese im-
perialism, the Brazilians probably
display the effects of the gentler
side of old Portuguese culture.

A dacoity is reported to have
been committed at Chauk Karori,
Amritsar. It is stated that five
dacoits broke the locks of about
four shops and finally broke open
the safe of Hakim Abdul Haq
wherefrom they are said to have
removed a sum of Rs. 900.

PRIMUS STOVE FATALITIES Coroner's Strictures

Ratanbai Hirjibhai Rana (33)
was scrubbing and cleansing a
lighted "criticism" stove on Wed-
nesday in her residence at Go-
lankal Hill, when the ends of her
'sari' came in contact and she
sustained burns.
She succumbed to her burns in
the hospital on Friday.
Verdict of death due to shock
following extensive burns was
recorded by the Coroner on Ra-
tanbai.

Victim Of Naked Oil Lamp.
The 'sari' of Ratanbai Fulan-
na (50) residing at 12 Lane, Ka-
matipura, came in contact with
a naked kerosine lamp on Thurs-
day and she sustained burns all
over her body.
She was immediately removed to
the J. J. Hospital where she died
on Friday.

Verdict of death due to septic
poisoning following burns acci-
dentally sustained from a naked
kerosine oil-lamp was return-
ed by the Coroner's Jury.
In the case of Saratbat Natha-
lal, residing at Galwadi, the
City Coroner refused to believe

the evidence of her husband who
said that she sustained burns
while she was boiling some wa-
ter on a "segree".
The City Coroner asked the
husband of the girl whether he
had any "primus-stove" in his
house.

Nathalal, the husband, pleaded
that they were not using "primus-
stove" on this occasion.
His wife used to employ
the stove for preparing tea in
the morning.

Holding that, despite his in-
cessant warnings about stove tra-
gedies, Gujaratis in general had
no sympathy for their young
wives, the Coroner said that he
would postpone the case.

Turning to Mr. Littlewood, of
the Princess Street Police, the
Coroner said that the Police had
no sympathy for the poor vic-
tims.

The investigating officer said
that he would bring a woman to-
day in the Court to give evi-
dence that she actually saw
the girl enveloped in flames.

The case was, then, adjourned
Madras has got a new quar-
ter-auna vernacular daily which ap-
peared from yesterday. The
"Swatantra Sangu" the tri-weekly
is converted into a daily, with Mr.
S. Ganesam as Editor.

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1935 Rich In Literary Anniversaries

Lytton's "Rienzi", Browning's "Paracelsus," Coleridge's "Table Talk," And Many Other Notable Works Appeared Century Ago:

The year 1835 was Carlyle's year of tragedy! On March 6th Mill called at Cheyne Row to confess that the first volume of the "French Revolution"—which Carlyle had lent him to read—had been used by a maid to light a fire. To the man to whom composition was hard labour, who had kept no notes, and could not recall a sentence, the task of re-writing was an appalling one, and it was months before he could nerve himself to begin, writes Mr. C. J. S. King in "John O'London's Weekly."

Yet despite that unfortunate but happily temporary loss to literature the output of 1835 was remarkable. There appeared: Lytton's "Rienzi," Browning's "Paracelsus," Coleridge's "Table Talk" (posthumously), Disraeli's "Vindication of the English Constitution," William Godwin's "Transfusion," Grimsdew's "Life and Works of Cowper," Hogg's "Montrose Tales," Leigh Hunt's "Captain Sword and Captain Pen," Murray's "Life and Works of Byron," Barry Cornwall's "Life of Edmund Keats," Douglas Jerrold's "Doves in a Cage," James Knowles's "Dictionary of the English Language," Hakewill's "Apology for the Architectural Monstrosities of London," Lubbock's work on "Eclipses, Cobden's first pamphlet, "England, Ireland, and America," and Eliza Cook's first verse, "Lays of a Wild Harp."

THACKERAY AS ARTIST. Dickens (still "Bod") became reporter to the "Morning Chronicle" in 1835. Geo. Cruikshank's "Cruikshankia" appeared (also the first number of his "Comic Almanack"); and Robert Seymour illustrated the "Squib Annual." Thackeray applied to illustrate "Pickwick"; Tennyson was silent; Anthony Trollope was in poverty; George Borrow was travelling in Spain; Charlotte Bronte returned to Roehead as a teacher (taking Emily with her as a pupil); Thomas Moore was pensioned (as was Southey and Faraday); and J. A. Roebuck, the Radical M.P., fought a duel with the editor of the "Morning Chronicle."

In America there appeared the first number of the "New York Herald"; Emerson was married a second time, and Poe became associated with the "Southern Literary

Messenger," to which he contributed "Berenice." The year 1834 had seen the passing of Lamb and Coleridge. In 1835 died William Cobbett, writer of plain and rugged English, and an Olympian amongst journalists; James Hogg, "the Ettrick Shepherd," second only to Burns among Scotland's peasant poets; William Motherwell, another Scots poet (author of "Jeanie Morison"); Michael Scott, author of "Tom Cringle's Log"; Thomas Taylor, "the Platonist"; John Mackay Wilson, author of "Tales of the Borders"; Michael Sadler, promoter of factory legislation and writer on social reform; Sir John Sinclair, writer on agriculture, and first President of the Board of Agriculture; and Felicia Hemans, the poet.

BIOGRAPHER OF A BIOGRAPHER. In 1835 were born Alfred Austin, who succeeded Tennyson as Poet Laureate, Samuel Butler, author of "Erewhon," the famous economist, W. S. Jevons, Thomas Hood "the Younger," W. W. Skeat, the great philologist, Sir George Birkbeck Hill, biographer of the prince of biographers (Boswell), and Richard Garnett, for nearly half a century attached to the British Museum Library. America saw the birth of Mark Twain, Andrew Carnegie, and Adah Isaacs Menck, actress and poet, the friend of Dumas, Dickens, and Swinburne.

On the Continent were born a century ago Lemontier, Belgium's greater prose writer, and Emile Gaboriau, master of the crime story. Now let us go back 200 years. In 1735 Samuel Johnson, young and impecunious, was married to the widow of a Birmingham mercer; Laurence Sterne matriculated; Handel's "Athalia" was first performed. There appeared also the "Histoire du Prince Titi," which the Prince of Wales was said to have instigated—although it caricatured his father and mother. Cesare Beccaria—whose classic, "On Crimes and Punishments," awoke the world's conscience—was born, as were also John Langens, co-translator of Plutarch; John Howie, author of "Scots Worthies"; and the two Scottish poets, James Beattie (author of "The Minstrel"), and William

Mickle ("There's Nae Luck About the House"). SHAKESPEARE'S GRAND-DAUGHTER.

There died in 1735 Wesley senior, father of nineteen children, including the great John, who went to Georgia that year. (Incidentally, George Whitefield, another celebrated preacher dated his conversion from 1735). Other celebrities who died in 1735 were: John Arbuthnot, wit, friend of Pope and Swift, and author of "History of John Bull"; John Gannell, who translated Seneca and Horace; and Thomas Hearne, a famous antiquary, who published editions of English chronicles.

Three hundred years ago the Academie Francaise was instituted by Richelieu; Shakespeare's grand daughter moved into his old residence, New Place; Edmund Waller began unsuccessfully to lay siege to "Sacharissa"; and there were published John Selden's "Mare Clausum," Thomas Heywood's "Hierarchy of the Blessed Angels," Massinger's "The Great Duke of Florence," and "The Olde, Olde, Very Olde Maime," which eulogized the longevity of "Old Parr," who died that year at the reputed age of 152! There was performed Sir William D'Avenant's "Temple of Love," for which Inigo Jones designed the scenery. In the same year Ben Jonson was advised to cease satirizing Inigo Jones, as the King disapproved!

In 1535 Miles Coverdale's Bible, begun in the previous year, was published—the first complete copy of the Scriptures in English. Tyndale (betrayed and arrested in the same year) revised his Testament; and there appeared Stephen Gardiner's famous "De Vera Quedentia"; and William Marshall's "Defence of Peace." Nor was secular literature without its classic—for 1535 was the year of new editions of Rabelais's "Gargantua and Pantagruel." Sir Thomas More, author of "Utopia" was executed on July, 7th in this year.

Catapino an Italian monk who compiled a polyglot dictionary was born in 1435. In 1235 there died Kichin, the great Jewish commentator; and a century earlier a greater Jew, the celebrated Malmonides, was born. The influence of his writings in Jewish thought is second only to that of Moses. Seven hundred and thirty-five saw the passing of the Venerable Bede, the brightest star in English literature before the Conquest. Finally, AD 35 was, according to many authorities, the year of the conversion of St. Paul.

the tenderest branch of literature the lyric. No other than Bukharin, the editor of "Pravda" overwhelmed the new Soviet lyric with his castigation. The officially acknowledged poets had long been Denman Bedny, the laureate of the Bolshevik State, and V. Mayakowsky, the late passionate drum major of the Civil War. "The time of propaganda songs of the type of Mayakowsky's is gone," Bukharin declared. "Is not the material of our poetry faint and poor in comparison with the content of our heroic life?" Bukharin demanded a new revolutionary romanticism instead of poetry that is nothing but political slogans in verse. "What we need is culture, culture, and again culture." And he suddenly turned to praise of Pasternak, whose beautiful lyrics belong to a world that lies far removed from political struggles. This volte-face was symptomatic.

If one searches for the root cause of this discontent, one finds it inevitably in the idea of freedom of the creative writer, a thing that is unknown in the Soviet Union. During this Congress word was pronounced that dangerous word "freedom," but it lurked behind all complaints and demands. If there is no freedom of the artistic personality there is no possibility of artistic truth. This truth has its own paths, which often run counter to the ruling order; that is why great literature has so often been a literature of revolt. It is no mere chance that satire in the Soviet Union is in the worst case of all. The talented satirical journalist Kolzoff said: "An honourable editor in Moscow once received a satirical story. He read it through and said: 'This is worthless stuff. It is too early yet for the proletariat to laugh; let our enemies laugh.' He believed that in the land of the Soviet, where the party has all power, there is nothing to criticize."

At the end of the congress statutes of the writers' association were adopted. They contained this declaration: "The decisive condition for the growth of literature is the direct connection of the literary movement with current questions of party politics and Soviet rule." Stalin said: "Writers should be engineers of the human soul." Thus they are perform made a part of the

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technical machinery of the State. During the congress someone asked a factory worker, "Why do you read books?" And he got the answer, "To learn the right way of living." Such has always been the attitude of the Russian to literature. Will the "engineers of the human soul" be able to teach the right way of living?

His Highness the Maharaja of Cochlin will proceed to New Delhi by a special train from Trichur on February 14. Mr. C. B. Herbert, Dewan of Cochlin will accompany him.

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Riddle Of Joan Of Arc

Was She A Witch Or A Saint?

Joan of Arc, in spite of Mr. Shaw, remains a mystery. His rationalization was never quite reasonable, for, while explaining much that romanticism had obscured, it buried several major issues. His play exhibited the probable character of the Maid; it showed a grasp of the broad outlines of that mediaeval civilization; it presented with no little understanding the case for Joan's judges; but it left unanswered at least two important questions—How, in practice, did she attain to the position in which she was able to do her work? and—Was she a witch, asks Mr. H. R. Williams, in the "John O'London's Weekly."

QUEEN OF THE FOUR
KINGDOMS

The first of these is admirably dealt with by Jehanne d'Orléans in "Joan of Arc and Her Companions" (Lippincott, 12s. 6d.)—a book which is addressed to much the same public as "Saint Joan." The author insists on the great part played by that extraordinary woman, Yolanda, Queen of the Four Kingdoms, who, as mother-in-law of Charles VII, was the virtual ruler of France (in so far as the Angevin Court party can be accurately described as "France") during those years. Both Michelet and Anatole France have noted the connection between Joan and Yolanda, but to them it was merely a passing incident. Mme. d'Orléans has developed it fully, has shown how the daring dynastic policy of the Queen, and in doing so has elucidated much that was puzzling in the tortuous policies of the time. If she had also treated the witchcraft question with similar skill, "Joan of Arc and Her Companions" would have been an important as well as an interesting book. But in the account of the trial she has adopted the old romantic view of the Church as the villain of the piece and dismissed as irrelevant the persistent questions which the ecclesiastical authorities who condemned Joan considered of extreme relevance.

WHAT IS A WITCH?

Mr. Shaw, of course, does the same. He realizes that Joan was burnt specifically as a witch, but, in his defence of the judges, attaches no importance to the fact. Yet one might more truly hold that the one excuse which can legitimately be made for those who condemned Joan of Arc to death was that, on the evidence they had every reason to believe that she was a witch, and, so believing, had only one course open to them.

The term "witch" is in these days misleading. It has nothing to do, of course, with the incredible tales of our childhood fairy tales. It is used here, in the sense that Joan's contemporaries used it, as meaning simply a member of the Dianic Cult, an adherent of the Old Religion which Christianity never quite succeeded in exterminating. In this short space it is not possible to give more than the briefest abstract of the case for the prosecution. (Those who are interested will find it dealt with in a scholarly fashion in Miss Margaret Murray's "The Witch-Cult in Western Europe.") In outline it is this.

ON HER OWN EVIDENCE

Joan's "Voices" were other members of the same cult. When she said that she saw "St Michael" "with my bodily eyes as well as I see you" and that he came "in the form of a true honest man," she was speaking the literal truth. And again, she was stating material facts when she recounted her conversation with "St. Catherine" in prison. Her references to "My Lord" and "The King of Heaven" had a connotation not only different from, but actually antithetical to, "Our Saviour" and "Our Lord," by which they are too often rendered in translation. ("This," as Miss Murray has remarked, "is not merely inaccurate, but actually misleading.") Her insistence on wearing male attire was the outward sign of her adherence to the Cult—which explains (as nothing else can) why the mere fact that she resumed it was the signal for her death without further trial. She consistently refused to take an oath on the Gospels—Mme. d'Orléans states, wrongly, that she swore "on the Bible"—though she was eventually persuaded to swear on the Missal. She would not answer the direct question as to whether or not she had denied God.

THE SIGN OF THE CROSS

She explained the use of the sign of the Cross in her letters thus: "Sometimes I put a cross as a sign for those of my party to whom I wrote, so that they should not do as the letters said"—on which Miss Murray pertinently comments: "It seems hardly pro-

bable that a Christian of that date would have used the symbol of the Faith for such a purpose." She refused to say the Lord's Prayer except in confession (that is to say, when the priest could not have revealed that she was not a Christian). She was forced to admit that she received her mission near the Fairy Tree—the sacred spot of the Old Religion—and one of her unguarded statements that she often saw her "Voices" "among the Christians" suggests, by its phrasing, a difference in religion. Her intimate connection with the debauchee Gilles de Rais, who was undoubtedly a member of the Cult, is significant, and though "the simplicity and purity of the one" is in marked contrast with the other, yet anthropologically speaking the tie between the two is as

strongly marked as the contrast of character. CONFLICT OF TWO RELIGIONS In short, "the questions asked by the judges at Joan's trial show that they were well aware of an underlying organization of which they stood in some dread. The judges were ecclesiastics and the accusation against the prisoner was on points of Christian faith and doctrine and ecclesiastical observance. It was the first great trial of strength between the old and the new religions, and the political conditions gave victory to the new."

Read in the light of this interpretation Mme. d'Orléans' account of the trial reveals more than she herself sees in it. Historically, she is to be thanked for stressing the political importance of Yolanda; the future biographer of Joan will not neglect her contribution, but will combine it with deeper anthropological research to provide an interpretation which will make Mr. Shaw's as untrue as Mr. Shaw finds Shakespeare's.

CHOLERA AND
PLAGUE SUBSIDEFigures For Last Week
Show Considerable Falling
Off In Casualties

The health conditions in the Bombay Presidency for the week ended January 19th were as under: Plague.—In the presidency there were in all 157 attacks and 86 deaths from plague against 231-151 in the previous week. The returns by districts including town circles were as follows:—Satara 52 attacks and 23 deaths against 115-65; Dhawar 32-23 against 76-35; Kaira 25-15 against 34-17; Sholapur 21-10 against 18-14; Bijapur 14-5 against 15-4; Belgaum 13-9 against 14-10 and Kanara 0-1 against 5-3.

Cholera.—The presidency cholera figures for the week were 6 attacks and 3 deaths against 16 attacks and 8 deaths in the previous week. Nasik district reported 3 attacks and 1 death against 2-0 in the previous week; East Khandesh 2-0 against nil; West Khandesh 0-1 against 11-4 and Poona 1-1 against nil.

Small-pox figures for the week are:—West Khandesh district 177 attacks and 37 deaths; Poona 159-

67; Nasik 134-21; Belgaum 114-13; Kanara 78-8; Satara 76-12; East Khandesh 72-18; Dhawar 58-3; Ahmednagar 57-16; Bijapur 53-5; Ahmedabad 43-9; Kolaba 39-2; Kaira 38-23; Broach, 26-5; Sholapur 14-0; Thana 9-0; Karachi 0-1; Hyderabad 8-4; Thar Parkar 7-2 and Bombay city 23-15. Total 1,185 attacks and 261 deaths against 1122-239 in the previous week.

Primary vaccination and re-vaccination of the adults is being resorted to in and around the affected areas.

Poona city reported 103 attacks and 59 deaths against 85-36 in the previous week. 560 primary and 3,888 re-vaccinations were performed in the city during the week.

Seventeen attacks and 3 deaths from small-pox occurred in Poona cantonment area during the period.

Cerebro-spinal fever:—Seventeen attacks and 10 deaths from cerebro-spinal fever were recorded in the presidency during the week as against 12 attacks and 8 deaths in the previous week. Ahmedabad city reported 7 attacks and 6 deaths; Dhawar district 8-0; Karachi city 0-1; Sind Convict Gang, Hyderabad 1-2 and Hyderabad Central Prison 1-1.

One death from influenza was reported from Bombay city during the week.

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Here's the Jungle—All of it—
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On SUNDAY, 27-1-35 Day at 3-30 p.m.

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Our Baroda Letter

RELIEF FOR BARODA
PEASANTSYuvaraja Promises To
Mitigate Their Miseries

(From Our Correspondent).
BARODA. (By Mail).
Dewan Sir V. T. Krishnamachariar has arrived from New Delhi to-day after attending Indian State Ministers Conference.

PLIGHT OF PEASANTS
It is understood that an urgent meeting of the State Executive Council will be called very shortly to discuss the problem of relief of the agriculturists. The recent cold wave has affected almost all parts of the State but there is a little sign of relief that Eeyi and Okhamandal are very little affected. The authorities are busy collecting facts and figures of the damages caused by the recent frost. The organisers of Baroda Praja Mandal are also collecting data for the purpose. It is hoped the Government will grant adequate relief to the peasants. The agriculturists urge prompt and immediate relief. They are suffering losses since last seven years one way or the other and this cold wave disaster has augmented their troubles.

Yuvaraja Prince Pratapsinhrao Raju has assured the peasants that the Government was considering their case and the needful would be done to mitigate their miseries.

TYABJEE'S TOUR.
Due to the cold wave disaster Sjt. Abbas Tyabjee has postponed his tour of Mehsana district. He is advising workers to take steps for getting adequate relief for the peasants.

LAUDABLE EXAMPLE.
In lieu of death-dinner Mr. Darubhai Kashibhai, of Karala, Siner Taluka of Baroda district, has donated Rs. 201 to girls' education. Rs. 10 to Vithal Kanyavidyalaya, Rs. 10 to Siner Education fund, etc.

SIKH SAVED
FROM GALLOWS

LAHORE, Jan. 24
Madan Singh and three other Bhatias of village Mangat in Gujarat District who were convicted on a charge of murder and rioting were acquitted by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Abdul Rashid of the Lahore High Court.

It was alleged that the accused suspecting illicit intimacy of Madan Singh's wife with the deceased attacked Pearsa Singh deceased and killed him. The Sessions Judge sentenced Madan Singh to death and others to two years' rigorous imprisonment.—United Press.

RAIN TO EXTEND
IN CENTRAL INDIASnow Will Continue In
Kashmir

POONA, Jan. 25.
The western disturbance has caused nearly general rain in Kashmir east and north Punjab, and west United Provinces and local rain in east United Provinces, south-west Punjab and along the North West Frontier.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Mussorie three quarters; Mukteswar half; Dehra Dun quarter; Dharampur, Sialkot, Sonamarg, Muree, one and a half each; Rawalpindi one; Simla, Ludhiana, Srinagar half each; Delhi, Parachinar, Dalbandin quarter each.

FORECAST.
Rainfall will decrease in the plains of the Punjab, North West Frontier Province, increase in the United Provinces and extend in central parts of the country and Bihar and Chota Nagpur. Local falls of rain or snow will continue in Kashmir and the Punjab Kumaon hills.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 25-1-1935.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus 0.25
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 70.0 degrees
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 62.0 degrees
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 80.4 degrees 2.3 below normal
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 60.2 degrees 0.3 below normal
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 61 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N N E
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hour.
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 150 miles

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING
DATED 25-1-35

At 8.7 a.m. local time (8.46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 74.8 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.23 inches and a compensated aneroid 30.05 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

CHECKING RECKLESS
COMPETITIONPochkhanawala Suggests
Bankers' Association

CALCUTTA. (By Mail).
A suggestion that, on the establishment of the Reserve Bank, a Bankers' Association should be formed with a view 'inter alia' to checking reckless and unhealthy competition among banking institutions and devising means whereby they might co-operate with one another to bring their mutual interest was made by Sir Sorabji Pochkhanawala, Managing Director of the Central Bank of India, replying to an address from the officers and staff of the Calcutta Main Office and local branches of the Bank congratulating him upon the Knighthood conferred on him.

SERVICES TO COUNTRY

The function took place on the beautifully illuminated grounds of Galstaun Park this evening and ended with an exhibition of fire-works. The address referred to Sir Sorabji's "great and invaluable services to the country in establishing indigenous banking on sound principles, fostering among Indians habits of thrift and further training them to look after their financial affairs by introducing different attractive schemes for their savings and welfare" and also to his appointment as Chairman of the Ceylon Banking Enquiry Commission and the United Provinces Industrial Finance Committee.

Lady Pochkhanawala was presented with an exquisitely worked jewellery case.

Mr. Adamji Haji Dawood, the President, Mr. J. N. Basu, and Mr. D. P. Khaitan, on behalf of the Calcutta Advisory Committee referred in eloquent terms to the ability of Sir Sorabji.

REAL "SAHADHARMINI"
In welcoming Lady Pochkhanawala Mr. Khaitan referred to her as Sir Sorabji's "Sahadharmini" and said that unlike other great men such as Signor Mussolini, Napoleon Bonaparte and Mahatma Gandhi, who had hardly allowed any feminine influence to pervade their mission in life, Sir Sorabji, who was one of India's greatest men from the stand-point of her financial credit in the world, owed much to his wife for all the great achievements he had attained.

THROUGH THICK AND
THIN

Replying to the address Sir Sorabji said that the success of the Central Bank was not the result of the efforts of a single individual, but that several factors had co-ordinated to enable the bank to achieve its present proud position. He recalled the numerous difficulties which Indian banks had to encounter 20 years ago when they opened business in Calcutta in the matter of credit among well established British and foreign banks. A change, he added, had since taken place and to-day the Central Bank as an indigenous banking concern commanded respect and credit among all the banks in Calcutta.

INDIGENOUS BANKS.

"Indigenous banks", continued Sir Sorabji, "must grow and flourish in India, for it would be only through indigenous banks that our trade and industries could be expected to thrive. The history of indigenous banks in India will in no way be found discouraging if we were to compare it with that of Banks in other parts of the world. With proper support at the hands of the Government and with the patronage and co-operation from the public, indigenous banks are bound to forge ahead in course of time."

Finally he offered a word of advice to the employees of the Central Bank and said, "If our indigenous financial institutions are to be preserved and solid progress demanded of them, the public is not only entitled to expect but it must have absolute assurance that the business of our commercial banks is being carried on in a manner which commands complete confidence. It is my firm conviction that under a banking system wisely improved and co-ordinated the country's financial system should be able effectively and permanently to help our trade and industries and to foster national welfare."

Among those present were Sir David Ezra, Mr. Justice S. K. Ghose, Mr. Justice D. N. Mitter, the Maharaj Kumar of Burdwan, Mr. C. C. Biswas, Col. D. P. Goll, Rai Bahadur B. R. Singh, Dr. B. N. Prasad, Mr. B. N. Roy Chowdhury and Mr. S. C. Mitter.

Mr. N. L. Puri with Mr. D. N. C. Nanavatty, Mr. B. C. Maitra, and Mr. A. Husain was in charge of the arrangements and a band of the Devonshire Regiment provided music during the evening.

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G. S. B. SCHOLARSHIP
LEAGUE

The annual general meeting of the Gowd Saraswat Brahmin Scholarship League was held in the Maratha High School on Sunday last under the presidency of Mr. M. D. Gaitonde. 29 members and more than a dozen visitors were present. Messrs. R. R. Divakar and Hukerikar, Karnatak Leaders, also graced the occasion.

Mr. Prabhu, in moving the adoption of the report, stated that it was apparent from the report that the League was steadily progressing; but he regretted the apathy of many of the past scholars of this institution who had failed to repay the amount of help they received in the initial stages of their career. He asserted that it was not in the least true that the management was showing partiality towards N. Kanara students; if at all, the scale was weighted in favour of South Kanara. The report which was unanimously adopted, showed that the managing committee had made a provision of Rs. 1,800 in scholarships for distribution among poor students during the current year.

It was also resolved to get the Institution registered. Dr. A. V. Balla, F.R.C.S., was elected President for the next year. After the election of new managing committee members, local representatives, members on the advisory board, etc., the president, Mr. Gaitonde, emphasised that whatever work he was able to do during his presidency was wholly due to the ungrudging assistance of his co-workers and that all credit was due to them rather than to himself. He also reiterated that the League would not be in a position to help even a minimum number of deserving scholars from the community unless every attempt was made to better its financial position.

A vote of thanks to the chair and to the various Institutions and newspapers, etc., for the help that they have ungrudgingly rendered to the League during the year, concluded the proceedings. The new managing committee consists of the following members:—
Mr. R. K. Prabhu (chairman); Messrs. Govind S. Gudal and N. Prabhu, Jt. secretaries; S. R. Pai and D. S. Gaitonde Jt. treasurers; G. V. Kamat, K. M. Naik, S. G. Shanbhag, K. J. Fowkar and Y. L. Shanbhag members.

BOMBAY DEPORTEES
ARRESTED AT KURLA

(From Our Correspondent).

KURLA, Jan. 25.
The Kurla police have arrested Bashir Isaki, Hakim Baku and Hari Pundlik, three Bombay deportees, on a charge under section 46 (5) of the District Police Act for alleged unauthorised entry. They have been remanded to custody for five days.

Abdul Rehman Sultan alias Umashankar Ramjagat, a deportee of Bombay, was convicted yesterday by the Resident Magistrate at Kurla on a charge of having entered Kurla without permission of the police under section 46 (5) of the Bombay District Police Act and was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.



**STOP GAMBLING
with your
FUTURE**

To take no thought for tomorrow, for next month, for next year, and the years ahead, is a foolish policy. The best, safest, wisest policy of all is one taken out with

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EUROPEANS AND
VICEROY'S SPEECH

NEW DELHI, January 24.

Sir Leslie Hudson, Leader of the European Group, giving his impressions to an "Associated Press" representative after the Viceroy's address to the Assembly said:—

The Viceroy gave a very full review of what has taken place during the recess in various matters, particularly the setting up of various departments of research for the improvement of the agricultural and other conditions of India.

His Excellency gave a masterly review of the J. P. C. Report and an anticipation of the constitution of the India Bill, which will shortly be in our hands. The Viceroy made an eloquent appeal for dispassionate consideration of the further long step towards the goal of Indian political aspirations which should surely find an echo in the minds of all moderate minded men.

I think that the desire of the European community in India is that the advancement towards equality of Status with other partners in the British Commonwealth of Nations shall make for the real progress of India and its peoples.—A. P.

The Admiralty announces that H. M. S. "Hood" and H. M. S. "Renown" were involved in a collision about noon on Wednesday during exercises off the coast of Spain. Slight structural damage was sustained by both the ships. There was no injury to the personnel. Both the vessels are proceeding to Gibraltar in accordance with their programme.

GRIEVANCES OF
RUTLAM RAILWAYMENB.B. & C.I. Ry. Agent Asked
To Enquire Into Matter

Shriyut Manilal Kothari, Hon. Secretary, B. B. & C. I. Ry., Employees Association has sent the following telegram from Baroda to the Agent B. B. & C. I. Ry., Bombay.

"During my recent tour found traffic staff Rutlam District generally discontented for not getting due leave when badly required and over recent reduction of staff on job analysts recommendations under pretext economy. Staff mostly very hard worked and feeling worried."

"Condition Rutlam trains clerks really pitiable working 12 hours under heavy pressure after reduction of two train clerks. Removal of shunters from Shamgarh causing great hardship. Guards don't get scheduled rest of 15 hours at headquarters as entitled. Earnestly request you to kindly enquire and take prompt and proper measures so as to ensure contentment amongst aggrieved staff."

FINED Rs. 20 FOR
RASH DRIVING

Mr. H. G. Wastle, who was charged under Sec. 5a of the Motor Vehicles Act for rash and negligent driving was sentenced to a fine of Rs. 20 by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum.

On 27th November last, while he was driving motor car No. W1818 along the Queen's Road, he is stated to have tried to overtake motor cycle No. W149 driven by Mr. Hormusji B. Anhu, on the wrong side and bumped into the left wheel of the side-car. The accused pleaded not guilty.

GERMANY GOING BACK ON CHRISTIANITY

Pacifism And Meekness Of Sermon On Mount Are Foreign To German Spirit, Says Leader Of Neo-Pagan Movement

Describing the "Pagan Movement" now making rapid headway in Nazi Germany, the Berlin correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian" writes:—

Biological and racial conceptions based upon the Gobineau-Houston Chamberlain theories and Wagnerian romanticism are to be found in the books which feed the German neopagan stream as well as the more strictly scientific contributions of ethnology, anthropology, and Teutonic early history and pre-history. Perhaps in the enumeration of some of the neo-pagan teachings the ideas of Herr Rosenberg should have an early place if only because of the important position he occupies in the Nazi State as one who holds them and promotes their growth.

In Herr Rosenberg's philosophy nationalism, in which blood is so vital a contribution, is all-important. Religion must take second place to nationalism and the interests of the State. He believes that with the blood and the race go the special character, genius, and the soul of individual peoples. The democratic idea he holds to be philosophically false and opposed to biological principles. Natural law, he holds is aristocratic. The biologically superior elements must be promoted. The equality of man is an absurd teaching.

There is no doubt that the religion of Jesus was the preaching of the doctrine of love (Herr Rosenberg writes in his "Mythus") All religion is pre-eminently and in reality a spiritually stimulating emotion which is always at least closely related to love. Nobody will despise this feeling. It creates the spiritual fluid between man and man. But a German religious movement capable of developing into a People's Church will have to teach that the ideal of love of one's neighbour is definitely to be subordinated to the conception of national teaching; that no action by a German Church can be approved which does not first and foremost serve the interests of the security of the nation. An irreconcilable antagonism is revealed to doctrines which openly declare that the obligations of membership of the Church stand higher than the obligations of membership of the nation.

COUNT REVENTLOW

Professor Bergman has laid down the following confession of the German faith:—
I believe in the God of the German religion; in the noble spirit of the many, and in the strength of my own people. I believe in the Helper Jesus who strives for the ennoblement of man. I believe in Germany, the original home of the new mankind.

Count Reventlow thinks that the Christian Churches are inadequate for the expression of the religious aspirations of the German people and wishes the Faith movement to be an ally of the Churches in combating the materialist outlook, which he regards as sterile.

The German Faith movement (he says) rests on the conviction that religious longing is part of the being of the German people. The longing for religious satisfaction has never been more ardent than at the present time. But the great mass of the people are unable to find in Christian teaching and Christian Church dogmas the fulfilment of these cravings. The German Faith movement must offer them an alternative which is fashioned from the consciousness of the German inner nature. The Faith movement therefore offers itself as a comrade in alliance in the struggle against the widespread annihilating materialism which is destroying the people's life.

The positive foundation of the religions both of Christianity and the Faith movement is derived from the divination that there is something greater than man, that something supernatural exists which man cannot comprehend. Both have their source in the desire for a more perfect and a nobler life than is available on earth. In the feeling of guilt that is associated with the consciousness of this imperfection, and of personal responsibility for our elevated moral plane. But every pronouncement about an unknowable divinity must be rejected, for to the Germanic faith everything divine is merely a parable, an allegory, a simile. The German faith regards it as arrogance if the Churches presume to pronounce upon the divine

and seek to compel others to their view.

PROFESSOR HAUER
Professor Hauer has said that the German Faith movement rejects the morality of the Old Testament, including the Ten Commandments, and also opposes many of the doctrines of the New Testament, including the Sermon on the Mount. Pacifism and meekness are foreign to the spirit of the German man. Nevertheless, he has also stated:

The German Faith movement and the Christian faith belong definitely together. We desire to share in the religious teaching of the German schools and hope that coming legislation will enable us to do so. We further wish to have established university chairs for the spreading of the Teutonic-German (Germanisch-Deutsch) faith as well as the creation of communities. One of our chief tasks is the teaching of the German religion to former freethinkers.

But Professor Hauer has also forecast the decline of Christianity. Recently he stated:—
The old Teutonic sagas, which contain an inexhaustible wealth of the profoundest thought, should be included as valuable pre-Christian tradition in the education of the young German. Christianity as the central normative power in the German people is an episode in German history, and this episode is coming to an end.

The German Faith movement reveals already the beginnings of a future ritual. Prince zu Lippe, one of the powerful adherents of the sect, has offered the movement a site near Doberan, in Mecklenburg, for a German National Shrine, or Holy Grove. The German Faith movement also conducts a Youth Dedication ceremony, which corresponds to confirmation in the Churches. Marriages are also celebrated by the movement.

ALARM OF CHURCHES

Both the Protestant and the Catholic Churches in Germany are in a state of considerable alarm at the growth of neo-paganism, which they regard as a menace to Christianity and the Churches. The threat to Christianity is not regarded as lying in the existing adult membership of two to three millions which the German Faith movement and allied sects have, nor even in the work the neo-pagan movement is doing to gain converts by its meetings and its literature. In the view of ministers and priests, the danger lies in the universal secularism of youth which has been effected in the Nazi State by the absorption of the Protestant and the Catholic Youth movements into the Hitler Youth, which, of course includes the German Girls' League, and the exposure of youth to paganistic influences in these organisations. It is in the State youth organisations, which are controlled by Rosenberg and his collaborators, that youth are taught to be Nazis and learn the rudiments of the Nazi political faith, largely by readings from and lectures upon Hitler's "My Struggle"—hardly a work of Christian morals—and Rosenberg's paganistic "Mythus." These courses are supplementary to what the young people learn of "Blood and Soil" doctrines in the schools themselves. The effect of the anti-Christian doctrines they imbibe is stated to be slow-working because the textbooks are not modes of clear exposition, but regularly repeated doses which they resist.

The fight for the soul of German youth is the foremost issue in the conflict of the Roman Catholic Church with the Nazi State. This issue is not so apparent in Protestantism's differences with the State, but is not a whit the less actual. A Church authority told me recently that nearly half the Evangelical Youth members incorporated now into the Hitler Youth were lost to the Church and that the Roman Catholics had lost about a third of their youth. The reason why fewer Catholic than Protestant youth had been lost to the Church was that Catholicism had from the outset offered strong resistance to losing hold of its organisations, while the Evangelical Youth organisations had been handed over to the State by the Primate, Dr. Müller.

A census of cattle and agricultural implements in Travancore, is arranged to be conducted under the supervision of the Land Revenue and Income Tax Commissioner.

WHAT IS MISSING

SERIES NO. 2.

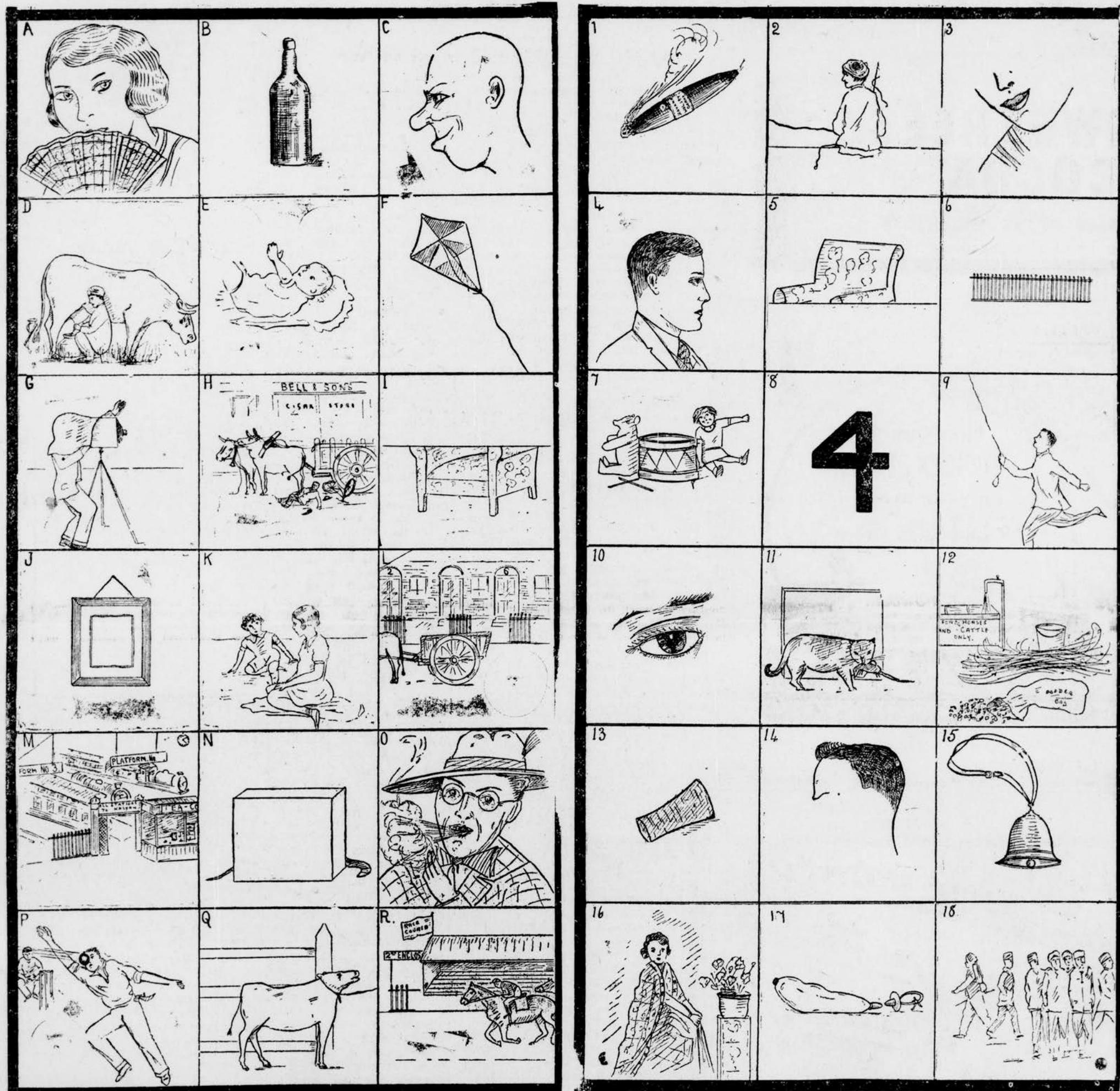
COMPETITION

1st Prize
Rs. 500

2nd Prize
Rs. 200

3rd Prize
Rs. 100

Consolation
Prizes
Rs. 200



In view of the great response received in respect of "What is Missing" Competition which was run in this paper during the month of September, 1934, and the requests from our readers to run another similar competition, we are giving this time a second series of the same.

In the set of pictures on the left marked A, B, C more articles, persons, animals, objects or parts are missing.

The set of pictures on the right numbered 1, 2, 3 provide the missing articles, persons, animals, objects or parts.

For instance the illustration on the left marked "I" shows the lower half of a chair. The missing upper half of the chair is given in picture No. 5 on the right. You have, therefore, to enter No. 5 against "I" in the coupon. Similarly fill in the coupon for other numbers and send in your entries observing the following rules:—
Remember to send your entries before 6TH FEBRUARY, 1935.

1. When you have filled in all the Numbers write your name and address in full stating number of entries enclosed and send your entries accompanied with an entrance fee of As. 8 for each entry either by hand delivery or through post as under:—

A. HAND DELIVERY—Local competitors may if they so wish, hand over their entries at our office with entrance fee of As. 8, in cash for each entry and obtain a receipt for the same. All entries will be received at the counter during office hours from 10 a.m. to 5-30 p.m.

B. REGISTERED POST AND MONEY ORDERS—Entries by Registered Post and Money Orders must be sent to our office address: Competition Manager, "Red House", 140, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay. (Registered covers or money orders to Post Box address will not be accepted by the Post Office.)

C. ORDINARY POST—The covers must be addressed to The Competition Manager, Box No. 706, (Seven hundred and six) G. P. O., Bombay.

2. Competitor may submit any number of entries provided a separate entrance fee of EIGHT ANNAS in stamps of half or quarter anna, cash or by money order is sent for each entry. In case of remittance by Money Order the P. O. Receipt must accompany the Entries. A Competitor, however, cannot win more than one prize in this competition. Solution of this competition will be accepted only on our entry coupon.

3. Insufficient Entrance Fee enclosed with Entries will disqualify the Competitors submitting such entries.

4. All entries must be received in this office by the last Post on 6th February, 1935, the closing date. Any entry received after this date will not be included in the competition.

5. Corrections or mutilations of entries will disqualify the competitor.

6. In case of ties, the management reserves the right to distribute the Prize Money among the winning competitors in any manner they like.

7. No responsibility is accepted for any entry mislaid, lost or delayed. No correspondence will be entered into or interviews granted. All competitors enter this competition, on the distinct understanding that the Competition Manager's decision is absolutely final and legally binding in all matters pertaining to this competition. This is an express condition of entry.

8. It is a combined competition of the "Bombay Chronicle", "Bombay Samachar" and the "Bombay Sentinel". The Prizes will be announced on the 14th February, 1935.

ENTRY COUPON

Illustrations.	Illustrations.	Illustrations.	Illustrations.
A		J	
B		K	
C		L	
D		M	
E		N	
F		O	
G		P	
H		Q	
I	5	R	

Name.....

Address.....

Closing Date 6th February 1935



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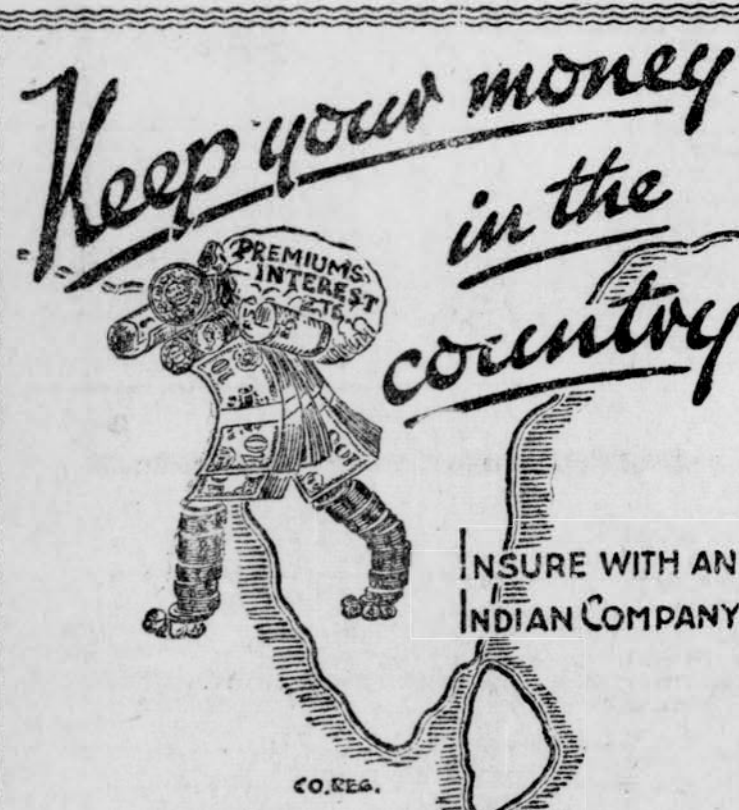


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WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

From Our Special Correspondent.
Bombay, January 25.

MONEY.
Call funds were in demand throughout the week and the rate ranged between 3 and 3-1/2 per cent. The mid-month gilt-edged settlement, together with seasonal demand for money, account for the present situation. Towards the finish, however, rates relaxed slightly owing to treasury bill maturities amounting to Rs. 340,50,000 which exceed renewals by Rs. 184 lakhs. The market received in addition about Rs. 1.33 crores being the proceeds of 1 million sterling sold to Government. The rate of acceptance for Treasury Bill was increased from Rs. 1-12-0 to nearly Rs. 2 per cent. Government repaid Rs. 3 crores against ways and means advances, thus reducing the outstanding debt under this head to Rs. 1 crore. The trade demand shows a small increase of Rs. 47 lakhs. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—

IMPERIAL BANK.
The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as on January 18, 1935, shows an increase of Rs. 113.44 lakhs in the cash balance of the Bank, now standing at Rs. 17,21,54,000 as compared with Rs. 15.08 crores at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 21.18, an increase of 1.80 over last week. Loans and inland bills discounted have declined by Rs. 12.74 lakhs and Rs. 8.75 lakhs respectively, while cash credits have risen by Rs. 25.68 lakhs. Government deposits have increased by Rs. 147.02 lakhs and other deposits by Rs. 45.10 lakhs to Rs. 6.09 crores and Rs. 73.94 crores respectively. The item of Government securities shows an increase of Rs. 48.14 lakhs to Rs. 43.42 crores. The Bank rate continues unchanged at 3-1/2 per cent.

GILT-EDGED MARKETS.
There was comparatively little business in the gilt-edged market, all interest being centered in shares. Price movements were narrow, but there were more sellers than buyers in long term loans, 3-1/2 per cent. Paper ranged between Rs. 98 and Rs. 98 1/2 with the speculative turnover on a restricted scale, 3 per cent. Bonds 1941 closed at Rs. 101 1/2 and 3-1/2 per cent, 1947/50 at Rs. 102 1/4, 4 per cent, 1950/70 Loan was steady at Rs. 110 1/2, while 4-1/2 per cent 1955/60 improved slightly to Rs. 117 1/4, 5 per cent 1939/44 Loan was unchanged at Rs. 108, 1940/43 at Rs. 109, while 5 per cent, 1945/55 eased to Rs. 118 1/2, 5-1/2 per cent, 1938/40 Bonds were placed at Rs. 109 1/2, 6-1/2 per cent, Bombay Development Loan remained steady at Rs. 103 1/4, while 6-1/2 per cent, Treasury Bonds quietened to Rs. 102 3/4.

CURRENCY RETURN.
The Currency Return of 15th January 1935 shows a decrease of Rs. 48.17 lakhs in notes in circulation to Rs. 133.99 crores. Silver coins are down by Rs. 64.22 lakhs to Rs. 80.61 crores and silver bullion by Rs. 43.16 lakhs to Rs. 13.95 crores. Gold bullion is unchanged at Rs. 41.55 crores. Securities in India show an increase of Rs. 59.09 lakhs to Rs. 33.63 crores, while those in England show no change at Rs. 14.24 crores. The percentage of metallic reserve to circulation is 73.98 as against 74.36 a week ago.

EXCHANGE.
Rates in the sterling exchange market were firm throughout, with sellers of ready T.T. at 1/6 3/32d, and buyers at 1/6 1/8d. Monetary stringency coupled with fresh business done in ready gold for export accounted for this strength. Government received £150,000 tenders for sterling at 1/6

1/8d, and about £55 million were offered at 1/6 3/32d, of which Government allotted only 1.5 lakhs. Forward quotations were also steady, February/March being quoted at 1/6 3/16, April/May 1/6 1/32d, and June 1/6 1/4d. The markets in foreign exchanges were relatively more stable this week, the New York London cross rate ranging between 4.68 and 4.89 and the Paris/London cross rate between 74.15 and 74.71. The Italian lira finished at 57.56 and the Belgia at 21.08-12.

GOLD.
Gold market was steady at the opening, but in the absence of inquiry from banks, prices tended to sag, ready dropping from Rs. 35-1-9 to Rs. 34-14-6, on Monday. At this juncture it became known that the decision in connection with the gold clause which was pending before the Supreme Court in the U. S. A. was adjourned till 4th February, whereupon activity revived and there was buying inquiry from foreign banks. This caused the rate of ready gold to advance to Rs. 35-1-3 per tola. Towards the end however, sterling tended to appreciate both in terms of the dollar and the franc, with the result that the quotation for ready gold in London dropped by 9-12d. to 141s. 4d. per oz. yesterday and the price in the local market declined proportionately to Rs. 34-13-3. The arrivals from country are small and are estimated at 15,000 tolas a day. Stocks on hand aggregate 5 lakhs tolas, while the daily off-take averages 3,000 tolas. The price of sovereign moved sympathetically and closed at Rs. 22 for ready and Rs. 22-0-6 for forward. In London the quotation for gold improved from 141-11 to 142-1-1/2, but declined at the close to 141-4d. Last week's shipment of gold per s.s. "Strathnaver" amounted to Rs. 70.16 lakhs. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 35-2 and Rs. 34-11-3 for ready, Rs. 35-2-3 and Rs. 34-11-3 for 21st January settlement and Rs. 35-3-9 and Rs. 34-12-9 for 19th February settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 32,293 in baits and coin.

SILVER.
Uncertainty regarding the import duty continues to dominate operations in the silver market. The natural consequences of this has been the widening of the gap between the price for ready and the after budget settlement, i.e., March settlement. The difference was as wide as Rs. 3/8 yesterday, but towards the close it narrowed to about Rs. 3 with the result that the quotation for January settlement which had declined to Rs. 63-13, moved up to Rs. 64-6. The tone of the market is steady as can be judged from quotations for March settlement which keep very close to the import parity. So long as this uncertainty lasts the near position will remain at a discount. The stocks on hand amount to 25,000 bars, where as the daily off-take continues unchanged at about 10 bars. The highest and lowest rates in London were 24-5/8d. and 24-9/16d. for ready and 24-3/4 and 24-11/16d. for forward. In Shanghai the dollar improved from 1/5, 1/8 to 1/5, 7/16. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 64-14 and Rs. 63-13 for ready, and 24th January settlement and Rs. 65-5 and Rs. 64-4 for 23rd February settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 40,778 in coins.

SHARES.
Hectic conditions characterised the stock exchange and there was active trading in all sections. Mill shares which had been in the back ground for the last several days came into the limelight, quotations advancing by several points in the highly priced shares. The turn-over was large and Steels did not lose their usual attraction; and although there were erratic movements during the period, the undertone remained firm. Temporary relapses were occasioned by profit-taking owing to the approach of the settlement. Following were the fluctuations in some of the cotton mill shares:—

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Jan 24
Broach A/M opening 237; highest 239 3/4; lowest 236 1/4; closing 236 1/4
Omra D/J opening 238 1/2; highest 239; lowest 234; closing 234
Omra March opening 235 1/2; highest 236 1/2; lowest 233 1/2; closing 233 1/2
Omra May opening 234 1/4; highest 236; lowest 231; closing 231
Bengal D/J opening 163; highest 163; lowest 162; closing 163 3/4
Bengal March opening 164 1/2; highest 164 1/2; lowest 162 3/4; closing 163 3/4
Bengal May opening 166 1/2; highest 166 1/2; lowest 165; closing 165 3/4
Tejmandi for Broach A/M 1935 (31-3-35) Rs. 21 1/2
Tejmandi for Broach Settlement (21-2-35) Rs. 14 1/4

COTTON CONTRACTS

Bengal and Omra D/J contracts ran out to-day at Rs. 164 and Rs. 238 respectively.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Jan 25
The local gold market was easy to-day on increased selling. Advances from Paris were discouraging and considerable nervousness prevails regarding the decision of the Supreme Court in America. Operators are cautious and there is utter absence of any buying. The silver market was quiet but steady and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. There was extensive selling in gold which depressed prices to Rs. 34.12, but short covering raised prices.
Ready silver 64 2 0
February settlement 64 2 0
March settlement 64 10 0
Ready gold 34 13 6
March settlement 34 14 0
April settlement 34 15 0

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Jan 25
Ready Java Rs. 13-10
Shipment Jan Rs. 3-13-6
Shipment Feb-March Rs. 3-13-6
Shipment April-May Rs. 3-14-6
Shipment July-Sept Rs. 3-15-6
Shipment Oct-Dec Rs. 4-0-3
Kesar Rs. 13-14
Sara Rs. 13-10
Purabpur Rs. 13-7
African Rs. 13-7
Java spot F. 3-40

TRAVANCORE NATIONAL BANK, LTD.

The net profits for the year just ended after writing off Rs. 16,907-3-2 on account of depreciation, Branch Preliminary Expenses and expenses for new issue of shares amounted to Rs. 80,767-4-7, the highest ever made by the Bank since its inception in 1912. Including the balance carried forward from last year's account, the amount is Rs. 91,026-2-0.
Out of this an ad-interim dividend at 2 per cent per annum for the first half year has been already paid and Rs. 30,000 transferred to reserves. The Directors now recommend payment of a final dividend for the year at 9 per cent.

active trading in all sections. Mill shares which had been in the back ground for the last several days came into the limelight, quotations advancing by several points in the highly priced shares. The turn-over was large and Steels did not lose their usual attraction; and although there were erratic movements during the period, the undertone remained firm. Temporary relapses were occasioned by profit-taking owing to the approach of the settlement. Following were the fluctuations in some of the cotton mill shares:—

Bombay Dyeing Rs. 937/8; 951/4; 950; 986/4; Century Rs. 313/2; 318/2; 315; 334/6; Central India Rs. 335; 351/4; 347/8; 370; 367/8; Kohinoor Rs. 221/4; 225/10; 223/2; 234/6; New Great Rs. 221/4; 229/6; 227/8; Simplex Rs. 103/12; 105; 102/2; 110; and Swadeshi Rs. 228/12; 235; 232/2 and 261/4.

CEMENTS NEGLECTED

The miscellaneous section was also firm except cement shares which were neglected this week. Tata Steels Deferreds improved from Rs. 607/8 to Rs. 670 and after dropping to Rs. 622/8, spurred to Rs. 651/4. Ordys, likewise improved from Rs. 127 to Rs. 132/8 and after receding to Rs. 127/8, closed better and Rs. 132/8. Andhra Valleys improved from Rs. 175/8 to Rs. 1840, but quietened at the close to Rs. 1810. Tata Powers likewise improved from Rs. 1558/12 to 1590, but dropped to Rs. 1575 at the finish. Belapurs were in strong demand and were pushed up to Rs. 300, closing a shade quieter at Rs. 291/4. Alcocks were steady at Rs. 220 and Bombay-Burmas at Rs. 402/8. Bombay Steams were quoted at Rs. 320 and Scindias at Rs. 141/4. Industrial Investment shares (Rs. 50) are quoted at Rs. 65. Bundis were quoted at Rs. 37/12, Indian Cements at Rs. 377/8 and Katni Ordys at Rs. 376/4. Railway Shares show no price changes. Imperial Bank Shares are quoted at Rs. 161/3, ex-dividend and Contributors at Rs. 403/12. Bank of India Shares continue unchanged at Rs. 123, and Central Banks are steady at Rs. 38/10.

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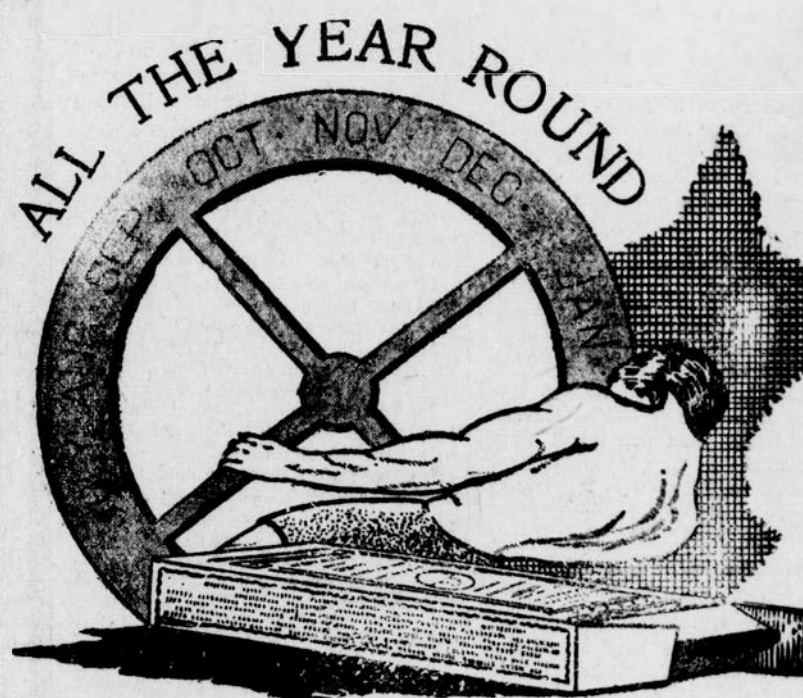
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PRICES FIRM AND MARKET ACTIVE

English Stock-Lots Go Into Consumption

Bombay, Jan 23
The Yarn market has remained firm and fairly active during the whole past week with a very steady undertone. In spite of further sharp rise in cotton prices, prices in yarns have not shown any further advance owing to continued slack demand from consuming centres during the last few days. The advance in cotton has however helped to keep the yarn prices firm at the present level and has prevented any decline which would have been possible, owing to continued unsatisfactory demand, had the prices of cotton been unfavourable. It is reported from almost all consuming districts that the present high level of prices of yarns does not at all suit the handloom weavers and naturally buying is hand to mouth only. Besides, prices of cloth have not shown any material improvement in spite of such a big advance in cotton and naturally therefore the undertone in yarns is to meet undue competition from the Mills cloth as well as from foreign cloths. In the circumstances, it is no wonder that the demand continues very limited since the last few days and although the undertone is not very improved firm on account of substantial rise in cotton, off-take has continued to remain unsatisfactory. Stocks of yarns with the dealers have also been gradually increasing and unless demand from consuming districts shows improvement in the next few days, it is very likely that the dealers will be anxious to sell off their holdings even at somewhat lower prices. Reports from Calcutta are not at all encouraging and prices ruling in that important market are much lower as compared with the quotations from the Spinnings. Reports from South also go to show that the previous cheap priced goods are going into consumption and dealers and consumers are not inclined to pay the present high level of prices demanded by the Mills. Punjab has been showing poor sales on account of high prices. On the whole, sales during the week are very moderate and the future tendency is rather uncertain.

ENGLISH YARNS

No business of importance has been reported in Manchester yarns during the week. As regards stock-lots, there have been going into consumption at prices which do not at all give any profits to the dealers and in some cases dealers have been losing very heavily.
There has been no special change to report in Japanese yarns where prices have remained almost unchanged with a fairly good undertone. In case of Single yarn 40s., there has been no stock in the market but a good deal of turnover has taken place in steamers and for forward deliveries at somewhat lower prices. In 60s. however the market continues dull and featureless on account of heavy stocks. In case of Twofold Cotton Grey yarn, prices have remained practically unchanged with moderate turnover. As regards Mercerized yarn, there has been no

change of importance during the week and the speculative turnover has been very moderate and fluctuations have been within very narrow limits. The Japanese Import Houses have been quoting unchanged prices but are getting inclined to shade the prices to some extent with a view to book forward business but so far no business of importance has been placed by them during the week. Sampin have shown further improvement in sympathy with cotton whereas Exchange has remained steady at the last week's level.

ART SILK YARNS

There has been no change in Italian prices during the week. Scarcely 150 Den. Italian still continues, particularly in well-known Brands and dealers and consumers have become much dissatisfied on account of the lack of sufficient supplies from Italy and some of them have been naturally taking to Japanese yarns, consumption of which therefore in almost all Indian consuming districts has been rapidly increasing. As regards Japanese yarn, prices in the market have remained almost unchanged with a slightly easy undertone. Import Houses have been pressing to make forward sales at considerably lower prices and some further business has been arranged for June/September shipments in 3rd and 4th quantities during the week. Dealers, however, are not showing much willingness to make purchases in big quantities for fear of competition from Italy. The present low and attractive prices of Japanese yarns however have been attracting buyers for forward shipments and it is very likely that if sufficient supplies will not be forthcoming from Italy, further business in Japanese yarns for forward positions will be possible. Stocks of Japanese yarns in the consuming districts have been fairly large and arrivals have also been regular and heavy. Prices, therefore, have shown a tendency to decline further. The future tendency is uncertain.

INDIAN YARNS

Mills have been quoting still higher prices in sympathy with further sharp rise in cotton, but practically no sales have been possible as the dealers and consumers are not inclined to pay higher prices. Fresh forward business therefore has been on a very small scale. The future tendency of the market mostly depends upon the course of cotton prices and the state of demand from consuming districts in the next few days.

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD

The following rates prevailed in the market on 25th day of January 1935.
Broach Fully Good Quality.
Valids.
(B.T.) April-May 1934-35
10-30 Rs. 256/12
12-30 Rs. 258/4
2-30 Rs. 257/8
4-30 Rs. 256/4
April-May
Highest 258/12
Lowest 255/12
Tejmandi sahi 257/8

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Southern Offerings Light

SCATTERED TRADE BUYING

Bombay, Jan. 25
On Thursday the New York cotton futures market was dull and featureless. Traders are adopting a waiting attitude pending final decision of loans and the decision of the supreme court.

There was utter absence of any buying and prices fluctuated within a narrow range with scattered trade buying. Although the general feeling is in favour of cotton, there is less inclination to operate as any unfavourable decision regarding the "gold clause" is feared to undermine confidence. The New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of 3 points with May 12.57 which was the highest level for the day. Later on there was some liquidation which depressed prices points from the opening level and May delivery was quoted 12.51 noon which was the lowest level for the day. In the afternoon session there was scattered trade buying and the market closed unchanged to a rise of 2 points. Spot cotton prices remained unchanged at 12.55c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet but steady and in the absence of any important business closed unchanged to a rise of one point. Spot cotton prices closed at 12.69c per lb.

GRADUAL RISE

"Apart from long liquidation of January, scattered southern and local selling, offerings were largely supplied by co-operatives and the Government, presumably against participation in trust certificates acquired from growers. Such offerings were inadequate and contracts relatively scarce.

The spot situation of medium and higher grades of 7/8in. to 11-32in. is still tight. Merchants and spinners are finding it extremely difficult to obtain their requirements. Bales for these descriptions is stiff, though premium cottons are gradually easing.

Domestic manufacturers began the new year with unlimited orders substantially in excess of stocks state "M. G. Coml." Prospects are also bright for a considerable expansion in the use of cotton textiles by manufacturers of automobile tyres whose decreased buying during the depression contributed heavily to the smaller domestic consumption.

GRADUAL RISE

The prevailing view is that futures must gradually rise to a level inviting freer selling by growers, for whom the Government is carrying approximately 7,000,000 bales in producers' pool and twelve cent loans. The Government itself is authorised to sell only about 300,000 bales, representing its participation in trust certificates it owns, which should impose little if any obstacle to a further advance."

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened steady at a rise of 2 points with 6.83 on Thursday. There was scattered buying in response to bullish Indian crop news which met with hedge selling of outside growers. Later on there was moderate realising against narrowing Bombay straddle and hedge-selling of America. Prices fluctuated within a range of 5 points and finally closed at a decline of one point for near months while distant deliveries improved one point. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 2 points at 7.07d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 2 points. At the close January was 6.04, March 6.03 and May 6.03.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was quiet with a limited turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Sakels futures closed at a rise of 2 to 4 points for distant deliveries while near months closed unchanged. Spot sakel cotton prices declined 2 points at 8.99d. per lb. Uppers futures were quiet and closed at a decline of one point to a rise of one point. Spot cotton prices declined one point at 7.97d. per lb.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

There was limited turnover in the Alexandria market and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Sakels futures closed at a decline of four points to a rise of one point. Ashmouni futures declined

6 to 4 points.

At the moment markets are nervous and irregular pending further developments in America. Indian cotton is comparatively dear and it is difficult to buy, so spinners are likely to take more interest in other growths. With all expectations of more use of Indian cotton in Manchester Mills but prohibitive prices will make it difficult to use Indian cotton. Thus outside growths are likely to do better in Europe.

PRIVATE CABLES

New York May highest 12.57 plus 03

Lowest 12.51-03 (12.9 p.m.)

Liverpool May highest 6.83 plus 04

Lowest 6.80-01 (2.45 p.m.)

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cable from Messrs. Orris Bros and Co., New York: "Trade and political uncertainty restricting operations. Are not inclined to change our opinion."

Messrs. Chundil Mehta and Co. have received today the following cable information from their friends: "New York: Market dull and featureless. Moderate demand from Far East. Continent and trade. Speculators holding off. Think market a purchase on weak spots. Small business doing in cloth and yarns."

New York: Narrow fluctuations. Largely local trading.

New York: Price fixing. Good undertone awaiting Washington developments regarding export and loan plans. We believe that the situation is one that suggests higher prices.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan. 24	
March 1935 ..	12.56+02
May 1935 ..	12.55+01
July 1935 ..	12.55
October 1935 ..	12.49+01
December 1935 ..	12.55
Middling Spot ..	12.65

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Jan. 24	
January 1935 ..	12.35
March 1935 ..	12.80+01
May 1935 ..	12.55
Middling Spot ..	12.69

NEW YORK

New York, Jan. 24	
March 1935 ..	12.49
May 1935 ..	12.54
July 1935 ..	12.54
New York Noon Call ..	12.45
May 1935 ..	12.51
July 1935 ..	12.50

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Jan. 24	
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ..	8,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain ..	6,000
Day's Exports to the Continent ..	3,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan. 24	
January 1935 ..	6.80-02
February 1935 ..	6.82-01
March 1935 ..	6.87
April 1935 ..	6.83-01
May 1935 ..	6.81-01
June 1935 ..	6.85
July 1935 ..	6.80-01
August 1935 ..	6.79
September 1935 ..	6.78
October 1935 ..	6.75
November 1935 ..	6.69-01
December 1935 ..	6.69+01
January 1936 ..	6.68+01
Middling Spot ..	7.07-02

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Jan. 24	
January 1935 ..	8.64
March 1935 ..	8.60
May 1935 ..	8.60
July 1935 ..	8.61
October 1935 ..	8.59
November 1935 ..	8.59
December 1935 ..	8.59
January 1936 ..	8.59

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Jan. 24	
January 1935 ..	6.04
March 1935 ..	6.03
May 1935 ..	6.03
July 1935 ..	6.03
October 1935 ..	6.03
November 1935 ..	6.03
December 1935 ..	6.03
January 1936 ..	6.03

BROACH

Liverpool, Jan. 24	
Good (No. 1 Staple) ..	5.87
Fine Good Staple ..	6.02
Superfine Good Staple ..	6.17
C. I. OOMRA ..	5.95
Good (No. 1 Staple) ..	6.12
Fine (No. 1 Staple) ..	6.27
Superfine ..	6.40
Good ..	4.06
Fine ..	4.15
Superfine ..	4.25
Good ..	4.15
Fine ..	4.25
Superfine ..	4.35

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Jan. 24

Messrs. Batilvala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of New York Stock Exchange:

Dollars.	
Amer. Power Corp.	57
Amer. Power Gold D.	57
Electric Bond & S. d. Ptd.	35
Columbia Gas	7
American Tel. and Tel.	104
Western Union Tel.	32 1/2
Chesapeake and Ohio	44
New York Central	18 1/4
Baltimore and Ohio R.R.	12 1/2
National Distillers	26
United States Steel	37 3/4
American Smelting	35
Int. Nickel of Canada	23 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	41
Cerro de Pasco Copper	31 1/2
General Motors	24
Packard Motor	24
General Electric	42
St. Oil of N. J.	13 3/4
Sococo	25 1/4
Chase Bank	22 1/4
National City Bank	16
Market dull and irregular. Philips Petroleum has declared a dividend of 25 cents dividend on 31st January. Brokers loans down 23 million dollars.	

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 23rd January 21,771 bales.
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 742,483 bales.
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 687,289 bales.
Increase 55,194 bales.

LONDON METALS

London, Jan. 24	
Copper Brazier ..	41
Yellow Metal ..	34 1/2
Spelter Hard Indian Brands ..	12-1/2
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge ..	12-3/4
Tin English Ingots Liverpool F.O.B. ..	232-1/4

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET

New York, Jan. 24

Fair Rio Coffee "No. 7 quality" 10 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan. 24

Rupar Paper, 3 1/2 per cent.	72-1/2
Indian Stock, 3 per cent. 1948	93-1/2
Indian Stock, 3 1/2 per cent.	93-1/2
1931 or later ..	100
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent.	117-1/2
1950/55 ..	92
Government Loan 3 1/2 per cent. 1961 ..	111-3/4
W. L. Loan 4 1/2 per cent.	108-3/4
1960/60 ..	120-3/4
Victory Bonds, 6 per cent.	118-5/8
Chartered Bank of L. A. and China ..	16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank ..	140-1/4
National Bank of India ..	45-1/2
P. & O. Banking Corporation ..	10-3/4

SEEDS

Liverpool, Jan. 24	
Linseed, La Plata Hull C.I.F. ton ..	15/0
Linseed, Calcutta London C.I.F. ton ..	12/17/6
Linseed, Bombay London C.I.F. ton ..	13/5/0
Linseed, Rangoon London C.I.F. ton ..	15/2/6
Linseed, Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton ..	13/10/0
Linseed, Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton ..	13/10/0
No. offers.	

LINSEED OIL

Liverpool, Jan. 24	
Linseed Oil Naked London per cw.	21/3
Linseed Oil Naked London per cw.	21/3
May Aug sellers 1/9	

LONDON PRODUCE

Liverpool, Jan. 24	
Wheat, Russia, Santa Fe, parcell ..	21/1-1/2
Wheat, Barletta Russia, parcell, Jan ..	21/3
Wheat, South Australian, parcell ..	23/6

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET

Liverpool, Jan. 24	
Java Sugar, Fine White Doleb Sta ..	25 1/2
Java Sugar, per cw. unchanged.	
Bombay per cw.	
Karachi per cw.	

LONDON EXCHANGES

Liverpool, Jan. 24	
1 L. London on ..	12.24
Berlin ..	7.27-1/2
Brussels ..	21.08-1/2
Madrid ..	35.96
Milan ..	57.56
Paris ..	15.19
Rome ..	74.53
London on New York ..	117.81
Closing rate ..	4.88-9/16

LONDON SILVER

Liverpool, Jan. 24	
Silver—Market steady.	
Spot ..	24-5/8
Forward ..	24-3/4

LONDON GOLD

Liverpool, Jan. 24	
Gold Bars Fine per oz ..	47/1/4

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Jan. 25

B. C. RATE—
T T D D 1/8 1/32

LONDON	
Banks selling T T D D 1/8 3/32	
Jan. March ..	
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 April-May	
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 June-Dec	
Banks buying T T 1/6 3/32 Jan-Feb	
Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16 Jan-Feb	
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 3/16 Jan-Feb	
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 3/16 Mar-July	

NEW YORK B. C. RATE—
T T 27 1/2

PARIS	
Banks selling T T 27 1/2	
Banks buying T T 27 1/2	
Banks buying D D 559	
Banks buying D D 569	
AMSTERDAM— Banks selling D D 54 1/2	
JAVA— Banks selling D D 54 1/2	
Banks selling T T 1 7/8	
Banks buying T T 77 1/8	

HONGKONG

Banks selling D D 120	
Banks selling D D 97 1/2	
SINGAPORE— Banks selling D D 156 1/2	
Banks selling D D 90 1/2	

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.88 1/4 24th instant	
Shanghai/London 1/5 7/16 25th instant	
Japan/London 1/2 1/32 25th instant	
Java/London 7/32 24th instant	
London/Paris 74 53 24th instant	
London/Berlin 21.08 1/2 24th instant	
London/Switzerland 15.19 24th instant	
London/Italy 57.56 24th instant	
London/Berlin 12.24 24th instant	
London/Stockholm 19.39 24th instant	
London/New York 4.88 9/16 24th instant	
London/Amsterdam 7.27 1/2 24th instant	

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, Jan. 25	
Bengal Superfine ..	179
Bengal Fine ..	170
Bengal F.G. ..	166
Sindh-Punjab Fine ..	169
Sindh-Punjab F.G. ..	163
Wardha-Hingti ..	247-1/2
Nagpur/Savner ..	249-1/2
Punjab ..	242
Yemul ..	242
Arvi ..	241
Ellichpur ..	239-1/2
Amraoti-Berar ..	235
Khamgaon ..	237-239
Mulkapur ..	234
Khandesh ..	219-231-33
Julna/Sulu ..	231-33
Broadia Fine ..	235
Punjab American ..	274
Punjab American mix ..	281
Cambodia ..	324-329
Miraj/Sangli ..	249-246
Compta Good ..	264-274
24th instant 3/8 per cent 24th instant	244
London discounts 6 mos 1/2 per cent	409
Busaqa ..	406
Jinja ..	404

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, Jan. 25	
In full-pressed bales ..	1,922
Yesterday ..	1,913
Central India ..	1,316
Barisi and Nagar ..	395
Hyderabad Gaonri ..	14,236
Berar ..	1,542
Central Provinces ..	176
Total Oomras ..	5,551
Dholera ..	1,063
N. W. Provinces ..	598
Rajputana ..	400
Groundnuts February ..	5,147
Groundnuts March ..	8,287
Groundnuts May ..	700
Linseed May ..	612-3
Wheat May ..	606

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, Jan. 25	
Cotton Broach A/M ..	20 8 0
Cotton Monthly ..	15 8 0
Silver Maha ..	1 8 0
Silver Fagan ..	2 4 0
Gold Maha ..	0 6 6
Gold Fagan ..	0 11 0
Cottonseed May ..	4 4 0
Cottonseed February ..	4 12 0
Groundnuts March ..	4 4 0
Groundnuts May ..	7 0 0
Linseed May ..	612-3
Wheat May ..	606

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

STRADE DIFFERENCES	
New York Liverpool ..	129
Liverpool New York May 129 at	
Cross Rate 4.88 1/2	
Bombay Liverpool ..	134,632
Broach A/M 1935 255/8 Liverpool May	
1935 6.80 Rs. 40 1/4 at Exchange 1/6	
Bombay New York ..	106
Broach A/M 1935 255/8 Liverpool May	
May 12.55 Rs. 29 1/2 at Cross Rate	

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Jan. 24	
March 190-03	
May 194-03	
July 199-02	
September 203-02	

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, Jan. 25	
To-day Total ..	1,950
Oomra D/J ..	2,500
3,450	

CHICAGO WHEAT

and speculators, but America has been a good buyer at a current rate and with some China speculative demand offerings were well absorbed. There are no indications of any important change at present but the undertone still remains firm."—Reuter.

LONDON RUBBER

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON DOWN BY 2 POINTS

Uncertainties Regarding Next Crop

EASY TENDENCY IN CROSS RATE

Gold Steady But Silver Listless

SPECULATIVE SELLING IN LINSEED

New York, Jan. 25. New York Cotton Exchange rather ruled featureless in absence of any fresh developments in Washington—Traders generally not inclined to enter into fresh commitments pending clarification of present uncertainties regarding the size of the next crop.

EASINESS IN STERLING.

Sterling Dollar Rate opened steady but later eased a little.

Gold steady and silver unchanged. Rise of half a penny was noticed in gold but silver ruled uninteresting.

Decline in Linseed and Wheat Speculative selling and liquidation influenced by lower foreign cables depressed the values of Argentine Linseed.

Absence of any important demand and traders generally adopting availing attitude in Chicago wheat market.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(May 1935)	
Previous closing	12.55
Today's opening	12.50
Difference	-.05
Today's closing	12.35
Difference	-.02

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(May 1935)	
Previous closing	6.80
Today's opening	6.81
Difference	+.01
Today's closing	6.80
Difference	-.01

BROACH EXPECTATION

April-May	
Rs. 251	

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, Jan. 25. New York Cotton did not show any particularly feature in absence of any fresh developments in Washington with traders generally not inclined to enter into fresh commitments pending clarification of present uncertainties regarding next crop.

However talk of textile curtailment had fairly good effect on prices which kept steady despite selling pressure.

Business in May commenced at 12.50 i.e. five points lower than previous closing prices eased on commission house liquidation and foreign selling but subsequently market partially recovered on fair trade calling influenced by steadiness of Liverpool with May rising to 12.32 at this level trading became quiet but quotations kept very steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan. 25.	
March (12.51/12.51)	12.46/12.44
May (12.57/12.56)	12.51/12.50
July (12.58/12.57)	12.50/12.50

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan. 25.	
American January (6.82)	6.83
American March (6.85)	6.86
Egyptian January (6.84)	6.85
Egyptian March (6.81)	6.84

BOMBAY COTTON FIRM

American Weakness Ignored

Friday, Midnight.

Despite poor advices from New York Cotton Exchange, the prices of cotton in Bombay Market showed a remarkable rise. Broach may contract rising to Rs. 255/8. Talks of rains in the Punjab districts were current which exhibited buying. Undertone remained firm. Latest phone message received from India states that Broach may close there at Rs. 256.

Telephone message received from Nagpur at 1 a.m. states there is no rains whatsoever.

MAJOUR UNION OFFICE RAIDED

"Red" Literature Seized And Occupant Arrested

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 25. The local police to-day searched a house which was formerly used as the office of the Mill Majour Union and has been declared unlawful.

The police seized unauthorised and proscribed Communist literature, including leaflets exhorting local mill operatives to go on a general strike in protest against the cut of 6 1/4 per cent effected according to the Delhi Agreement.

The police also arrested an occupant of the house named B. D. Lalsen Bharti, a native of U. P. He will be prosecuted under Section 18 (1) Bombay Special Emergency Press Act.—A. P.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Jan. 25. Liverpool opened steady March 39 1/2. May 61 1/2 July 63 1/4 market was moderately active on some few buying orders but business on whole rather small.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Jan. 25. Chicago wheat opened steady with May 6 3/8 a.s. Market was quiet in absence of any important demand with traders generally adopting waiting attitude.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Jan. 25. Argentine Linseed opened steady with February at 12 3/8. Prices declined on speculative selling and liquidation influenced by lower foreign cables with price falling to 12 23/64 at noon.

LONDON MARKETS

The following were the rates at 3.30 p.m.

METALS

Tin (222 1/2 buyers 222 3/8 sellers) 222 1/2 buyers 222 1/4 sellers quiet.

Lead (10 11/16 sellers steady) 10 7/16 buyers no sellers steady.

Electrolytic Copper (430 3/4 to 431 1/4) 431 to 431 1/2.

Glasgow Iron (470) 470.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (6-10 1/2) 6-10 1/2.

Indian Pekoe (3-7) 3-7.

Ceylon Pekoe (6-10 3/4) 6-10 3/4.

Ceylon higher (2-4 1/4) 2-4 1/4.

JUTE

Crop Jan-Feb. new crop (17 5/8) 17 5/8 paid.

Dundee Jan (221 1/4) unquoted.

Lightning Jan (219 1/4) unquoted.

RUBBER

Spot (6 5/16) 6 5/16 paid buyers.

April-June (6 7/16 paid buyers) 6 1/2 paid buyers.

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay Jan-Feb. (413 1/4) 413 1/4 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta Jan-Feb. (412 7/8) 412 7/8 sellers.

Linseed La Plata Jan (409 3/4) 409 3/4 sellers.

Groundnuts Coromandal Jan (416) 416 sellers.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 25.

Wheat January (410 1/2) 410 1/2.

Wheat May (415 1/2) 415 1/2.

Linseed May (416 1/2) 416 1/2.

The tone was quiet.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

CALCUTTA, Jan. 25.

In the share market, jute shares ruled quiet, but steady. Coals showed an easier tendency. Teas were neglected.

Government Securities

Three per cent Govt. paper 89 1/4; Three and a half per cent do. 98 3/4; Six and half per cent Treasury Bonds 1935 102 3/4.

Banks

Central Bank of India 38 3/8; Imperial Bank fully paid 1610; do. conty. 402.

Railway

Arrah Sasaram Light Railway 60.

Coals

Bengal 283; Bokaro 38/9; Rangpur 9/10; Equitable 38/9; Hurrilidhi 15/12; Khas Katoria 15/12; Mundulpu 8/8; New Manbloom 6/7; Talcher 2/2.

Jutes

Agarpara 27; Albion 322; Auckland 290/4; Anglo-India 556; Bally 269; Barnagore 221; Birla 18/13; Belvedere 485/8; Chitavajashab 36/4; Clive 36/4; 38/12; Cheviot 270; Empire 45/4; Fort William 372/8; Howrah 64/12; India 557; Kamarhaty 56/5; Kanknarrah 59/4; Lansdowne 231; Megna 32; National 29/13; New Central 450; Nuddea 74/8; Orient 251/8; Reliance 84/12.

Miscellaneous

Burma Corporation 6/10; Benares Electric 15; Bhagalpur 8-8; Cutback Elcet. 8-8; Muttra elec. 11-4; Upper Ganges Elec. 13-12; Upper Jumna Elec. 13-8; Bengal Telephone 19-4; Bengal Iron 5-4; Burn and Co. 315; Indian Iron and Steel 8-10; Marshalls and Sons 1-10; B. I. Corporation 3-1; Kailmpong Ropeway 9; British Ceylon Corporation 9; 10-12; India Paper Pulp 158; Bengal Timber Trading 142; Indian General Navigation 9; 128; Port Shipping 16-4; Rubber Ayer Panas 2-02-1/2 cts.; Conemaure 1-87-1/2 cts.; Sugar; Balrampur 19-13; Buland 13-4; Cawnpore 38-4; Champaran 22-12; New Savan 14-8.

Tea

Bishnauth 28-8; A. P.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Gilt-Edged Show Improvement

COMMODITIES FEATURELESS

WALL STREET STEADY

(SPECIAL CABLE)

On the Stock Exchange, with the recent selling relaxed gilt-edged securities among South African mining.

Otherwise business is generally very quiet and with some weekend profit-taking, markets are irregular.

Among Commodities was no feature of interest but the large turnover is reported in cocoa which is easier owing to profit-taking and in sympathy with New York.

Foreign Exchanges are erratic. There has been a keen demand for dollars during the morning but in the afternoon the American Exchange Fund offered dollars, thereby easing the situation.

Wall Street opened steady but the weakness in gold currencies was the unsettling factor.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Jan. 25. 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at 499 7/8.

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES

Friday Jan. 18 4100 1/8

Monday Jan. 21 4100 1/8

Tuesday Jan. 22 4100 1/8

Wednesday Jan. 23 4100 1/4

Thursday Jan. 24 4100

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan. 25. London Stock Exchange displayed very little activity on absence of any speculative enquiry.

Gilt-edged securities were in better request three and half was quoted at 499 1/2 i.e. ten shillings lower than previous closing.

London exchanges opened with sterling dollar at 4.88 1/16 and then eased to 4.87 11/16 subsequently movements became rather narrow and unimportant.

Frame opened at 74.50 and then improved to 74.65 thereafter reacting to 74.55.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (492 1/8) 492 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (411 3/4) 411 7/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (413 3/8) 413 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

British Home Stores (p. p. Preference) cumulative (28 1/2) 28-9

Marks and Spencer Spills share (51 8) 51 7/8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Jan. 25. The following were the opening rates:

General Motor (31 1/2) 31 1/2

Anacosta Copper Mining (10 1/2) 10 7/8

U. S. Steel Common (37 1/2) 37 1/4

U. S. Steel Preference (91 3/4) 91 3/4

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (45 1/2) 45 3/4

L. M. S. E. (42 1/2) 42 3/4

L. N. E. (47 1/2) 47

Southern (42 1/4) 42 1/4

Landing Pass 5 per cent (4139 1/4) 4139 1/4

London G. Stock (435) 435

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (272-6) 276

Goldar New (187-6) 187-6

Modan New (77-6) 77-6

Sub. Nigal (212-6) 215

Spring Mines (180) 186-3

Union Corporation (145) 147-6

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

Bombay, Jan. 25. Castor-seeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 40 1/4; Highest Rs. 41; Lowest Rs. 40 1/2; Closing Rs. 40 1/2.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Jan. 25. Bales. 1,922

Central India 1,916

Beri-Nogger 395

Beri 1,512

Central Provinces 176

Dholera 1,003

Wheat

Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds 1,109

Gingellyseed 29,027

Groundnuts 3,890

Castor-seeds 27,960

Rice 9,292

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

P. P. Bales. 1934-35 1933-34

Receipts to date 367,300 601,900

24-1-35 8,000 11,000

Receipts Yesterday 288,200 480,700

24-1-35 288,200 480,700

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

Lady Brabourne visited the Nowrojee Wadia Maternity Hospital, Fare on Friday.

NO NEED TO CONSULT COMMERCIAL OPINION

Commerce Department Defends New Trade Agreement

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25. That the Indo-British Trade Agreement did not involve a flagrant violation of the Fiscal Autonomy Convention as held by commercial circles in India is asserted by the Commerce Department.

Government of India, in their letter of January 21 to the Secretary of Indian Chamber of Commerce, in reply to their telegram rescuing the conclusion of the Trade Agreement.

NO INNOVATION.

"Criticism put forward in the telegram of the Chamber of Commerce," says the letter, "appears to the Government as based on entire miscomprehension of the substance of the Agreement, as well as the nature of the Fiscal Autonomy Convention. A critical analysis of the terms of the Agreement will demonstrate that it constitutes no more than a formal statement of principles and practice of the policy of discriminating protection, which have, from time to time, received the approval of the Indian Legislature."

The letter continues:—"The Government of India are unable to understand why it should be deemed necessary to consult the commercial or public opinion on matters involving no new departure in principle or practice, and

they are equally unable to appreciate this that is continuation of their accepted policy of discriminating protection will operate to prevent the development of India's national industries.

NO BREACH OF P. A. C.

"The Government of India, however, are more astonished that the conclusion of this Agreement should be construed as a breach of fiscal Autonomy Convention. That convention takes its origin from the Report of the Joint Parliamentary Committee on the Government of India Bill of 1919. In dealing with clause 33 of the Bill, the Joint Select Committee remarked:—

"In the opinion of this Committee, the Secretary of State should, as far as possible, avoid interference on this subject (that is Fiscal policy), when the Government of India and its Legislature are in agreement, and they think his intervention, when it does take place, should be limited to the safe-guarding of inter-national obligations of the Empire or any fiscal arrangements within the Empire to which His Majesty's Government is a party."

It does not appear to the Government that the conclusion of the Trade Agreement has any relation to the Fiscal Autonomy Convention as defined in these words.—United Press.

Answers To Inquiries

LOBO.—In the near future prices of your holdings are likely to decline but in the long run, substantial rise is anticipated. Insurance and Cement shares as well as utility shares will be good investment for Capital appreciation.

A.A.K.—U. S. markets are nervous pending the decision of the Supreme Court regarding the "Gold Clause" Cotton prices will reach highest level probably in August or September.

MOTI.—Fears of reduction in import duty are responsible for the present nervousness. Look for better prices later on advise to hold purchases.

All communications in this regard should be addressed to the Commercial Editor, "Bombay Chronicle."

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Jan. 25. S. S. Conte Verde, G. Camell, Trieste via Port Said, Lloyd Triestino.

S. S. President Harrison, C. G. Hansen, New York via Colombo, F. F. Campbell & Co.

S. S. Barela, L. Sampson, Busrah via Veraval, M. M. & Co.

S. S. City of Khlos, O. S. Brown, Liverpool via Port Said, K. N. & Co.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, Jan. 25. S. S. Argun Maru, K. Tanagi, Kobe via Singapore, O. S. Kaisha.

S. S. President Harrison, C. G. Hansen, New York via Suez, F. F. Campbell & Co.

LOADING.

Bombay, Jan. 25. Chyebassa for Calcutta.

COAL EASY

The market is easier and is expected to be more easier next week as three steamers will be arriving almost together during the next week. S. S. 'Khosrou' is arriving on Sunday, s.s. 'Hartbridge' on Monday i.e. about 29,000 tons of coal will be discharged during the week, which is no doubt beyond normal requirements.

The freight market is steady. Tonnage is being offered at Rs. 5/10/0 for Bombay and at Rs. 5/12/0 for Kathiawar.

B. P. Geographical Conference Postponed

The Hon. Secretaries of the Bombay Presidency Geographical Conference (Third Session, Bombay) inform that the Conference has been postponed to the Easter of 1935, and that it will be co-ordinated with the Fifth Bombay Division Education Week, which is to be held in Bombay, also about the same time."

100 Rs. FINE OR SIX WEEKS' JAIL

Rash And Negligent Driver Convicted

On charges of rash and negligent driving so as to endanger human life and having actually caused injuries to two labourers, Fatah Mohammed Noor Mohammed was sentenced by the Mazagaon Magistrate to pay a fine of Rs. 100, or, in default, to undergo six weeks' rigorous imprisonment, on Friday.

Accused pleaded guilty to the charge.

The Magistrate was convinced that the accused, the driver of the lorry No. Bom.-448, was driving his lorry in a rash and negligent manner, along Tank Bunder Road, on July 25 last, and had actually been responsible for the fracture of the ribs to one of the complainant.

The Magistrate after sentencing the accused as stated above, also ordered that Rs. 40 out of the fine if recovered, be given to the complainant who sustained fractures.

NEW DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE

Mr. Bhailal Patel To Succeed Dr. Burns

SURAT, Jan. 25. It is reliably understood that His Excellency the Governor of Bombay has appointed Mr. Bhailal S. Patel, Deputy Director of Agriculture, Gujarat Division, to officiate as Director of Agriculture, Bombay Presidency, vice Dr. W. Burns, proceeding on leave to join his new appointment as expert to the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research.

Mr. Patel will be the first Indian to hold the post of the Director of Agriculture.

Mr. C. S. Patel, Cotton Superintendent, Surat and Broach, is expected to officiate as Deputy Director.—A. P.

BRUTAL MURDER IN BANGALORE SUBURB

Body Hacked To Pieces Out Of Party Vengeance

(From Our Correspondent)

BANGALORE, Jan. 25. A brutal murder of Mr. Annappa Patel took place yesterday in Broad Daylight at Begur village, Bangalore taluk.

His body was found hacked to pieces. It is stated that owing to party factors, Patel annihilated sympathies of one section and it is believed, that his murder is work of some of opposite party. The police are investigating the case.

SHEFFIELD SHIELD MATCH

Obrien Scores Century

(Special Cable.)

SYDNEY, Jan. 25. The following is to-day's closing score in Sheffield Shield Match between Victoria and New South Wales which commenced to-day: Victoria 266 for 5 (O'Brien (not out) 128.

Our New Corporation

How It Will Shape Destinies Of City's Civic Affairs For Next Three Years

The results of the elections to the Bombay Municipal Corporation have been declared. As expected the results were a surprise in that some of the veterans, who have been inside the Corporation for many years have been defeated by enthusiastic newcomers.

The most noteworthy of those who have been unseated are Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, who has been a member of the Corporation for the last decade and was once Bombay's Mayor, Mr. L. R. Tairsee, who has been an outstanding figure on the floor of the Corporation for a longer time, Mr. B. T. Desai and Mr. Shivadas Chapsy, who had been taking keen interest in the civic affairs of the city.

Many new members, most of whom are Congressmen have been elected, while 32 members, who were members of the Corporation for the last three years have not been returned.

From among those who have been recently elected to the Corporation 19 members fall under the category of those "who have suffered and sacrificed for the country." Though they form only about one-fifth of the total strength of 108, there should be a great change noticeable in the proceedings of the Civic body for the coming three years.

There will, without doubt be several occasions when propositions of a radical nature are brought before the House and the elected representatives will be on the 'horns of a dilemma' whether to vote for the interests and well-being of the electorate, who have sent them to the Corporation, or against them with the "Progressives" and nominated voters.

For example a proposition to enfranchise all the adults in the city or to reduce the present franchise to Rs. 5 rent, or again a proposition to abolish the Governmental control of the Municipality or a proposition for an elected Municipal Commissioner in the place of the present appointment by the Government would clinch the issues and thus show the public as to who are the popular side and who are not.

How Voting May Go

Questions like the Municipalisation of the Public utility services, will not come up before this Corporation, since the Contracts of both the Gas and the Tramway Companies have been recently renewed and the subject may not be discussed till the renewal proposition comes up for discussion.

When such questions or very great public importance, and principle, like the above and questions like Free Compulsory education and free medical relief and better housing, come up for discussion, it will be interesting to see what the decision of the Civic body would be.

Compared to the 1932 Municipal election, the new body will contain 32 new members, which means that 32 members who were sitting in the Corporation for the last three years have been unseated or did not stand for election.

Out of these 32 new members, 16 of them are Congressmen. While it can be definitely stated as to how the Congressmen will vote, it is not known as to what the other sixteen will do.

Party Of 40

Out of the 108, the main strength of the Congress inside the Corporation will be 19. Then there are other members like Messrs. K. S. Ramchandra Iyer, Hussainbhai Laljee, M. N. Talpade, Miss Kara and others who might vote with the Congress Group. Since the view of the sitting members on questions of great importance can be easily guessed it can be stated that there are about 20 members from among the newly elected who might join with the Congress members.

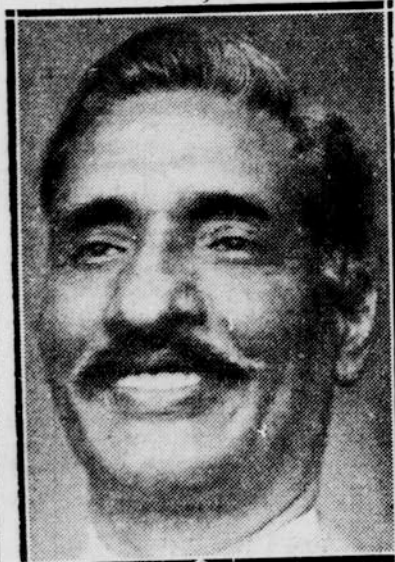
There are others, about ten of them, like Messrs. Gorgaonker, Hirjiabehn, S. C. Joshi, who may occasionally side with the Congress Party.

In a body of 108, the division on issues of great importance might be expected to be as follows:—

Congress and others	45
Nominated and others	50
Neutral	the rest

If some of the leaders, of the Congress were to take the initiative to form a Party inside the Corporation, without restricting it only to Congressmen and with a programme, which is not as radical, as the Congress Socialist Party has put before the electorate, there is every possibility of a Nationalist Party of more than 40 members being formed.

CORPORATORS WHO TOPPED POLL



Mr. Y. G. Pundit (A)



Mr. Mahomed S. Mitha (F)



Dr. Poonsey Meheshri (B)



Mr. P. V. Wagh (G)

"YOUNGEST M.L.A."



Mr. Jaffar, who was elected Member of the Legislative Assembly from the Poona Mahomedan Constituency, and whose election has now been challenged by Mr. Husseinbhai Laljee, on the ground that he is under 25 years, the minimum age for membership of the Assembly.

TRAGIC PLIGHT OF CONVICTS

Released Prisoner Complains Of ill-Treatment In Bareilly Jail

MEERUT, Jan. 24. Mr. Sunder Lal Jain, a young student who was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment under Section 110-F Criminal Procedure Code, has returned from Bareilly Jail after serving his full term.

He has issued a report on the Bareilly Jail in the course of which he makes the following allegations:—

"The prisoners in Bareilly Jail are treated very harshly. Hard labour such as crushing of oil seeds and drawing water are taken generally from the prisoners for a long time. Grinding of flour mills is forced upon them even for 6 months though legally it cannot be imposed for over a month at a stretch.

"Food given to prisoners is generally half-cooked, unhealthy and unfit for human digestion. Political prisoners are being photographed compulsorily and no explanation is furnished for it. Complaints of the prisoners are not heard and heeded to.

"Convict overseers and warders are over-trusted and even their false reports are relied upon. No extra diet is given to the emaciated infirm convicts."—United Press.

His Majesty on the occasion of the celebrations to be held in London in connection with Their Majesties Silver Jubilee.

It is notified that Sir Joseph Bore has been chosen official representative of India at the Silver Jubilee celebrations.—A.P.

Important Privy Council Judgment

INSURANCE UPON MORTGAGED PROPERTY

Appeal Against Rangoon High Court Decision Dismissed

(From Our Law Reporter)
LONDON, Jan. 17.
(By Air Mail).
In the Privy Council Dawson's Bank Limited v. Vulcan Insurance Company Ltd., (Appeal dismissed).

This was an appeal from the High Court at Rangoon sitting in appeal, which reversed the decision of the trial Judge in a claim brought by the appellants upon a policy of insurance against fire.

The premises were situated at Moumeingyun in Burma. The appellants were the mortgagees of the premises, who, in accordance with the terms of the mortgage, had taken out a policy of insurance upon the mortgaged property. The particular policy was taken out with the respondents, the Vulcan Insurance Company Limited, in 1929, having originally been written by the Northern Assurance Company.

The property was described as being "three buildings, the property of the insured, situated at the corner of Strand Road and Ferry Road, Moumeingyun, Myaungmya District. Said buildings are constructed of brick walls and cement flooring in the ground storey, timber walls and flooring in the upper storey with shingled roof. Used as retail shop for hazardous and non-hazardous goods in the ground floor and above as dwellings."

The trial Judge found that the ground floor of the said building had a cement flooring; the front wall consisted of folding doors which were made of timber and small portions between these doors were also of timber. The sides of the house consisted of three compartments of which the first two compartments were of timber and the last compartment was made of brick; and the whole of the back was made of brick. The ground floor was also divided into five shops; and two of the partitions were made of brick and the other two of corrugated iron sheets.

There was a fire by which the premises were totally destroyed in March 1931, and on a claim being made, the insurance company finally resisted the claim on the footing that there had been a material misdescription of the property.

TARIFF IN EVIDENCE
The Burma Fire Companies have adopted for themselves a tariff, which was put in evidence, consisting of the classification of buildings into four classes.

Class I is:—"Built of brick or stone, with hard roof."

N.B. Buildings otherwise reatable under Class I. May be roofed with composition roofings

"The Bombay Chronicle" will in future report Indian Appeals decided by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council during the term in which the judgments are delivered.

if in conformity with the definition below at an extra rate of 1 anna per cent, but if roofed with composition roofings not in conformity with the definition then such buildings must be rated under Class II.

Class II.—"Built of brick or stone with shingled roof." Built of brick-nogging or partly of brick, bricknogging or stone (e.g. in the lower storey only) and partly of timber, with hard or shingled roof. Built of corrugated iron, with frame of timber or iron and hard roof.

Buildings walled and roofed with a composition of asbestos on timber frame.

Class III.—Built of timber throughout, with hard or shingled roof. Built of timber with walls of bamboo matting and hard or shingled roof.

Built of iron, with frame of timber or iron and shingled roof. Class IV.—Built of brick, stone, iron, timber, or timber with mat walls, and having a roof of thatch, dani, or wagaat."

"MATERIAL MISDESCRIPTION"
The premises as described in the policy were treated as being within Class II and a premium paid accordingly.

The defence was that the description of the building as constructed of brick walls and cement flooring in the ground storey was a material misdescription which voids liability on their part.

The trial Judge decided the question whether the description of the building in the policy was a material misdescription to render the respondents not liable in the appellants favour, but on appeal the High Court thought that the misdescription was material and allowed the appeal.

A Pennell (for the appellants). The suit premises fell under Class II of the Burma Mofussil Tariff. The opinions of experts that the buildings fell under Class III were inadmissible. It is sufficient to bring the buildings under



Mr. N. J. Nayudu, a well-known figure in the cinema circles, was married to Miss Mohini Chowhe, a recent convert to Hinduism, at the Bombay Arya Samaj.

Class II that a substantial part of the walls should be of brick, and in fact there was a good deal more brick than timber.

Roland Burrows K. C. and Sam Pirosha Khambatta (for the respondents), were not called upon.

Lord Atkin (delivering the judgment of their Lordships)—held that the Burma Mofussil Tariff is a classification for the guidance of the insurers against fire in Burma, and the parties who conform to it, viz. the insurance companies or underwriters against fire, are entitled to put their own construction upon it for the purpose of business.

THE JUDGMENT

In the course of his judgment His Lordship observed—"It appears to their Lordships, as it appeared to the Court of Appeal, that that evidence (viz. the evidence of the expert witnesses) must apply in common sense to a case where as to the remaining three walls one was of timber and both the lateral walls were as to two-thirds of their length timber. In such a case it would appear that the danger would be substantially greater if the building caught fire, because the two-thirds of the timber falling would bring down the superstructure above it, and there would be a most material question as to the danger of fire in the first place, and the amount of damage caused by the fire in the second place.

It appears to their Lordships, on the footing that those two outside lateral walls were as to one-third of their length breadth and as to two-thirds timber, quite impossible to resist the inference that there would be a material departure from the actual description which was that all the ground floor walls were brick. There seems to be some controversy as to what the lateral divisions were which divided up the building. Whether they were of brick, as this witness take it, right through from back to front, in two cases, and made of corrugated iron in respect of the other two, it still leaves the descrip-

REPRESSION IS NO CURE

Haig Sees In J. P. C. Reforms Remedy For India's Political Troubles

CAWNPORE, Jan. 24. His Excellency Sir Harry Haig replying to the speech of Mr. Gavin Jones the President at a dinner by the Upper India Chamber of Commerce to-night said:—

"We believe in the principles of freedom and self-Government, principles which have been taught to generations of young men in schools and colleges. It is essentially the British belief that the cures for the political troubles through which India is passing is to be found not in force, not in repression, but in the development of responsible Government. It is the remedy which the British people have applied in many cases with success."

Proceeding His Excellency said "I cannot conceive any Governor, even when he is right, desiring to differ from his ministers. As one who has had some experience of the working of Government by consultation, I have no doubt that most of the difficulties and deadlocks which pessimists anticipate will never arise, and that the occasion for the exercise of powers reserved to the Governor will be rare.

Provincial legislatures are being enlarged and the franchise greatly widened. I claim that the elementary facts justify me in saying that the present constitutional proposals, if carried into effect will mean an immense change in the present form and spirit of the Government of India, and I believe that is beginning to be understood in this country."

A. P.

NO LONGER ALIEN INSTITUTIONS

Madras Government Remove Ban On Catholic Bodies

MADRAS, Jan. 25.

The Government of Madras have passed orders removing the restrictions imposed in 1928 on the assignment and alienation of land to Roman Catholic institutions on the ground that they were foreign institutions.

The Government's order in 1928 laid down that no land belonging to the Government should be assigned or sold to any person other than a British subject or subject of an Indian State except by the District Collector or the Board of Revenue and with the previous permission of the Government, and that either assignment or sale of the Government land should be subject to the condition that if the land was alienated without the sanction of the Government in favour of any person not a British subject or subject of an Indian State, the grant should be null and void.

The Government have now passed orders modifying the 1928 order so that Roman Catholic institutions will no longer be considered alien institutions. The previous sanction of the authorities will not be required for assignment or alienation of properties belonging to Roman institutions.—United Press.

ARMS FIND ARRESTS IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Jan. 25.

About 50 arrests have been made till now in connection with the find of revolvers and explosive chemicals for preparing bombs and also the arrest of terrorist absconders including Miss Parul Mukherjee or Comilla in the abandoned houses at Belghuria and Tilghur, Calcutta's suburbs.—United Press

tion of the building inaccurate, and it is, as appears to their Lordships, inaccurately described in a matter which was material for insurance purposes."

The appeal was dismissed with costs.

Solicitor for the appellants—J. E. Lambert.

Solicitors for the respondents—T. I. Wilson and Co.

KAPURTHALA AFFAIRS

New Minister Likely To Make Big Changes In Administration

KAPURTHALA, Jan. 25.

It is understood that on the assumption of duty as Chief Minister by Lieut. Col. Fisher, whose services have been lent to the State by the Political Department, some very important changes in the administration are likely to take place.

It is stated that in order to balance the State budget for the coming year, a huge retrenchment will be made in all the Departments and also the scales of the salaries of the big officials will be cut down considerably and no Minister will get more than Rs. 500 a month.

The term of office of Mr. J. D. Twinberrow, Minister of Law and Order has been extended till March 26, 1935.—United Press.

11 KILLED IN MINE TRAGEDY

Water From Old Workings Rushes Into New Set Causing Disaster

PATNA, Jan. 24.

A serious accident occurred in the Loyabad Colliery belonging to Messrs. Barakar Coal Company Limited near the Sijua Haria coalfields, in which eleven lives were lost.

It is understood that the accident was due to the inrush of water from the old workings into the new set of workings. Two of the dead were women.

Several other persons who were in the gallery at the time succeeded in making their escape.—A. P.

SILVER JUBILEE IN LONDON

King Invites A.D.C.s And India's Representative

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to invite his four Honorary Aides-de-Camp namely the Maharaja of Bikaner, the Maharaja of Patiala, Sir Umar Hayat Khan and the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir to attend on